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(54) Title: VACCINES

(57) Abstract: The invention provides a nucleotide sequence that encodes an HIV-1 gag protein or fragment thereof containing a gag epitope and a second HIV antigen or a fragment encoding an epitope of said second HIV antigen, operably linked to a heterologous promoter. Preferred polynucleotide sequences further encodes nef or a fragment thereof and RT or a fragment thereof.



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Vaccines

Field of the Invention

5 The present invention relates to nucleic acid constructs, host cells comprising such constructs and their use in nucleic acid vaccines. The invention further relates to vaccine formulations comprising such constructs and the use of such formulations in medicine. The invention in
10 particular relates to DNA vaccines that are useful in the prophylaxis and treatment of HIV infections, more particularly when administered by particle mediated delivery.

15 Background to the Invention

HIV-1 is the primary cause of the acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) which is regarded as one of the world's major health problems. Although extensive
20 research throughout the world has been conducted to produce a vaccine, such efforts thus far have not been successful.

Non-envelope proteins of HIV-1 have been described and
25 include for example internal structure proteins such as the products of the *gag* and *pol* genes and, other non-structural proteins such as Rev, Nef, Vif and Tat (Green et al., New England J. Med, **324**, 5, 308 et seq (1991) and Bryant et al. (Ed. Pizzo), *Pediatr. Infect. Dis. J.*, **11**,
30 5, 390 et seq (1992)).

The Gag gene is translated from the full-length RNA to yield a precursor polyprotein which is subsequently cleaved into 3 - 5 capsid proteins; the matrix protein,
35 capsid protein and nucleic acid binding protein and

protease. (1. Fundamental Virology, Fields BN, Knipe DM and Howley M 1996 2. Fields Virology vol 2 1996).

The gag gene gives rise to the 55-kilodalton (kD) Gag precursor protein, also called p55, which is expressed from the unspliced viral mRNA. During translation, the N terminus of p55 is myristoylated, triggering its association with the cytoplasmic aspect of cell membranes. The membrane-associated Gag polyprotein recruits two copies of the viral genomic RNA along with other viral and cellular proteins that triggers the budding of the viral particle from the surface of an infected cell. After budding, p55 is cleaved by the virally encoded protease (a product of the pol gene) during the process of viral maturation into four smaller proteins designated MA (matrix [p17]), CA (capsid [p24]), NC (nucleocapsid [p9]), and p6.(4)

In addition to the 3 major Gag protein, all Gag precursors contain several other regions, which are cleaved out and remain in the virion as peptides of various sizes. These proteins have different roles e.g. the p2 protein has a proposed role in regulating activity of the protease and contributes to the correct timing of proteolytic processing.

The MA polypeptide is derived from the N-terminal, myristoylated end of p55. Most MA molecules remain attached to the inner surface of the virion lipid bilayer, stabilizing the particle. A subset of MA is recruited inside the deeper layers of the virion where it becomes part of the complex which escorts the viral DNA to the nucleus.(5) These MA molecules facilitate the nuclear transport of the viral genome because a karyophilic signal on MA is recognized by the cellular

nuclear import machinery. This phenomenon allows HIV to infect nondividing cells, an unusual property for a retrovirus.

5 The p24 (CA) protein forms the conical core of viral particles. Cyclophilin A has been demonstrated to interact with the p24 region of p55 leading to its incorporation into HIV particles. The interaction between Gag and cyclophilin A is essential because the
10 disruption of this interaction by cyclosporine A inhibits viral replication.

The NC region of Gag is responsible for specifically recognizing the so-called packaging signal of HIV. The
15 packaging signal consists of four stem loop structures located near the 5' end of the viral RNA, and is sufficient to mediate the incorporation of a heterologous RNA into HIV-1 virions. NC binds to the packaging signal through interactions mediated by two zinc-finger motifs.
20 NC also facilitates reverse transcription.

The p6 polypeptide region mediates interactions between p55 Gag and the accessory protein Vpr, leading to the incorporation of Vpr into assembling virions. The p6
25 region also contains a so-called late domain which is required for the efficient release of budding virions from an infected cell

The Pol gene encodes two proteins containing the two
30 activities needed by the virus in early infection, the RT and the integrase protein needed for integration of viral DNA into cell DNA. The primary product of Pol is cleaved by the virion protease to yield the amino terminal RT peptide which contains activities necessary for DNA
35 synthesis (RNA and DNA directed DNA polymerase, ribonuclease H) and carboxy terminal integrase protein.

HIV RT is a heterodimer of full-length RT (p66) and a cleavage product (p51) lacking the carboxy terminal Rnase integrase domain.

5 RT is one of the most highly conserved proteins encoded by the retroviral genome. Two major activities of RT are the DNA Pol and Ribonuclease H. The DNA Pol activity of RT uses RNA and DNA as templates interchangeably and like all DNA polymerases known is unable to initiate DNA
10 synthesis de novo, but requires a pre existing molecule to serve as a primer (RNA).

The Rnase H activity inherent in all RT proteins plays the essential role early in replication of removing the
15 RNA genome as DNA synthesis proceeds. It selectively degrades the RNA from all RNA - DNA hybrid molecules. Structurally the polymerase and ribo H occupy separate, non-overlapping domains with the Pol covering the amino two thirds of the Pol.

20 The p66 catalytic subunit is folded into 5 distinct subdomains. The amino terminal 23 of these have the portion with RT activity. Carboxy term to these is the Rnase H Domain.

25 After infection of the host cell, the retroviral RNA genome is copied into linear ds DNA by the reverse transcriptase that is present in the infecting particle. The integrase (reviewed in Skalka AM '99 Adv in Virus Res
30 52 271-273) recognises the ends of the viral DNA, trims them and accompanies the viral DNA to a host chromosomal site to catalyse integration. Many sites in the host DNA can be targets for integration. Although the integrase is sufficient to catalyse integration in vitro, it is not
35 the only protein associated with the viral DNA in vivo -

the large protein - viral DNA complex isolated from the infected cells has been denoted the pre integration complex. This facilitates the acquisition of the host cell genes by progeny viral genomes.

5

The integrase is made up of 3 distinct domains, the N terminal domain, the catalytic core and the c terminal domain. The catalytic core domain contains all of the requirements for the chemistry of polynucleotidyl

10 transfer.

The Nef protein is known to cause the removal of CD4, the HIV receptor, from the cell surface, but the biological importance of this function is debated. Additionally Nef
15 interacts with the signal pathway of T cells and induces an active state, which in turn may promote more efficient gene expression. Some HIV isolates have mutations in this region, which cause them not to encode functional protein and are severely compromised in their replication
20 and pathogenesis in vivo.

DNA vaccines usually consist of a bacterial plasmid vector into which is inserted a strong promoter, the gene of interest which encodes for an antigenic peptide and a
25 polyadenylation/transcriptional termination sequences.

The gene of interest may encode a full protein or simply an antigenic peptide sequence relating to the pathogen, tumour or other agent which is intended to be protected against. The plasmid can be grown in bacteria, such as
30 for example E.coli and then isolated and prepared in an appropriate medium, depending upon the intended route of administration, before being administered to the host.

Following administration the plasmid is taken up by cells of the host where the encoded peptide is produced. The
35 plasmid vector will preferably be made without an origin

of replication which is functional in eukaryotic cells, in order to prevent plasmid replication in the mammalian host and integration within chromosomal DNA of the animal concerned.

5

There are a number of advantages of DNA vaccination relative to traditional vaccination techniques. First, it is predicted that because of the proteins which are encoded by the DNA sequence are synthesised in the host, the structure or conformation of the protein will be similar to the native protein associated with the disease state. It is also likely that DNA vaccination will offer protection against different strains of a virus, by generating cytotoxic T lymphocyte response that recognise epitopes from conserved proteins. Furthermore, because the plasmids are taken up by the host cells where antigenic protein can be produced, a long-lasting immune response will be elicited. The technology also offers the possibility of combining diverse immunogens into a single preparation to facilitate simultaneous immunisation in relation to a number of disease states.

Helpful background information in relation to DNA vaccination is provided in Donnelly et al "DNA vaccines" Ann. Rev Immunol. 1997 15: 617-648, the disclosure of which is included herein in its entirety by way of reference.

Summary of the Invention

30

The present invention provides novel constructs for use in nucleic acid vaccines for the prophylaxis and treatment of HIV infections and AIDS.

Accordingly, in a first aspect, there is provided a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding HIV gag protein or fragment thereof linked to a nucleotide sequence encoding a further HIV antigen or
5 fragment thereof and operably linked to a heterologous promoter. The fragment of said nucleotide sequence will encode an HIV epitope and typically encode a peptide of at least 8 amino acids. The nucleotide sequence is preferably a DNA sequence and is preferably contained
10 within a plasmid without an origin of replication. Such nucleic acid molecules are formulated with pharmaceutically acceptable excipient, carriers, diluents or adjuvants to produce pharmaceutical composition suitable for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of HIV
15 infection and AIDS.

In a preferred embodiment the DNA sequence is formulated onto the surface of inert particles or beads suitable for particle mediated drug delivery. Preferably the beads are
20 gold.

In a preferred embodiment of the invention there is provided a DNA sequence that highly expressed codes for gag protein which sequence is optimised to resemble the
25 codon usage of genes in mammalian cells. In particular, the gag protein is optimised to resemble that of highly expressed human genes.

The DNA code has 4 letters (A, T, C and G) and uses these
30 to spell three letter "codons" which represent the amino acids the proteins encoded in an organism's genes. The linear sequence of codons along the DNA molecule is translated into the linear sequence of amino acids in the protein(s) encoded by those genes. The code is highly
35 degenerate, with 61 codons coding for the 20 natural

amino acids and 3 codons representing "stop" signals. Thus, most amino acids are coded for by more than one codon - in fact several are coded for by four or more different codons.

5

Where more than one codon is available to code for a given amino acid, it has been observed that the codon usage patterns of organisms are highly non-random. Different species show a different bias in their codon selection and, furthermore, utilisation of codons may be markedly different in a single species between genes which are expressed at high and low levels. This bias is different in viruses, plants, bacteria and mammalian cells, and some species show a stronger bias away from a random codon selection than others. For example, humans and other mammals are less strongly biased than certain bacteria or viruses. For these reasons, there is a significant probability that a mammalian gene expressed in E.coli or a foreign or recombinant gene expressed in mammalian cells will have an inappropriate distribution of codons for efficient expression. It is believed that the presence in a heterologous DNA sequence of clusters of codons or an abundance of codons which are rarely observed in the host in which expression is to occur, is predictive of low heterologous expression levels in that host.

In an embodiment of the present invention provides a gag polynucleotide sequence which encodes an amino acid sequence, wherein the codon usage pattern of the polynucleotide sequence resembles that of highly expressed mammalian genes. Preferably the polynucleotide sequence is a DNA sequence. Desirably the codon usage pattern of the polynucleotide sequence is typical of highly expressed human genes.

In the polynucleotides of the present invention, the codon usage pattern is altered from that typical of human immunodeficiency viruses to more closely represent the
5 codon bias of the target organism, e.g. a mammal, especially a human. The "codon usage coefficient" is a measure of how closely the codon pattern of a given polynucleotide sequence resembles that of a target species. Codon frequencies can be derived from literature
10 sources for the highly expressed genes of many species (see e.g. Nakamura et.al. Nucleic Acids Research 1996, 24:214-215). The codon frequencies for each of the 61 codons (expressed as the number of occurrences occurrence per 1000 codons of the selected class of genes) are
15 normalised for each of the twenty natural amino acids, so that the value for the most frequently used codon for each amino acid is set to 1 and the frequencies for the less common codons are scaled to lie between zero and 1. Thus each of the 61 codons is assigned a value of 1 or
20 lower for the highly expressed genes of the target species. In order to calculate a codon usage coefficient for a specific polynucleotide, relative to the highly expressed genes of that species, the scaled value for each codon of the specific polynucleotide are noted and
25 the geometric mean of all these values is taken (by dividing the sum of the natural logs of these values by the total number of codons and take the anti-log). The coefficient will have a value between zero and 1 and the higher the coefficient the more codons in the
30 polynucleotide are frequently used codons. If a polynucleotide sequence has a codon usage coefficient of 1, all of the codons are "most frequent" codons for highly expressed genes of the target species.

According to the present invention, the codon usage pattern of the polynucleotide will preferably exclude codons with an RSCU value of less than 0.2 in highly expressed genes of the target organism. Alternatively,

5 the codon usage pattern will exclude codons representing <10% of the codons used for a particular amino acid. A relative synonymous codon usage (RSCU) value is the observed number of codons divided by the number expected if all codons for that amino acid were used equally

10 frequently. A polynucleotide of the present invention will generally have a codon usage coefficient (or RSCU) for highly expressed human genes of greater than 0.3, preferably greater than 0.4, most preferably greater than 0.5 Codon usage tables for human can also be found in

15 Genbank.

In comparison, a highly expressed beta actin gene has a RSCU of 0.747. The codon usage table for a homo sapiens is set out below:

20

Codon Usage Table 1:

***Homo sapiens* [gbpri]: 27143 CDS's (12816923 codons)**

25 fields: [triplet] [frequency: **per thousand**] ([number])

UUU 17.0(217684)	UCU 14.8(189419)	UAU 12.1(155645)	UGU 10.0(127719)
UUC 20.5(262753)	UCC 17.5(224470)	UAC 15.8(202481)	UGC 12.3(157257)
UUA 7.3(93924)	UCA 11.9(152074)	UAA 0.7(9195)	UGA 1.3(16025)
30 UUG 12.5(159611)	UCG 4.5(57572)	UAG 0.5(6789)	UGG 12.9(165930)
CUU 12.8(163707)	CCU 17.3(222146)	CAU 10.5(134186)	CGU 4.6(59454)
CUC 19.3(247391)	CCC 20.0(256235)	CAC 14.9(190928)	CGC 10.8(137865)
CUA 7.0(89078)	CCA 16.7(214583)	CAA 12.0(153590)	CGA 6.3(80709)
35 CUG 39.7(509096)	CCG 7.0(89619)	CAG 34.5(441727)	CGG 11.6(148666)
AUU 15.8(202844)	ACU 12.9(165392)	AAU 17.0(218508)	AGU 12.0(154442)
AUC 21.6(277066)	ACC 19.3(247805)	AAC 19.8(253475)	AGC 19.3(247583)
AUA 7.2(92133)	ACA 14.9(191518)	AAA 24.0(308123)	AGA 11.5(147264)
40 AUG 22.3(285776)	ACG 6.3(80369)	AAG 32.6(418141)	AGG 11.3(145276)

GUU 10.9(139611) GCU 18.5(236639) GAU 22.4(286742) GGU 10.8(138606)
 GUC 14.6(187333) GCC 28.3(362086) GAC 26.1(334158) GGC 22.7(290904)
 GUA 7.0(89644) GCA 15.9(203310) GAA 29.1(373151) GGA 16.4(210643)
 5 GUG 28.8(369006) GCG 7.5(96455) GAG 40.2(515485) GGG 16.4(209907)

Coding GC 52.51% 1st letter GC 56.04% 2nd letter GC
 42.35% 3rd letter GC 59.13%

10 Codon Usage Table 2 (preferred):

Codon usage for human (highly expressed) genes 1/24/91
 (human_high.cod)

	AmAcid	Codon	Number	/1000	Fraction	..
15	Gly	GGG	905.00	18.76	0.24	
	Gly	GGA	525.00	10.88	0.14	
	Gly	GGT	441.00	9.14	0.12	
	Gly	GGC	1867.00	38.70	0.50	
20	Glu	GAG	2420.00	50.16	0.75	
	Glu	GAA	792.00	16.42	0.25	
	Asp	GAT	592.00	12.27	0.25	
	Asp	GAC	1821.00	37.75	0.75	
25	Val	GTG	1866.00	38.68	0.64	
	Val	GTA	134.00	2.78	0.05	
	Val	GTT	198.00	4.10	0.07	
	Val	GTC	728.00	15.09	0.25	
30	Ala	GCG	652.00	13.51	0.17	
	Ala	GCA	488.00	10.12	0.13	
	Ala	GCT	654.00	13.56	0.17	
	Ala	GCC	2057.00	42.64	0.53	
35	Arg	AGG	512.00	10.61	0.18	
	Arg	AGA	298.00	6.18	0.10	
	Ser	AGT	354.00	7.34	0.10	
	Ser	AGC	1171.00	24.27	0.34	
40	Lys	AAG	2117.00	43.88	0.82	
	Lys	AAA	471.00	9.76	0.18	
	Asn	AAT	314.00	6.51	0.22	
	Asn	AAC	1120.00	23.22	0.78	
45	Met	ATG	1077.00	22.32	1.00	
	Ile	ATA	88.00	1.82	0.05	
	Ile	ATT	315.00	6.53	0.18	
	Ile	ATC	1369.00	28.38	0.77	
50	Thr	ACG	405.00	8.40	0.15	

	Thr	ACA	373.00	7.73	0.14
	Thr	ACT	358.00	7.42	0.14
	Thr	ACC	1502.00	31.13	0.57
5	Trp	TGG	652.00	13.51	1.00
	End	TGA	109.00	2.26	0.55
	Cys	TGT	325.00	6.74	0.32
	Cys	TGC	706.00	14.63	0.68
10	End	TAG	42.00	0.87	0.21
	End	TAA	46.00	0.95	0.23
	Tyr	TAT	360.00	7.46	0.26
	Tyr	TAC	1042.00	21.60	0.74
15	Leu	TTG	313.00	6.49	0.06
	Leu	TTA	76.00	1.58	0.02
	Phe	TTT	336.00	6.96	0.20
	Phe	TTC	1377.00	28.54	0.80
20	Ser	TCG	325.00	6.74	0.09
	Ser	TCA	165.00	3.42	0.05
	Ser	TCT	450.00	9.33	0.13
	Ser	TCC	958.00	19.86	0.28
25	Arg	CGG	611.00	12.67	0.21
	Arg	CGA	183.00	3.79	0.06
	Arg	CGT	210.00	4.35	0.07
	Arg	CGC	1086.00	22.51	0.37
30	Gln	CAG	2020.00	41.87	0.88
	Gln	CAA	283.00	5.87	0.12
	His	CAT	234.00	4.85	0.21
	His	CAC	870.00	18.03	0.79
35	Leu	CTG	2884.00	59.78	0.58
	Leu	CTA	166.00	3.44	0.03
	Leu	CTT	238.00	4.93	0.05
	Leu	CTC	1276.00	26.45	0.26
40	Pro	CCG	482.00	9.99	0.17
	Pro	CCA	456.00	9.45	0.16
	Pro	CCT	568.00	11.77	0.19
	Pro	CCC	1410.00	29.23	0.48

45 According to a further aspect of the invention, an expression vector is provided which comprises and is capable of directing the expression of a polynucleotide sequence according to the first aspect of the invention, in particular the codon usage pattern of the gag

polynucleotide sequence is typical of highly expressed mammalian genes, preferably highly expressed human genes. The vector may be suitable for driving expression of heterologous DNA in bacterial insect or mammalian cells,
5 particularly human cells. In one embodiment, the expression vector is p7313 (see figure 1).

In a third embodiment there is provided a gag gene under the control of a heterologous promoter fused to a DNA
10 sequence encoding NEF, a fragment thereof, or HIV Reverse Transcriptase (RT) or fragment thereof. The gag portion of the gene may be either the N or C terminal portion of the fusion.

15 In a preferred embodiment, the gag gene does not encode the gag p6 peptide. Preferably the NEF gene is truncated to remove the sequence encoding the N terminal region i.e. removal of 30-85, preferably 60-85, typically about 81, preferably the N terminal 65 amino acids.

20 In a further embodiment the RT gene is also optimised to resemble a highly expressed human gene. The RT preferably encodes a mutation to substantially inactivate any reverse transcriptase activity. A preferred
25 inactivation mutation involves the substitution of W tryptophan 229 for K (lysine).

According to a further aspect of the invention, a host cell comprising a polynucleotide sequence according to
30 the invention, or an expression vector according to the invention is provided. The host cell may be bacterial, e.g. E.coli, mammalian, e.g. human, or may be an insect cell. Mammalian cells comprising a vector according to the present invention may be cultured cells transfected

in vitro or may be transfected in vivo by administration of the vector to the mammal.

The present invention further provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide sequence according to the invention. Preferably the composition comprises a DNA vector. In preferred embodiments the composition comprises a plurality of particles, preferably gold particles, coated with DNA comprising a vector encoding a polynucleotide sequence of the invention. Preferably the sequence encodes an HIV gag amino acid sequence, wherein the codon usage pattern of the polynucleotide sequence is typical of highly expressed mammalian genes, particularly human genes. In alternative embodiments, the composition comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and a DNA vector according to the second aspect of the present invention. The composition may also include an adjuvant.

Thus it is an embodiment of the invention that the vectors of the invention be utilised with immunostimulatory agents. Preferably the immunostimulatory agent are administered at the same time as the nucleic acid vector of the invention and in preferred embodiments are formulated together. Such immunostimulatory agents include, but this list is by no means exhaustive and does not preclude other agents: synthetic imidazoquinolines such as imiquimod [S-26308, R-837], (Harrison, et al. 'Reduction of recurrent HSV disease using imiquimod alone or combined with a glycoprotein vaccine', Vaccine 19: 1820-1826, (2001)); and resiquimod [S-28463, R-848] (Vasilakos, et al. 'Adjuvant activities of immune response modifier R-848: Comparison with CpG ODN', Cellular immunology 204: 64-74 (2000).), Schiff bases of carbonyls and amines that are

constitutively expressed on antigen presenting cell and T-cell surfaces, such as tucaresol (Rhodes, J. et al. 'Therapeutic potentiation of the immune system by costimulatory Schiff-base-forming drugs', Nature 377: 71-75 (1995)), cytokine, chemokine and co-stimulatory molecules as either protein or peptide, this would include pro-inflammatory cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-1 alpha, IL-1 beta, TGF- alpha and TGF - beta, Th1 inducers such as interferon gamma, IL-2, IL-12, IL-15 and IL-18, Th2 inducers such as IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10 and IL-13 and other chemokine and co-stimulatory genes such as MCP-1, MIP-1 alpha, MIP-1 beta, RANTES, TCA-3, CD80, CD86 and CD40L, , other immunostimulatory targeting ligands such as CTLA-4 and L-selectin, apoptosis stimulating proteins and peptides such as Fas, (49), synthetic lipid based adjuvants, such as vaxfectin, (Reyes et al., 'Vaxfectin enhances antigen specific antibody titres and maintains Th1 type immune responses to plasmid DNA immunization', Vaccine 19: 3778-3786) squalene, alpha- tocopherol, polysorbate 80, DOPC and cholesterol, endotoxin, [LPS], Beutler, B., 'Endotoxin, 'Toll-like receptor 4, and the afferent limb of innate immunity', Current Opinion in Microbiology 3: 23-30 (2000)) ; CpG oligo- and dinucleotides, Sato, Y. et al., 'Immunostimulatory DNA sequences necessary for effective intradermal gene immunization', Science 273 (5273): 352-354 (1996). Hemmi, H. et al., 'A Toll-like receptor recognizes bacterial DNA', Nature 408: 740-745, (2000) and other potential ligands that trigger Toll receptors to produce Th1-inducing cytokines, such as synthetic Mycobacterial lipoproteins, Mycobacterial protein p19, peptidoglycan, teichoic acid and lipid A.

Certain preferred adjuvants for eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a Lipid A

derivative such as monophosphoryl lipid A, or preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A. MPL[®] adjuvants are available from Corixa Corporation (Seattle, WA; see, for example, US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 5 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555, WO 99/33488 and U.S. Patent 10 Nos. 6,008,200 and 5,856,462. Immunostimulatory DNA sequences are also described, for example, by Sato et al., *Science* 273:352, 1996. Another preferred adjuvant comprises a saponin, such as Quil A, or derivatives thereof, including QS21 and QS7 (Aquila 15 Biopharmaceuticals Inc., Framingham, MA); Escin; Digitonin; or *Gypsophila* or *Chenopodium quinoa* saponins.

Also provided are the use of a polynucleotide according to the invention, or of a vector according to the 20 invention, in the treatment or prophylaxis of an HIV infection.

The present invention also provides methods of treating or preventing HIV infections, any symptoms or diseases 25 associated therewith, comprising administering an effective amount of a polynucleotide, a vector or a pharmaceutical composition according to the invention. Administration of a pharmaceutical composition may take the form of one or more individual doses, for example as 30 repeat doses of the same DNA plasmid, or in a "prime-boost" therapeutic vaccination regime. In certain cases the "prime" vaccination may be via particle mediated DNA delivery of a polynucleotide according to the present invention, preferably incorporated into a plasmid-derived 35 vector and the "boost" by administration of a recombinant

viral vector comprising the same polynucleotide sequence,
or boosting with the protein in adjuvant. Conversely the
priming may be with the viral vector or with a protein
formulation typically a protein formulated in adjuvant
5 and the boost a DNA vaccine of the present invention.
Multiple doses of prime and/or boost may be employed.

In embodiments of the invention fragments of gag, nef or
RT proteins are contemplated. For example, a
10 polynucleotide of the invention may encode a fragment of
an HIV gag, nef or RT protein. A polynucleotide which
encodes a fragment of at least 8, for example 8-10 amino
acids or up to 20, 50, 60, 70, 80, 100, 150 or 200 amino
acids in length is considered to fall within the scope of
15 the invention as long as the encoded oligo or polypeptide
demonstrates HIV antigenicity. In particular, but not
exclusively, this aspect of the invention encompasses the
situation when the polynucleotide encodes a fragment of a
complete HIV protein sequence and may represent one or
20 more discrete epitopes of that protein. Such fragments
may be codon optimised such that the fragment has a codon
usage pattern which resembles that of a highly expressed
mammalian gene.

25 Preferred constructs according to the present invention
include:

1. p17, p24, fused to truncated NEF (devoid of
nucleotides encoding terminal amino-acids 1-65)
30
2. p17, p24, RT, truncated NEF (devoid of nucleotides
encoding terminal amino-acids 1-65)
3. p17, p24 (optimised gag) truncated NEF (devoid of
35 nucleotides encoding terminal amino-acids 1-65)

4. p17, p24 (optimised gag) RT (optimised) truncated NEF (devoid of nucleotides encoding terminal amino-acids 1-85)
- 5
5. p17, p24, RT (optimised) truncated NEF (devoid of nucleotides encoding terminal amino-acids 1-65)
6. Truncated NEF - (devoid of nucleotide 1-65) fused to optimised p17, p24 gag.
- 10
7. Particularly preferred constructs of the invention include triple fusions RT-NEF-Gag, and RT-Gag-Nef particularly:
- 15
8. Optimised RT, truncated NEF and optimised P17, p24 (gag) (RNG)
- and
9. Optimised RT, optimised p17, 24 (gag), Nef truncate (devoid of aa 1-65)RGN
- 20

It is preferred that the HIV constructs are derived from an HIV Clade B or Clade C, particularly clade B.

- 25 As discussed above, the present invention includes expression vectors that comprise the nucleotide sequences of the invention. Such expression vectors are routinely constructed in the art of molecular biology and may for example involve the use of plasmid DNA and appropriate
- 30 initiators, promoters, enhancers and other elements, such as for example polyadenylation signals which may be necessary, and which are positioned in the correct orientation, in order to allow for protein expression. Other suitable vectors would be apparent to persons
- 35 skilled in the art. By way of further example in this

regard we refer to Sambrook *et al.* Molecular Cloning: a Laboratory Manual. 2nd Edition. CSH Laboratory Press. (1989).

5 Preferably, a polynucleotide of the invention, or for use in the invention in a vector, is operably linked to a control sequence which is capable of providing for the expression of the coding sequence by the host cell, i.e. the vector is an expression vector. The term "operably
10 linked" refers to a juxtaposition wherein the components described are in a relationship permitting them to function in their intended manner. A regulatory sequence, such as a promoter, "operably linked" to a coding sequence is positioned in such a way that
15 expression of the coding sequence is achieved under conditions compatible with the regulatory sequence.

The vectors may be, for example, plasmids, artificial chromosomes (e.g. BAC, PAC, YAC), virus or phage vectors
20 provided with a origin of replication, optionally a promoter for the expression of the polynucleotide and optionally a regulator of the promoter. The vectors may contain one or more selectable marker genes, for example an ampicillin or kanamycin resistance gene in the case of
25 a bacterial plasmid or a resistance gene for a fungal vector. Vectors may be used *in vitro*, for example for the production of DNA or RNA or used to transfect or transform a host cell, for example, a mammalian host cell e.g. for the production of protein encoded by the vector.
30 The vectors may also be adapted to be used *in vivo*, for example in a method of DNA vaccination or of gene therapy.

Promoters and other expression regulation signals may be
35 selected to be compatible with the host cell for which

expression is designed. For example, mammalian promoters include the metallothionein promoter, which can be induced in response to heavy metals such as cadmium, and the β -actin promoter. Viral promoters such as the SV40
5 large T antigen promoter, human cytomegalovirus (CMV) immediate early (IE) promoter, rous sarcoma virus LTR promoter, adenovirus promoter, or a HPV promoter, particularly the HPV upstream regulatory region (URR) may also be used. All these promoters are well described and
10 readily available in the art.

A preferred promoter element is the CMV immediate early promoter, devoid of intron A but including exon 1. The promoter element may be the minimal promoter element or
15 the enhanced promoter, the enhanced promoter being preferred. Accordingly there is provided a vector comprising a polynucleotide of the invention under the control of HCMV IE early promoter.

20 Examples of suitable viral vectors include herpes simplex viral vectors, vaccinia or alpha-virus vectors and retroviruses, including lentiviruses, adenoviruses and adeno-associated viruses. Gene transfer techniques using these viruses are known to those skilled in the art.
25 Retrovirus vectors for example may be used to stably integrate the polynucleotide of the invention into the host genome, although such recombination is not preferred. Replication-defective adenovirus vectors by contrast remain episomal and therefore allow transient
30 expression. Vectors capable of driving expression in insect cells (for example baculovirus vectors), in human cells, in yeast or in bacteria may be employed in order to produce quantities of the HIV protein encoded by the polynucleotides of the present invention, for example for
35 use as subunit vaccines or in immunoassays.

The polynucleotides according to the invention have utility in the production by expression of the encoded proteins, which expression may take place *in vitro*, *in vivo* or *ex vivo*. The nucleotides may therefore be involved in recombinant protein synthesis, for example to increase yields, or indeed may find use as therapeutic agents in their own right, utilised in DNA vaccination techniques. Where the polynucleotides of the present invention are used in the production of the encoded proteins *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, cells, for example in cell culture, will be modified to include the polynucleotide to be expressed. Such cells include transient, or preferably stable mammalian cell lines. Particular examples of cells which may be modified by insertion of vectors encoding for a polypeptide according to the invention include mammalian HEK293T, CHO, HeLa, 293 and COS cells. Preferably the cell line selected will be one which is not only stable, but also allows for mature glycosylation and cell surface expression of a polypeptide. Expression may be achieved in transformed oocytes. A polypeptide may be expressed from a polynucleotide of the present invention, in cells of a transgenic non-human animal, preferably a mouse. A transgenic non-human animal expressing a polypeptide from a polynucleotide of the invention is included within the scope of the invention.

The invention further provides a method of vaccinating a mammalian subject which comprises administering thereto an effective amount of such a vaccine or vaccine composition. Most preferably, expression vectors for use in DNA vaccines, vaccine compositions and immunotherapeutics will be plasmid vectors.

- DNA vaccines may be administered in the form of "naked DNA", for example in a liquid formulation administered using a syringe or high pressure jet, or DNA formulated with liposomes or an irritant transfection enhancer, or
5 by particle mediated DNA delivery (PMDD). All of these delivery systems are well known in the art. The vector may be introduced to a mammal for example by means of a viral vector delivery system.
- 10 The compositions of the present invention can be delivered by a number of routes such as intramuscularly, subcutaneously, intraperitoneally, intravenously or mucosally.
- 15 In a preferred embodiment, the composition is delivered intradermally. In particular, the composition is delivered by means of a gene gun particularly particle bombardment administration techniques which involve coating the vector on to a bead (eg gold) which are then
20 administered under high pressure into the epidermis; such as, for example, as described in Haynes et al, J Biotechnology 44: 37-42 (1996).
- In one illustrative example, gas-driven particle
25 acceleration can be achieved with devices such as those manufactured by Powderject Pharmaceuticals PLC (Oxford, UK) and Powderject Vaccines Inc. (Madison, WI), some examples of which are described in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,846,796; 6,010,478; 5,865,796; 5,584,807; and EP Patent
30 No. 0500 799. This approach offers a needle-free delivery approach wherein a dry powder formulation of microscopic particles, such as polynucleotide, are accelerated to high speed within a helium gas jet generated by a hand held device, propelling the particles
35 into a target tissue of interest, typically the skin.

The particles are preferably gold beads of a 0.4 - 4.0 μm , more preferably 0.6 - 2.0 μm diameter and the DNA conjugate coated onto these and then encased in a cartridge or cassette for placing into the "gene gun".

5

In a related embodiment, other devices and methods that may be useful for gas-driven needle-less injection of compositions of the present invention include those provided by Bioject, Inc. (Portland, OR), some examples

10 of which are described in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,790,824; 5,064,413; 5,312,335; 5,383,851; 5,399,163; 5,520,639 and 5,993,412.

The vectors which comprise the nucleotide sequences
15 encoding antigenic peptides are administered in such amount as will be prophylactically or therapeutically effective. The quantity to be administered, is generally in the range of one picogram to 1 milligram, preferably 1 picogram to 10 micrograms for particle-mediated delivery,
20 and 100 nanograms to 1 milligram, preferably 10 micrograms to 1 milligram, for other routes, of nucleotide per dose. The exact quantity may vary considerably depending on the weight of the patient being immunised and the route of administration,

25

It is possible for the immunogen component comprising the nucleotide sequence encoding the antigenic peptide, to be administered on a once off basis or to be administered repeatedly, for example, between 1 and 7 times,
30 preferably between 1 and 4 times, at intervals between about 1 day and about 18 months. However, this treatment regime will be significantly varied depending upon the size the patient concerned, the amount of nucleotide sequence administered, the route of administration, and
35 other factors which would be apparent to a skilled

veterinary or medical practitioner. The patient may receive one or more other anti HIV retroviral drugs as part of their overall treatment regime. Additionally the nucleic acid immunogen may be administered with an
5 adjuvant.

The adjuvant component specified herein can similarly be administered via a variety of different administration routes, such as for example, via the oral, nasal,
10 pulmonary, intramuscular, subcutaneous, intradermal or topical routes. Preferably, the adjuvant component is administered via the intradermal or topical routes. Most preferably by the topical route. This administration may take place between about 14 days prior to and about 14
15 days post administration of the nucleotide sequence, preferably between about 1 day prior to and about 3 days post administration of the nucleotide sequence. The adjuvant component is, in an embodiment, administered substantially simultaneously with the administration of
20 the nucleotide sequence. By "substantially simultaneous" what is meant is that administration of the adjuvant component is preferably at the same time as administration of the nucleotide sequence, or if not, at least within a few hours either side of nucleotide
25 sequence administration. In the most preferred treatment protocol, the adjuvant component will be administered substantially simultaneously to administration of the nucleotide sequence. Obviously, this protocol can be varied as necessary, in accordance with the type of
30 variables referred to above. It is preferred that the adjuvant is a 1H - imidazo [4,5c] quinoline - 4 - amine derivative such as imiquimod. Typically imiquimod will be presented as a topical cream formulation and will be administered according to the above protocol.

35

Once again, depending upon such variables, the dose of administration of the derivative will also vary, but may, for example, range between about 0.1mg per kg to about 100mg per kg, where "per kg" refers to the body weight of the mammal concerned. This administration of the, 1H-imidazo[4,5-c]quinolin-4-amine derivative would preferably be repeated with each subsequent or booster administration of the nucleotide sequence. Most preferably, the administration dose will be between about 1mg per kg to about 50mg per kg. In the case of a "prim-boost" scheme as described herein, the imiquimod or other 1H-imidazo[4,5-c]quinolin-4-amine derivative may be administered with either the prime or the boost or with both the prime and the boost.

While it is possible for the adjuvant component to comprise only 1H-imidazo[4,5-c]quinolin-4-amine derivatives to be administered in the raw chemical state, it is preferable for administration to be in the form of a pharmaceutical formulation. That is, the adjuvant component will preferably comprise the 1H-imidazo[4,5-c]quinolin-4-amine combined with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, and optionally other therapeutic ingredients. The carrier(s) must be "acceptable" in the sense of being compatible with other ingredients within the formulation, and not deleterious to the recipient thereof. The nature of the formulations will naturally vary according to the intended administration route, and may be prepared by methods well known in the pharmaceutical art. All methods include the step of bringing into association a 1H-imidazo[4,5-c]quinolin-4-amine derivative with an appropriate carrier or carriers. In general, the formulations are prepared by uniformly and intimately bringing into association the derivative with liquid carriers or finely divided solid

carriers, or both, and then, if necessary, shaping the product into the desired formulation. Formulations of the present invention suitable for oral administration may be presented as discrete units such as capsules,
5 cachets or tablets each containing a pre-determined amount of the active ingredient; as a powder or granules; as a solution or a suspension in an aqueous liquid or a non-aqueous liquid; or as an oil-in-water liquid emulsion or a water-in-oil emulsion. The active ingredient may
10 also be presented as a bolus, electuary or paste.

A tablet may be made by compression or moulding, optionally with one or more accessory ingredients. Compressed tablets may be prepared by compressing in a
15 suitable machine the active ingredient in a free-flowing form such as a powder or granules, optionally mixed with a binder, lubricant, inert diluent, lubricating, surface active or dispersing agent. Moulded tablets may be made by moulding in a suitable machine a mixture of the
20 powdered compound moistened with an inert liquid diluent.

The tablets may optionally be coated or scored and may be formulated so as to provide slow or controlled release of the active ingredient.

25 Formulations for injection via, for example, the intramuscular, intraperitoneal, or subcutaneous administration routes include aqueous and non-aqueous sterile injection solutions which may contain
30 antioxidants, buffers, bacteriostats and solutes which render the formulation isotonic with the blood of the intended recipient; and aqueous and non-aqueous sterile suspensions which may include suspending agents and thickening agents. The formulations may be presented in
35 unit-dose or multi-dose containers, for example, sealed

ampoules and vials, and may be stored in a freeze-dried (lyophilised) condition requiring only the addition of the sterile liquid carrier, for example, water for injections, immediately prior to use. Extemporaneous
5 injection solutions and suspensions may be prepared from sterile powders, granules and tablets of the kind previously described. Formulations suitable for pulmonary administration via the buccal or nasal cavity are presented such that particles containing the active
10 ingredient, desirably having a diameter in the range of 0.5 to 7 microns, are delivered into the bronchial tree of the recipient. Possibilities for such formulations are that they are in the form of finely comminuted powders which may conveniently be presented either in a
15 piercable capsule, suitably of, for example, gelatine, for use in an inhalation device, or alternatively, as a self-propelling formulation comprising active ingredient, a suitable liquid propellant and optionally, other ingredients such as surfactant and/or a solid diluent.
20 Self-propelling formulations may also be employed wherein the active ingredient is dispensed in the form of droplets of a solution or suspension. Such self-propelling formulations are analogous to those known in the art and may be prepared by established procedures.
25 They are suitably provided with either a manually-operable or automatically functioning valve having the desired spray characteristics; advantageously the valve is of a metered type delivering a fixed volume, for example, 50 to 100 μ L, upon each operation thereof.
30
In a further possibility, the adjuvant component may be in the form of a solution for use in an atomiser or nebuliser whereby an accelerated airstream or ultrasonic agitation is employed to produce a fine droplet mist for
35 inhalation.

Formulations suitable for intranasal administration generally include presentations similar to those described above for pulmonary administration, although it is preferred for such formulations to have a particle diameter in the range of about 10 to about 200 microns, to enable retention within the nasal cavity. This may be achieved by, as appropriate, use of a powder of a suitable particle size, or choice of an appropriate valve. Other suitable formulations include coarse powders having a particle diameter in the range of about 20 to about 500 microns, for administration by rapid inhalation through the nasal passage from a container held close up to the nose, and nasal drops comprising about 0.2 to 5% w/w of the active ingredient in aqueous or oily solutions. In one embodiment of the invention, it is possible for the vector which comprises the nucleotide sequence encoding the antigenic peptide to be administered within the same formulation as the 1H-imidazo[4,5-c]quinolin-4-amine derivative. Hence in this embodiment, the immunogenic and the adjuvant component are found within the same formulation.

In an embodiment the adjuvant component is prepared in a form suitable for gene-gun administration, and is administered via that route substantially simultaneous to administration of the nucleotide sequence. For preparation of formulations suitable for use in this manner, it may be necessary for the 1H-imidazo[4,5-c]quinolin-4-amine derivative to be lyophilised and adhered onto, for example, gold beads which are suited for gene-gun administration.

In an alternative embodiment, the adjuvant component may be administered as a dry powder, via high pressure gas propulsion.

- 5 Even if not formulated together, it may be appropriate for the adjuvant component to be administered at or about the same administration site as the nucleotide sequence.

10 Other details of pharmaceutical preparations can be found in Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mack Publishing Company, Easton, Pennsylvania (1985), the disclosure of which is included herein in its entirety, by way of reference.

- 15 Suitable techniques for introducing the naked polynucleotide or vector into a patient also include topical application with an appropriate vehicle. The nucleic acid may be administered topically to the skin, or to mucosal surfaces for example by intranasal, oral, 20 intravaginal or intrarectal administration. The naked polynucleotide or vector may be present together with a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient, such as phosphate buffered saline (PBS). DNA uptake may be further facilitated by use of facilitating agents such as 25 bupivacaine, either separately or included in the DNA formulation. Other methods of administering the nucleic acid directly to a recipient include ultrasound, electrical stimulation, electroporation and microseeding which is described in US-5,697,901.

- 30 Uptake of nucleic acid constructs may be enhanced by several known transfection techniques, for example those including the use of transfection agents. Examples of these agents includes cationic agents, for example, 35 calcium phosphate and DEAE-Dextran and lipofectants, for

example, lipofectam and transfectam. The dosage of the nucleic acid to be administered can be altered.

A nucleic acid sequence of the present invention may also
5 be administered by means of specialised delivery vectors useful in gene therapy. Gene therapy approaches are discussed for example by Verme *et al*, Nature 1997, 389:239-242. Both viral and non-viral vector systems can be used. Viral based systems include retroviral,
10 lentiviral, adenoviral, adeno-associated viral, herpes viral, Canarypox and vaccinia-viral based systems. Non-viral based systems include direct administration of nucleic acids, microsphere encapsulation technology (poly(lactide-co-glycolide) and, liposome-based systems.
15 Viral and non-viral delivery systems may be combined where it is desirable to provide booster injections after an initial vaccination, for example an initial "prime" DNA vaccination using a non-viral vector such as a plasmid followed by one or more "boost" vaccinations
20 using a viral vector or non-viral based system. Similarly the invention contemplates prime boost systems with the polynucleotide of the invention, followed by boosting with protein in adjuvant or vice versa.

25 A nucleic acid sequence of the present invention may also be administered by means of transformed cells. Such cells include cells harvested from a subject. The naked polynucleotide or vector of the present invention can be introduced into such cells *in vitro* and the transformed
30 cells can later be returned to the subject. The polynucleotide of the invention may integrate into nucleic acid already present in a cell by homologous recombination events. A transformed cell may, if desired, be grown up *in vitro* and one or more of the
35 resultant cells may be used in the present invention.

Cells can be provided at an appropriate site in a patient by known surgical or microsurgical techniques (e.g. grafting, micro-injection, etc.)

5 The pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention may include adjuvant compounds, as detailed above, or other substances which may serve to increase the immune response induced by the protein which is encoded by the DNA. These may be encoded by the DNA, either separately
10 from or as a fusion with the antigen, or may be included as non-DNA elements of the formulation. Examples of adjuvant-type substances which may be included in the formulations of the present invention include ubiquitin, lysosomal associated membrane protein (LAMP), hepatitis B
15 virus core antigen, FLT3-ligand (a cytokine important in the generation of professional antigen presenting cells, particularly dendritic cells) and other cytokines such as IFN- γ and GM-CSF. Other preferred adjuvants include Imiquimod and Resiquimod and Tucarasol. Imiquimod being
20 particularly preferred.

The present invention in a preferred embodiment of the invention provides the use of a nucleic acid molecule as herein described for the treatment or prophylaxis of HIV
25 infection. The nucleic acid molecule is preferably administered with Imiquimod. The Imiquimod is preferably administered topically, whereas the nucleic acid molecule is preferably administered by means of the particle mediated delivery.

30 Accordingly the present invention provides a method of treating a subject suffering from or susceptible to HIV infection, comprising administering a nucleic acid molecule as herein described and Imiquimod.

35

The present invention will now be described by reference to the following examples:

EXAMPLES

5

Example 1: Optimisation of p55 gag (p17, p24, p13) to resemble codon usage of highly expressed human genes.

Gene of interest

10

A synthetic gene coding for the p55gag antigen of the HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2 (GenBank entry K03455), optimised for expression in mammalian cells was assembled from overlapping oligonucleotides by PCR.

15

Optimisation involved changing the codon usage pattern of the viral gene to give a codon frequency closer to that found in highly expressed human genes. Codons were assigned using a statistical Visual Basic program called Syngene (an updated version of Calgene, written by R.S. Hale and G. Thompson, Protein Expression and Purification Vol. 12 pp 185-188, 1998)

20

Cloning:

25

The 1528bp gag PCR product was gel purified, cut with restriction endonucleases NotI and Bam HI and ligated into NotI/BamHI cut vector WRG7077. This places the gene between the CMV promoter/intron A and the Bovine growth hormone polyadenylation signal.

30

Clones were sequenced and checked for errors. No single clone was 100% correct. Regions of correct sequence from two clones were therefore combined by overlapping PCR

using appropriate combinations of the optimisation oligo set to give a full length codon optimised gag gene. This final clone was subsequently found to contain a single nucleotide deletion which resulted in a frame shift and premature termination of translation. The deletion was repaired by cutting out the region of the gene containing the incorrect sequence and cloning in the correct sequence from the equivalent region of another clone. This gave the final codon optimised p55 gag clone: Gagoptrpr2. (See figure 2)

Example 2: Production of a p17/p24 truncated Nef fusion gene

15 Gene of interest

The p17 and p24 portions of the p55gag gene derived from the HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2 was PCR amplified from the plasmid pHXB?Pr (B.Maschera, E Furfine and E.D. Blair 1995 J.Virol **69** 5431-5436). pHXB?Pr. 426bp from the 3' end of the HXB2 nef gene were amplified from the same plasmid. Since the HXB2 nef gene contains a premature termination codon two overlapping PCRs were used to repair the codon (TGA [stop] to TGG [Trp])

25 The p17/p24linker and trNEFlinker PCR products were joined to form the p17p24trNEF fusion gene (figure 3) in a PCR reaction (**antisense**)

30 The 1542bp product was gel purified, cut with restriction endonucleases NotI and BamHI and cloned into the NotI BamHI sites of vector WRG7077. This places the gene between the CMV promoter/intron A and the Bovine growth hormone polyadenylation signal.

Example 3: Production of an Gag p17/24opt/trNef1 ('Gagopt/Nef') fusion gene.

5

Gene of interest

The p17/p24 portion of the codon optimised p55gag gene derived from the HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2 was PCR
10 amplified from the plasmid pGagOPTrpr2. The truncated HXB2 Nef gene with the premature termination codon repaired (TGA [stop] to TGG [Trp]) was amplified by PCR from the plasmid 7077trNef20. The two PCR products were
15 designed to have overlapping ends so that the two genes could be joined in a second PCR.

The 1544bp product was gel purified, cut with restriction endonucleases NotI and BamHI and cloned (see figures) into the NotI BamHI sites of vector WRG7077. This places
20 the gene between the CMV promoter/intron A and the Bovine growth hormone polyadenylation signal.

Example 4: Plasmid: p7077-RT3 Clone #A

25 **Gene of interest:**

A synthetic gene coding for the RT portion of the pol gene of HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2, optimised for expression in mammalian cells assembled from overlapping
30 oligonucleotides by PCR. The sequence cloned is equivalent to positions 2550-4222 of the HXB2 reference sequence (GenBank entry K03455). To ensure expression the cloned sequence has two additional codons at the 5' end not present in the original gene - AUG GGC (Met Gly).

- Optimisation involved changing the codon usage pattern of the viral gene to give a codon frequency closer to that found in highly expressed human genes, but excluding rarely used codons. Codons were assigned using a
- 5 statistical Visual Basic program called Syngene (an updated version of Calcgene, written by R.S. Hale and G. Thompson, Protein Expression and Purification Vol. 12 pp 185-188, 1998)
- 10 The final clone was constructed from two intermediate clones, # 16 and #21.

Cloning:

- 15 The 1.7kb PCR products were gel purified, cut with NotI and BamHI and PCR cleaned, before being ligated with NotI / BamHI cut pWRG7077. This places the gene between the CMV promoter and bovine growth hormone polyadenylation signal. Clones were sequenced. No clone was 100% correct,
- 20 but clone #16 was corrected by replacing the 403bp KpnI-BamHI fragment containing 3 errors with a correct KpnI-BamHI fragment from clone#21. The final clone was verified by sequencing. (see figure 5)

25

Example 5: Optimised RT**Gene of interest**

- The synthetic gene coding for the RT portion of the pol
- 30 gene of HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2, optimised for expression in mammalian cells was excised from plasmid p7077-RT3 as a 1697bp NotI / BamHI fragment, gel purified, and cloned into the NotI & BamHI sites of p7313-ie (derived from pspC31) to place the gene

downstream of an Iowa length HCMV promoter + exon1, and upstream of a rabbit globin poly-adenylation signal. (R7004 p27) (figure 6)

5 Example 6

Plasmid: 7077trNef20

Gene of interest

The insert comprises part of the Nef gene from the HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2. 195bp are deleted from the 5' end of the gene removing the codons for the first 65 amino acids of Nef. In addition the premature termination codon in the published HXB2 nef sequence has been repaired (TAG to TGG [Trp]) as has been described for plasmid p17/24trNEF1. The truncated nef sequence was PCR amplified from the plasmid p17/24trNef1. The sequence cloned is equivalent to positions 8992-9417 of the HXB2 reference sequence (GenBank entry K03455). To ensure expression the cloned sequence has an additional codon at the 5' end not present in the original gene - AUG (Met).

20

Primers:

StrNef (sense) ATAAGAATGCGGCCGCCATGGTGGGTTTTCCAGTCACACCTT
[SEQ ID NO: 1]
AStrNef (antisense)
25 CGCGGATCCTCAGCAGTTCTTGAAGTACTCC [SEQ ID NO: 2]

PCR: 94° C 2min, then 25 cycles: 94° C 30sec, 50° C 30sec, 72° C 2min, ending 72° C 5min

30 **Cloning:**

The 455bp RT PCR product was gel purified, cut with restriction endonucleases NotI and Bam HI and ligated into NotI/BamHI cut vector WRG7077. This places the gene

between the CMV promoter/intron A and the Bovine growth hormone polyadenylation signal.

5 Example 7

Plasmid: 7077RT 8

Gene of interest

The RT portion of the pol gene was derived from the HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2. It was PCR amplified from the
10 plasmid p7077Pol14.

The sequence cloned is equivalent to positions 2550-4234 of the HXB2 reference sequence (GenBank entry K03455). To ensure expression the cloned sequence has two additional
15 codons at the 5' end not present in the original gene - AUG GGC (Met Gly).

Primers:

SRT (sense) ATAAGAATGCGGCCGCCATGGGCCCCATTAGCCCTATTGAGACT
20 [SEQ ID NO: 3]
ASRT (antisense)
CGCGGATCCTTAATCTAAAAATAGTACTTTCCTGATT [SEQ ID NO: 4]

PCR: 94° C 2min, then 25 cycles: 94° C 30sec, 50° C
25 30sec, 72° C 4min, ending 72° C 5min

Cloning:

The 1720bp RT PCR product was gel purified, cut with restriction endonucleases NotI and Bam HI and ligated
30 into NotI/BamHI cut vector WRG7077. This places the gene between the CMV promoter/intron A and the Bovine growth hormone polyadenylation signal.

Example 8**p17/24opt/RT/trNef13 ('Gagopt/RT/Nef')**

This construct contains a PCR that causes an R to H amino
 5 acid change.

Gene of interest:

The p17/p24 portion of the codon optimised p55gag gene
 derived from the HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2 was PCR
 amplified from the plasmid pGagOPTrpr2. The RT coding
 10 sequence was PCR amplified from the plasmid 7077RT 8. The
 truncated HXB2 Nef gene with the premature termination
 codon repaired (TGA [stop] to TGG [Trp]) was amplified by
 PCR from the plasmid 7077trNef20. The three PCR products
 15 were designed to have overlapping ends so that the three
 genes could be joined in a second PCR.

Primers:

(P17/24)

20 Sp17p24opt (sense)

ATAAGAATGCGGCCGCGCCATGGGTGCCCCGAGCTTCGGT [SEQ ID NO: 5]

ASp17p24optRTlinker (antisense)

TGGGGCCCATCAACACTCTGGCTTTGTGTC [SEQ ID NO: 6]

25 PCR: 94° C 1min, then 20 cycles: 94° C 30sec, 50° C
 30sec, 72° C 2min, ending 72° C 4min

The 1114bp p17/24opt product was gel purified.

30 (RT)

Sp17p24optRTlinker (sense)

CAGAGTGTGATGGGCCCCATTAGCCCTAT [SEQ ID NO: 7]

ASRTtrNeflinker (antisense)

AACCCACCATATCTAAAAATAGTACTTTCC [SEQ ID NO: 8]

PCR: as above

5 The 1711bp RT PCR product was gel purified

(5' truncated nef)

SRTtrNef linker (sense)

10 CTATTTTTAGATATGGTGGGTTTCCAGTCAC [SEQ ID NO: 9]

AstrNef (antisense)

CGCGGATCCTCAGCAGTTCTTGAAGTACTCC [SEQ ID NO: 10]

PCR as above.

15 The 448bp product was gel purified.

The three PCR products were then stitched together in a second PCR with primers Sp17/24opt and AstrNef.

20 PCR: 94° C 1min, then 30 cycles: 94° C 30sec, 50° C 30sec, 72° C 4min, ending 72° C 4min

The 3253bp product was gel purified, cut with restriction endonucleases NotI and BamHI and cloned into the NotI

25 BamHI sites of vector WRG7077. This places the gene between the CMV promoter/intron A and the Bovine growth hormone polyadenylation signal.

Example 9

30 Plasmid: pGRN#16 (p17/p24opt corr /RT/trNef.)

Gene of interest:

The polyprotein generated by p17/24opt/RT/trNef13

('Gagopt/RT/Nef') was observed to express a truncated

35 product of ~30kDa due to a cluster of unfavourable codons

within p24 around aminoacid 270. These were replaced with optimal codons by PCR stitching mutagenesis.

p17/24opt/RT/trNef13 was used as a template to amplify the portion of Gag 5' to the mutation with primers

- 5 Sp17/p24opt and GTR-A, and the portion of Gag 3' to the mutation with primers GTR-S and Asp17/p24optRTlinker. The overlap of the products contained the codon changes, and the gel purified products were stitched together using the Sp17/p24opt and Asp17/p24optRTlinker primers. The
- 10 product was cut with NotI and AgeI and inserted into similarly cut p17/24opt/RT/trNef13, to generate pGRN. Clone #16 was verified and progressed.

Primers:

15

5' PCR:

Sp17p24opt (sense)

ATAAGAATGCGGCCGCCATGGGTGCCCCGAGCTTCGGT [SEQ ID NO: 11]

20

GTR-A (Antisense)

GCGCACGATCTTGTTTCAGGCCAGGATGATCCACCGTTTATAGATTTCTCC [SEQ ID NO: 12]

25 3' PCR

Sense: GTR-S (Sense)

ATCCTGGGCCTGAACAAGATCGTGCGCATGTACTCTCCGACATCCATCC [SEQ ID NO: 13]

30 ASp17p24optRTlinker (antisense)

TGGGGCCCATCAACACTCTGGCTTTGTGTC [SEQ ID NO: 14]

PCR conditions for individual products and stitch, using PWO DNA polymerase (Roche):

35

95°C 1min, then 20 cycles 95°C 30s, 55°C 30s, 72°C 180s, ending 72°C 120s and 4°C hold.

The 1114bp product was gel purified and cut with NotI and
 5 AgeI to release a 6647bp fragment which was gel purified
 and ligated into NotI / AgeI cut gel purified
 p17/24opt/RT/trNef13 to generate pGRN#16.

Example 10:

10 **Plasmid: p73i-GRN2 Clone #19**
(p17/p24(opt)/RT(opt)trNef) - repaired

Gene of interest:

The p17/p24 portion of the codon optimised gag, codon
 15 optimised RT and truncated Nef gene from the HIV-1 clade
 B strain HXB2 downstream of an Iowa length HCMV promoter
 + exon1, and upstream of a rabbit β -globin poly-
 adenylation signal.

20 Plasmids containing the trNef gene derived from plasmid
 p17/24trNef1 contain a PCR error that gives an R to H
 amino acid change 19 amino acids from the end of nef.
 This was corrected by PCR mutagenesis, the corrected nef
 PCR stitched to codon optimised RT from p7077-RT3, and
 25 the stitched fragment cut with ApaI and BamHI, and cloned
 into ApaI/BamHI cut p73i-GRN.

Primers:

PCR coRT from p7077-RT3 using primers:
 30 (Polymerase = PWO (Roche) throughout.

Sense: U1

GAATTTCGCGGCCGCGATGGGCCCCATCAGTCCCATCGAGACCGTGCCGGTGAAGCTG
 AAACCCGGGAT [SEQ ID NO: 15]

AScoRT-Nef

GGTGTGACTGGAAAACCCACCATCAGCACCTTTCTAATCCCCGC [SEQ ID NO: 16]

- 5 Cycle: 95°C(30s) then 20 cycles 95°C(30s), 55°C(30s), 72°C(180s), then 72°C(120s) and hold at 4°C
The 1.7kb PCR product was gel purified.

PCR 5' Nef from p17/24trNef1 using primers:

10

Sense: S-Nef

ATGGTGGGTTTTCCAGTCACACC [SEQ ID NO: 17]

Antisense: ASNef-G:

GATGAAATGCTAGGCGGCTGTCAAACCTC [SEQ ID NO: 18]

- 15 Cycle: 95°C(30s) then 15 cycles 95°C(30s), 55°C(30s), 72°C(60s), then 72°C(120s) and hold at 4°C

PCR 3' Nef from p17/24trNef1 using primers:

- 20 Sense: SNEF-G

GAGGTTTGACAGCCGCCTAGCATTTTCATC [SEQ ID NO: 19]

Antisense:

AStrNef (antisense)

CGCGGATCCTCAGCAGTTCTTGAAGTACTCC [SEQ ID NO: 20]

- 25 Cycle: 95°C(30s) then 15 cycles 95°C(30s), 55°C(30s), 72°C(60s), then 72°C(120s) and hold at 4°C

The PCR products were gel purified. Initially the two Nef products were stitched using the 5' (S-Nef) and 3'

- 30 (AStrNef) primers.

Cycle: 95°C(30s) then 15 cycles 95°C(30s), 55°C(30s), 72°C(60s), then 72°C(180s) and hold at 4°C .

The PCR product was PCR cleaned, and stitched to the RT product using the U1 and AStrNef primers:

Cycle: 95°C(30s) then 20 cycles 95°C(30s), 55°C(30s), 72°C(180s), then 72°C(180s) and hold at 4°C

The 2.1kb product was gel purified, and cut with ApaI and BamHI. The plasmid p73I-GRN was also cut with ApaI and BamHI gel purified and ligated with the ApaI-Bam RT3trNef to regenerate the p17/p24(opt)/RT(opt)trNef gene.

Example 11

10 p73i-GN2 Clone #2 (p17/p24opt/trNef) - repaired

Gene of interest:

The p17/p24 portion of the codon optimised gag and truncated Nef genes from the HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2 downstream of an Iowa length HCMV promoter + exon1, and upstream of a rabbit β -globin poly-adenylation signal.

Plasmids containing the trNef gene derived from plasmid p17/24trNef1 contain a PCR error that gives an R to H amino acid change 19 amino acids from the end of Nef. This was corrected by PCR mutagenesis and the corrected fragment cut with BglII and BamHI, and cloned into BglII/BamHI cut p73I-GN. (Figure 12) regenerate the corrected p17/p24opt/trNef fusion gene downstream of the Iowa length HCMV promoter + exon1, and upstream of the rabbit β -globin polyadenylation signal.

PCR 5' Nef from p17/24trNef1 using primers:

Polymerase = PWO (Roche) throughout.

Sense: S-Nef

ATGGTGGGTTTTCAGTCACACC [SEQ ID NO: 21]

Antisense: ASNef-G:

GATGAAATGCTAGGCGGCTGTCAAACCTC [SEQ ID NO: 22]

Cycle: 95°C(30s) then 15 cycles 95°C(30s), 55°C(30s), 72°C(60s), then 72°C(120s) and hold at 4°C

PCR 3' Nef from p17/24trNef1 using primers:

5 Sense: SNEF-G

GAGGTTTGACAGCCGCCTAGCATTTCATC [SEQ ID NO: 23]

Antisense: AStrNef

CGCGGATCCTCAGCAGTTCTTGAAGTACTCC [SEQ ID NO: 24]

10 Cycle: 95°C(30s) then 15 cycles 95°C(30s), 55°C(30s), 72°C(60s), then 72°C(120s) and hold at 4°C

The PCR products were gel purified, and stitched using the 5' (S-Nef) and 3' (AStrNef) primers.

15 Cycle: 95°C(30s) then 15 cycles 95°C(30s), 55°C(30s), 72°C(60s), then 72°C(180s) and hold at 4°C .

The PCR product was PCR cleaned, cut with BglIII / BamHI , and the 367bp fragment gel purified and cloned into BglIII/BamHI cut gel purified p73i-GN.

20

Example 12

Plasmid: p73I-RT w229k (Inactivated RT)

Gene of Interest:

25 Generation of an inactivated RT gene downstream of an Iowa length HCMV promoter + exon 1, and upstream of a rabbit β -globin poly-adenylation signal.

30 Due to concerns over the use of an active HIV RT species in a therapeutic vaccine inactivation of the gene was desirable. This was achieved by PCR mutagenesis of the RT (derived from P73I-GRN2) amino acid position 229 from Trp to Lys (R7271 p1-28).

Primers:

PCR 5' RT + mutation using primers:

(polymerase = PWO (Roche) throughout)

5 Sense : RT3-u:1

GAATTCGCGGCCGCGATGGGCCCCATCAGTCCCATCGAGACCGTGCCGGTGAAGCTG
AAACCCGGGAT [SEQ ID NO: 25]

Antisense: AScoRT-Trp229Lys

10 GGAGCTCGTAGCCCATCTTCAGGAATGGCGGCTCCTTCT [SEQ ID NO: 26]

Cycle:

1 x [94°C (30s)]

15 x [94°C (30s)/55°C (30s)/72°C (60s)]

15 1 x [72°C (180s)]

PCR gel purify

PCR 3' RT + mutation using primers:

20 Antisense: RT3- l:1

GAATTCGGATCCTTACAGCACCTTTCTAATCCCCGCACTCACCAGCTTGTCGACCTG
CTCGTTGCCGC [SEQ ID NO: 27]

Sense: ScoRT-Trp229Lys

25 CCTGAAGATGGGCTACGAGCTCCATG [SEQ ID NO: 28]

Cycle:

1 x [94°C (30s)]

15 x [94°C (30s)/55°C (30s)/72°C (60s)]

30 1 x [72°C (180s)]

PCR gel purify

The PCR products were gel purified and the 5' and 3' ends
of RT were stitched using the 5' (RT3-U1) and 3' (RT3-L1)

35 primers.

Cycle:

1 x [94°C (30s)]

15 x [94°C (30s)/55°C (30s)/72°C (120s)]

1 x [72°C (180s)]

5

The PCR product was gel purified, and cloned into p7313ie, utilising NotI and BamHI restriction sites, to generate p73I-RT w229k. (See figure 13)

10

Example 13:

Plasmid: p73i-Tgrn (#3)

Gene of interest:

15 The p17/p24 portion of the codon optimised gag, codon optimised RT and truncated Nef gene from the HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2 downstream of an Iowa length HCMV promoter + exon1, and upstream of a rabbit β -globin poly-adenylation signal.

20

Triple fusion constructs which contain an active form of RT, may not be acceptable to regulatory authorities for human use thus inactivation of RT was achieved by Insertion of a NheI and ApaI cut fragment from p73i-RT w229k, into NheI/ApaI cut p73i-GRN2#19 (Figure 14). This results in a W \rightarrow K change at position 229 in RT.

25

Example 14

30 **p73I-Tnrg (#16)**

Gene of interest:

The truncated Nef , inactivated codon optimised RT and p17/p24 portion of the codon optimised gag gene from the

HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2 downstream of an Iowa length HCMV promoter + exon1, and upstream of a rabbit β -globin poly-adenylation signal.

5 The order of the genes in the polyprotein encoded by p73i-Tgrn were rearranged by PCR and PCR stitching to generate p73I-Tnrg (Figure 15). Each gene was PCR amplified and gel purified prior to PCR stitching of the genes to form a single polyprotein. The product was gel
10 purified, NotI/BamHI digested and ligated into NotI/BamHI cut p7313ie.

Primers:

trNef PCR

15

S-Nef (Not I)

CATTAGAGCGGCCGCGATGGTGGGTTTTCCAC [SEQ ID NO: 29]

AS-Nef-coRT linker

20 GATGGGACTGATGGGGCCCATGCAGTTCTTGAACACTACTCCGG [SEQ ID NO:
30] 30]

RTw229k PCR

25

S-coRT

ATGGGCCCCATCAGTCCCATCGAG [SEQ ID NO: 31]

AS-coRT-p17p24 linker

30 CAGTACCGAAGCTCGGGCACCCATCAGCACCTTTCTAATCCCCGC [SEQ ID NO:
32] 32]

p17p24opt PCR

S-p17p24opt

35 ATGGGTGCCCCGAGCTTCGGTACTG [SEQ ID NO: 33]

AS-p17p24opt (BamHI)

GATGGGGGATCCTCACAACACTCTGGCTTTGTGTCC [SEQ ID NO: 34]

- 5 PCR conditions for individual products and stitching
using VENT DNA polymerase (NEB):

1 x [94°C (30s)]
25 x [94°C (30s)/55°C (30s)/72°C (120s [p17p24 or RT] or
10 60s [trNef])]
1 x [72°C (240s)]

The PCR products were gel purified and used in a PCR
stitching utilising the primers S-trNef (NotI) and AS-
15 p17p24opt (BamHI):

1 x [94°C (30s)]
25 x [94°C (30s)/55°C (30s)/72°C (210s)]
1 x [72°C (240s)]
20

The 3000bp product was gel purified and cut with NotI and
BamHI which was PCR cleaned and ligated into NotI/BamHI
digested gel purified p7313ie to generate p73i-Tnrg.

25 **Example 15:**

1. Plasmid: P73i-Tnrg (#3)

Gene of Interest:

The truncated Nef , p17/p24 portion of the codon
30 optimised gag and inactivated codon optimised RT gene
from the HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2 downstream of an Iowa
length HCMV promoter + exon1, and upstream of a rabbit β -
globin poly-adenylation signal.

The order of the genes in the polyprotein encoded by p73i-Tgrn were rearranged by PCR to generate p73I-Tngr (Figure 16). Codon optimised p17/p24 and RT were generated as a single product, and PCR stitched to amplified trNef. The product was gel purified, NotI/BamHI digested and ligated into NotI/BamHI cut p7313ie.

Primers:

10 P17/p24 - RT 3' PCR:

Sp17p24opt (sense)

ATGGGTGCCCCGAGCTTCGGTACTG [SEQ ID NO: 35]

15 RT3 1:1 (antisense)

GAATTCGGATCCTTACAGCACCTTTCTAATCCCCGCACTCACCAGCTTGTCGACCTG
CTCGTTGCCGC [SEQ ID NO: 36]

TrNef 5' PCR

20

S-Nef (NotI)

CATTAGAGCGGCCGCGATGGTGGGTTTTCCAC [SEQ ID NO: 37]

AS-Nef-p17p24

25 CAGTACCGAAGCTCGGGCACCCATGCAGTTCTTGA ACTACTCCGG [SEQ ID NO:
38]

PCR conditions for individual products and stitching
using VENT DNA polymerase (NEB):

30

1 x [94°C (30s)]

25 x [94°C (30s)/55°C (30s)/72°C (180s [p17p24+RT] or 60s
[trNef] or 210s [stitching])]

1 x [72°C (240s)]

35

The 3000bp product was gel purified and cut with NotI and BamHI which was PCR cleaned and ligated into NotI/BamHI digested gel purified p7313ie to generate p73i-Trgn.

5 **Example 16:**

Plasmid: p73I-Trgn (#6)

Gene of interest:

10 The inactivated codon optimised RT, p17/p24 portion of the codon optimised gag and truncated Nef gene from the HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2 downstream of an Iowa length HCMV promoter + exon1, and upstream of a rabbit β -globin poly-adenylation signal.

15 The order of the genes within the construct was achieved by PCR amplification of p17p24-trNef and RTw229k from the plasmids p73I-GN2 and p73I-RTw229k respectively. PCR stitching was performed and the product gel purified and NotI/BamHI cut prior to ligation with NotI/BamHI digested
20 p7313ie. Sequencing revealed that p17p24 was not fully optimised a 700bp fragment was then AgeI/MunI cut from the coding region and replaced with MunI/Age fragment from p73i-Trgn#3 containing the correct coding sequence. (See figure 17).

25

Primers:

p17p24-trNef PCR

S-p17p24opt

30 ATGGGTGCCCCGAGCTTCGGTACTG [SEQ ID NO: 39]

AstrNef (BamHI)

RTw229k

RT3-U:1

GAATTCGCGGCCGCGATGGGCCCCATCAGTCCCATCGAGACCGTGCCGGTGAAGCTG

5 AAACCCGGGAT [SEQ ID NO: 40]

AS-coRT-p17p24opt linker

CAGTACCGAAGCTCGGGCACCCATCAGCACCTTTCTAATCCCCGC [SEQ ID NO:
41]

10

PCR conditions for individual products and stitching
using VENT DNA polymerase (NEB):

1 x [94°C (30s)]

15 25 x [94°C (30s)/55°C (30s)/72°C (120s (PCR) or 180s
(stitching)]

1 x [72°C (240s)]

The 3000bp product from the PCR stitch was gel purified
20 and cut with NotI and BamHI which was PCR cleaned and
ligated into NotI/BamHI digested gel purified p7313ie to
generate p73i-Tngr. Sequence analysis showed that p17p24
sequence obtained from p73I-GN2 was not fully codon
optimised and that this had been carried over into the
25 new plasmid. This was rectified by cutting a 700bp
fragment from p73i-Tngr cut with MunI and AgeI, and
replacing it by ligation with a 700bp MunI/AgeI digested
product from p73i-Tgrn to generate the construct p73I-
Tngr#6.

30

Example 17:

Plasmid: p73i-Trng (#11)

Gene of Interest:

The inactivated codon optimised RT, truncated Nef and p17/p24 portion of the codon optimised gag gene from the HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2 downstream of an Iowa length HCMV promoter + exon1, and upstream of a rabbit β -globin poly-adenylation signal.

The order of the genes within the construct was achieved by PCR amplification of the RT-trNef and p17p24 genes from p73i-Tgrn. PCR stitching of the two DNA fragments was performed and the 3kb product gel purified and NotI/BamHI cut prior to ligation with NotI/BamHI digested p73i3ie, and yielded p73I Trng (#11).

Primers:

RTw229k-trNef

RT3-u:1

GAATTTCGCGGCCGCGATGGGCCCCATCAGTCCCATCGAGACCGTGCCGGTGAAGCTG
AAACCCGGGAT [SEQ ID NO: 42]

AS-Nef-p17p24opt linker

CAGTACCGAAGCTCGGGCACCCATGCAGTTCTTGAAGTACTCCGG [SEQ ID NO: 43]

P17p24

S-p17p24opt

ATGGGTGCCCCGAGCTTCGGTACTG [SEQ ID NO: 44]

AS-p17p24opt (BamHI)

GATGGGGGATCCTCACAACTCTGGCTTTGTGTCC [SEQ ID NO: 45]

PCR conditions for individual products and stitching using VENT DNA polymerase (NEB):

1 x [94°C (30s)]
25 x [94°C (30s)/55°C (30s)/72°C (120s (PCR of genes) or
180s (stitching)
5 1 x [72°C (240s)]

The 3000bp product from the PCR stitch was gel purified
and cut with NotI and BamHI which was PCR cleaned and
ligated into NotI/BamHI digested gel purified p7313ie to
10 generate p73i-Tngr.

Example 18:

p73i-Tngr (#f1)

15 Gene of interest:

The p17/p24 portion of the codon optimised gag, truncated
Nef and codon optimised inactivated RT gene from the
HIV-1 clade B strain HXB2 downstream of an Iowa length
HCMV promoter + exon1, and upstream of a rabbit β -globin
20 poly-adenylation signal.

The order of the genes within the construct was achieved
by PCR amplification of p17p24-trNef and RTw229k from the
plasmids p73I-GN2 and p73I-RTw229k respectively. PCR
25 stitching was performed and the product gel purified and
NotI/BamHI cut prior to ligation with NotI/BamHI digested
p7313ie. Two sequence errors were spotted in the sequence
(p17p24 and RT) which were subsequently repaired by
replacement with correct portions of the genes utilising
30 restriction sites within the polyprotein. (See figure
19).

Primers:

p17p24-trNef PCR

S-p17p24opt

ATGGGTGCCCCGAGCTTCGGTACTG [SEQ ID NO: 46]

5

AS-Nef-coRTlinker

GATGGGACTGATGGGGCCCATGCAGTTCTTGAAGTACTCCGG [SEQ ID NO:
47]10 RTw229k

S-coRT

ATGGGCCCCATCAGTCCCATCGAG [SEQ ID NO: 48]

15 RT3-1:1

GAATTTCGGATCCTTACAGCACCTTTCTAATCCCCGCACTCACCAGCTTGTCGACCTG
CTCGTTGCCGC [SEQ ID NO: 49]

PCR conditions for individual products and stitching

20 using VENT DNA polymerase (NEB):

1 x [94°C (30s)]

25 x [94°C (30s)/55°C (30s)/72°C (120s (PCR) or 180s
(stitching)]

25 1 x [72°C (240s)]

The 3000bp product was gel purified and cut with NotI and
BamHI which was PCR cleaned and ligated into NotI/BamHI
digested gel purified p7313ie to generate p73i-Tngr.30 Sequencing revealed that p17p24 was not fully optimised a
700bp fragment was subsequently AgeI/MunI cut from the
coding region and replaced with MunI/Age fragment from
p73i-Tgrn#3 containing the correct coding sequence. The
polyprotein also contained a single point mutation

35 (G2609A) resulting in an amino acid substitution of Thr

to Ala in the RT portion of the polyprotein. The mutation was corrected by ApaI/BamHI digestion of the construct and PCR clean up to remove the mutated sequence, which was replaced by ligation with an
5 ApaI/BamHI digested portion of RT from p73i-Tgnr.

Example 19:

Preparation of plasmid-coated 'gold slurry' for 'gene gun' DNA cartridges

10

Plasmid DNA (approximately 1µg/µl), eg. 100 ug, and 2µm gold particles, eg. 50 mg, (PowderJect), were suspended in 0.05M spermidine, eg. 100 ul, (Sigma). The DNA was precipitated on to the gold particles by addition of 1M
15 CaCl₂, eg. 100ul (American Pharmaceutical Partners, Inc., USA). The DNA/gold complex was incubated for 10 minutes at room temperature, washed 3 times in absolute ethanol, eg. 3 x 1 ml, (previously dried on molecular sieve 3A (BDH)). Samples were resuspended in absolute ethanol
20 containing 0.05mg/ml of polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP, Sigma), and split into three equal aliquots in 1.5 ml microfuge tubes, (Eppendorf). The aliquots were for analysis of (a) 'gold slurry', (b) eluate- plasmid eluted from (a) and (c) for preparation of gold/ plasmid
25 coated Tefzel cartridges for the 'gene gun', (see Example 3 below). For preparation of samples (a) and (b), the tubes containing plasmid DNA / 'gold slurry' in ethanol / PVP were spun for 2 minutes at top speed in an Eppendorf 5418 microfuge, the supernatant was removed and the 'gold
30 slurry' dried for 10 minutes at room temperature. Sample (a) was resuspended to 0.5 - 1.0 ug / ul of plasmid DNA in TE pH 8.0, assuming approx. 50 % coating. For elution, sample (b) was resuspended to 0.5 - 1.0 ug / ul of plasmid DNA in TE pH 8.0 and incubated at 37°C for 30
35 minutes, shaking vigorously, and then spun for 2 minutes

at top speed in an Eppendorf 5418 microfuge and the supernatant, eluate, was removed and stored at -20°C . The exact DNA concentration eluted was determined by spectrophotometric quantitation using a Genequant II
5 (Pharmacia Biotech).

Example 20:**Preparations of Cartridges for DNA immunisation**

10 Preparation of cartridges for the Accell gene transfer device was as previously described (Eisenbraun et al DNA and Cell Biology, 1993 Vol 12 No 9 pp 791-797; Pertner et al). Briefly, plasmid DNA was coated onto $2\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ gold particles (DeGussa Corp., South Plainfield, N.J., USA)
15 and loaded into Tefzel tubing, which was subsequently cut into 1.27 cm lengths to serve as cartridges and stored desiccated at 4°C until use. In a typical vaccination, each cartridge contained 0.5 mg gold coated with a total of $0.5\text{ }\mu\text{g}$ DNA/cartridge.

20

Example 21:**Immune Response to HIV antigens following DNA vaccination utilising the gene gun.**

25 Mice ($n=3/\text{group}$) were vaccinated with antigens encoded by nucleic acid and located in two vectors. P7077 utilises the HCMV IE promoter including Intron A and exon 1 (fcmv promoter). P73I delivers the same antigen, but contains the HCMV IE promoter (icmv promoter) that is devoid of
30 Intron A, but includes exon 1.

Plasmid was delivered to the shaved target site of abdominal skin of F1 (C3H x Balb/c) mice. Mice were given a primary immunisation of $2 \times 0.5\text{ }\mu\text{g}$ DNA on day 0,
35 boosted with $2 \times 0.5\text{ }\mu\text{g}$ DNA on day 35 and cellular

response were detected on day 40 using IFN - gamma
Elispot.

- P73I - empty vector
- 5 • P7077 - empty vector
- P7077 GRN - (f CMV promoter) Gag, RT, Nef
- P73I GRN - (i CMV promoter) Gag, RT, Nef
- P73I GR3N - (CMV promoter) Optimised Gag,
Optimised RT, Nef
- 10 • P7077 GN - (f CMV promoter)Gag, Nef
- P73I GN - (i CMV promoter) Gag, Nef

Cytotoxic T Cell Responses

- 15 The cytotoxic T cell response was assessed by CD8+ T
cell-restricted IFN- γ ELISPOT assay of splenocytes
collected 5 days later. Mice were killed by cervical
dislocation and spleens were collected into ice-cold PBS.
Splenocytes were teased out into phosphate buffered
20 saline (PBS) followed by lysis of red blood cells (1
minute in buffer consisting of 155mM NH_4Cl , 10 mM KHCO_3 ,
0.1mM EDTA). After two washes in PBS to remove
particulate matter the single cell suspension was
aliquoted into ELISPOT plates previously coated with
25 capture IFN- γ antibody and stimulated with CD8-restricted
cognate peptide (Gag, Nef or RT). After overnight
culture, IFN- γ producing cells were visualised by
application of anti-murine IFN- γ -biotin labelled antibody
(Pharmingen) followed by streptavidin -conjugated
30 alkaline phosphatase and quantitated using image
analysis.

The result of this experiment are shown in figures 20,
21, and 22.

Example 22:**Immunogenicity of Vaccine Constructs****5 1. Cellular Assays**

The cellular immune response comprises cytotoxic CD8 cells and helper CD4 cells. A sensitive method to detect specific CD8 and CD4 cells is the ELISpot assay which can be used to quantify the number of cells capable of secreting interferon- γ or IL-2. The ELISpot assay relies on the capture of cytokines secreted from individual cells. Briefly, specialised microtitre plates are coated with anti-cytokine antibodies. Splenocytes isolated from immunised animals are incubated overnight in the presence of specific peptides representing known epitopes (CD8) or proteins (CD4). If cells are stimulated to release cytokines they will bind to the antibodies on the surface of the plate surrounding the locality of the individual producing cells. Cytokines remain attached to the coating antibody after the cells have been lysed and plates washed. The assay is developed in a similar way to an ELISA assay using a biotin/avidin amplification system. The number of spots equates to the number of cytokine producing cells.

25 CD8 responses to the following K2^d-restricted murine epitopes: Gag (AMQMLKETI), Nef (MTYKAAVDL) and RT (YYDPSKDLI) and CD4 responses to Gag and RT proteins were recorded for all 6 constructs. The results of these assays were analysed statistically and constructs were ranked according to their immunogenicity. The result is shown in figure 23 of the figures.

35 2. Humoral Assays

Blood samples were collected for antibody analysis at 7 and 14 days post-boost from two experiments. Serum was separated and stored frozen until antibody titres could be measured using specific ELISA assays. All samples were tested for antibodies to Gag, Nef and RT. Briefly, ELISA plates were coated with the relevant protein. Excess protein was washed off before diluted serum samples were incubated in the wells. The serum samples were washed off and anti-mouse antiserum conjugated to an appropriate tag was added. The plate was developed and read on a plate reader. The results are shown in figure 24.

3. Antibody Data

Antibody titres were measured for all six constructs in four experiments. Construct p73i-GNR consistently generated no antibody responses to Gag and limited antibody responses to Nef. The reason for this is unclear, as T-cell responses were observed from splenocytes isolated from the same mice, indicating that the Gag protein was being expressed *in vivo*.

The ranking for the generation of Gag specific antibodies was:

25

RNG>GRN>NRG>RGN>NGR>GNR

Analysis cellular immunology data

The objective was to rank the 6 constructs on the basis of spot count data from 3 immunology experiments. Three sets of responses were assessed:

CD8 responses to Gag, Nef and RT at Day 7 (7 days post primary),

CD4 responses to Gag and RT at Day 35 (7 days post boost),
CD8 responses to Gag, Nef and RT at Day 35 (7 days post boost).

5

Each response (e.g. CD8 response to Gag) was modeled using a linear mixed effect model in SAS version 8. The model included fixed effects of construct, whether the particular antigen (Gag, Nef or RT) was present or
10 absent, and whether IL-2 was present or absent. In addition, for CD8 responses, where data were available from each individual mouse, subject was included as a random effect in the model. The model included interaction terms to allow for a different effect of
15 construct for each combination of the antigen (present/absent) and IL-2 (present/absent).

From the model, the difference in adjusted mean response between each construct and p7313 (the control group) was
20 estimated separately for each combination of antigen (present/absent) and IL-2 (present/absent), together with a p-value indicating whether the difference was statistically significant. Based on the differences and p-values in the presence of the antigen and the absence
25 of IL-2, constructs were ranked, by assigning a score of 6 to the construct with the largest difference, 5 to the next largest, etc, but 0 to any constructs where the difference was not statistically significant at the 5% level.

30

The assumptions of the model - that the residuals were normally distributed with constant variance, were assessed using graphical methods and sensitivity analyses, where first a log and second a square root
35 transformation of the response was modeled. The ranking

of the constructs was not sensitive to departures from the assumptions of the model.

5 Having calculated the ranks for each response in each experiment separately, total ranks for the 3 sets of responses were calculated across all 3 experiments. The following table shows the total rankings across the 3 experiments.

10 *Total rankings of constructs for each of 3 sets of responses, combined across 3 immunology experiments.*

Construct	Day 7 (7 days post primary)	Day 35 (7 days post boost)	
	CD8	CD4	CD8
GRN	5	18	3
GNR	17	24	28
RGN	28	23	33
RNG	25	27	37
NRG	25	19	0
NGR	4	14	10

RNG has the highest ranking for both sets of responses at Day 35, and the second highest ranking behind RGN at Day 7. RGN also receives high rankings for both sets of responses at Day 35.

15

CLAIMS

1. A nucleotide sequence that encodes an HIV-1 gag protein or fragment containing a gag epitope thereof and
5 a second HIV antigen or a fragment encoding an epitope of said second HIV antigen, operably linked to a heterologous promoter.
2. A nucleotide sequence as claimed in claim 1 wherein
10 the second antigen is selected from the group consisting of: Nef or a fragment thereof containing a nef epitope, or reverse transcriptase (RT) or a fragment thereof containing an RT epitope.
- 15 3. A nucleotide sequence as claimed in claim 1 or 2 wherein the gag protein comprises p17.
4. A nucleotide sequence as claimed in claim 3 wherein the gag protein additionally comprises p24.
- 20 5. A nucleotide sequence as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 4 wherein the gag sequence is codon optimised to resemble the codon usage in a highly expressed human gene.
- 25 6. A nucleotide sequence as claimed in any one of claims 1-5 wherein the sequence encodes an HIV-1 gag

protein or fragment containing a gag epitope, a nef
protein or a fragment containing a nef epitope and an RT
protein or a fragment containing an RT epitope,
preferably in the order RT, Gag, Nef or RT, Nef, Gag.

5

7. A nucleotide sequence as claimed in any of claim 2-6
wherein the RT sequence or fragment thereof is codon
optimised to resemble a highly expressed human gene.

10 8. A nucleotide sequence as claimed in any of claims 1
to 7 wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a nef
protein or epitope thereof.

9. A nucleotide sequence selected from the group
15 consisting of:

- Gag (p17,p24), Nef truncate
- Gag (p17,p24) (codon optimised), Nef (truncate)
- Gag (p17,p24), RT, Nef (truncate)
- Gag (p17,p24) codon optimised, RT, Nef (truncate)
- 20 • Gag (p17,p24) codon optimised, RT codon optimised,
Nef truncate
- RT (codon optimised), Gag (p17, p24) codon
optimised, Nef truncate
- RT (codon optimised), Nef truncate, gag p17, p24
25 codon optimised

10. A nucleotide sequence as claimed in any of claims 1 to 9 wherein the heterologous promoter is the promoter from HCMV IE gene.
- 5 11. A nucleotide sequence as claimed in claim 10 wherein the 5' of the promoter comprises exon 1.
12. A vector comprising a nucleotide sequence as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 11.
- 10 13. A vector as claimed in claim 12 which is a double stranded DNA plasmid.
14. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a nucleotide
15 sequence of claim 1 to 11 or a vector of claim 12 or 13 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient, diluent, carrier or adjuvant.
15. A pharmaceutical composition as claimed in claim 14
20 adapted for intra-muscular or intra-dermal delivery.
16. A pharmaceutical composition as claimed in claim 14 or 15 wherein the carrier is a gold bead.
- 25 17. An intra-dermal delivery device comprising a pharmaceutical composition of claim 14, 15 or 16.

18. A method of treating a patient suffering from or susceptible to a disease comprising administration of a safe and effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition as claimed in any of claims 14 to 16.

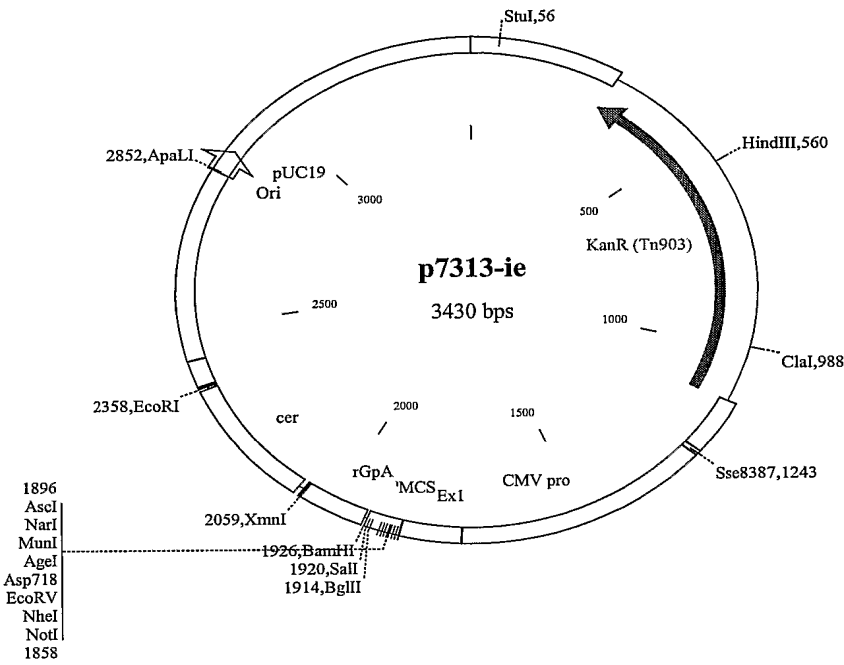
5

19. A nucleotide sequence of any of claims 1 to 11, a vector of claim 12 or 13, or a composition of any of claims 14 to 16, for use in medicine.

10 20. Use of a nucleotide sequence of any of claims 1 to 11 in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of disease.

15 21. A process for the production of a nucleotide as claimed in any of claims 1 to 11 comprising operably linking a nucleotide sequence encoding an HIV-1 gag protein or fragment thereof and a second HIV protein or fragment thereof to a heterologous promoter sequence.

Figure 1



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Figure 2

Sequence of p55 gag insert in pGagOptrpr2

```

5  ATGGGTGCCCCGAGCTTCGGTACTGTCTGGTGGAGAGCTGGACAGATGGGAGAAAATT
   AGGCTGCGCCCGGGAGGCAAAAAGAAATACAAGCTCAAGCATATCGTGTGGGCCTCG
   AGGGAGCTTGAACGGTTTGCCGTGAACCCAGGCCTGCTGGAAACATCTGAGGGATGT
   CGCCAGATCCTGGGGCAATTGCAGCCATCCCTCCAGACCGGGAGTGAAGAGCTGAGG
   TCCTTGTATAACACAGTGGCTACCCTCTACTGCGTACACCAGAGGATCGAGATTAAG
10  GATACCAAGGAGGCCTTGACAAAATTGAGGAGGAGCAAAACAAGAGCAAGAAGAAG
   GCCCAGCAGGCAGCTGCTGACACTGGGCATAGCAACCAGGTATCACAGAACTATCCT
   ATTGTCCAAAACATTCAGGGCCAGATGGTTCATCAGGCCATCAGCCCCCGGACGCTC
   AATGCCTGGGTGAAGGTTGTCTGAAGAGAAGGCCTTTTCTCCTGAGGTTATCCCCATG
   TTCTCCGCTTTGAGTGAGGGGGGCCACTCCTCAGGACCTCAATACAATGCTTAATACC
15  GTGGGCGGCCATCAGGCCGCCATGCAAATGTTGAAGGAGACTATCAACGAGGAGGCA
   GCCGAGTGGGACAGAGTGCATCCCGTCCACGCTGGCCCAATCGCGCCCGGACAGATG
   CGGGAGCCTCGCGGCTCTGACATTGCCGGCACCACCTCTACACTGCAAGAGCAAATC
   GGATGGATGACCAACAATCCTCCCATCCCAGTTGGAGAAATCTATAAACGGTGGATC
   ATTCTCGGTCTCAATAAAATTTGTTAGAATGTACTCTCCGACATCCATCCTTGACATT
20  AGACAGGGACCCAAAGAGCCTTTTAGGGATTACGTCGACCGGTTTTTATAAGACCCTG
   CGAGCAGAGCAGGCCTCTCAGGAGGTCAAAAACCTGGATGACGGAGACACTCCTGGTA
   CAGAACGCTAACCCCGACTGCAAAACAATCTTGAAGGCACTAGGCCCGGCTGCCACC
   CTGGAAGAGATGATGACCGCCTGTGAGGGAGTAGGCGGACCCGGACACAAAGCCAGA
   GTGTTGGCCGAAGCCATGAGCCAGGTGACGAACTCCGCAACCATCATGATGCAGAGA
25  GGGAACTTCCGCAATCAGCGGAAGATCGTGAAGTGTTTCAATTGCGGCAAGGAGGGT
   CATAACGCCCCGCAACTGTCGGGGCCCCCTAGGAAGAAAGGGTGTGGAAGTGCGGCAAG
   GAGGGACACCAGATGAAAGACTGTACAGAACGACAGGCCAATTTTCTTGAAAGATT
   TGGCCGAGCTACAAGGGGAGACCTGGTAATTTCTGCAAGCAGGCCCGAGCCCACC
   GCCCCCCTGAGGAATCCTTCAGGTCCGGAGTGGAGACCACAACGCCTCCCCAAAAA
30  CAGGAACCAATCGACAAGGAGCTGTACCCTTTAACTTCTCTGCGTTCTCTTTGGC
   AACGACCCGTCGTCTCAATAA [SEQ ID NO: 50]

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```

   MGARASVLSG  GELDRWEKIR  LRPGGKKKYK  LKHIVWASRE  LERFAVNPGL
   LETSEGCRQI  LGQLQPSLQT  GSEELRSLYN  TVATLYCVHQ  RIEIKDTKEA
35  LDKIEEEQNK  SKKKAQQAAA  DTGHSNQVSQ  NYPIVQNIQG  QMVHQAISPR
   TLNAWVKVVE  EKAFSPEVIP  MFSALSEGAT  PQDLNTMLNT  VGGHQAAMQM
   LKETINEEAA  EWDRVHPVHA  GPIAPGQMRE  PRGSDIAGTT  STLQEQIGWM
   TNNPPIPVGE  IYKRWIILGL  NKIVRMYSPT  SILDIRQGPK  EPFRDYVDRF
   YKTLRAEQAS  QEVKNWMTET  LLVQNaNPDC  KTILKALGPA  ATLEEMMTAC
40  QGVGGPGHKA  RVLAEAMSQV  TNSATIMMQR  GNFRNQRKIV  KCFNCGKEGH
   TARNCRAPRK  KGCWKCGKEG  HQMKDCTERQ  ANFLGKIWPS  YKGRPGNFLQ
   SRPEPTAPPE  ESFRSGVETT  TPPQKQEPID  KELYPLTSLR  SLFGNDPSSQ

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*

[SEQ ID NO: 51]

Figure 3**Sequence of the p17/24trNEF insert in p17/24trNEF1**

ATGGGTGCGAGAGCGTCAGTATTAAGCGGGGAGAATTAGATCGATGGGAAAAAATT
5 CGGTAAAGGCCAGGGGAAAGAAAAAATATAAATTAAACATATAGTATGGGCAAGC
AGGGAGCTAGAACGATTCGCAGTTAATCCTGGCCTGTTAGAAACATCAGAAGGCTGT
AGACAAATACTGGGACAGCTACAACCATCCCTTCAGACAGGATCAGAAGAACTTAGA
TCATTATATAATACAGTAGCAACCTCTATTGTGTGCATCAAAGGATAGAGATAAAA
GACACCAAGGAAGCTTTAGACAAGATAGAGGAAGAGCAAAACAAAAGTAAGAAAAAA
10 GCACAGCAAGCAGCAGCTGACACAGGACACAGCAATCAGGTCAGCCAAAATTACCCT
ATAGTGCAGAACATCCAGGGGCAAATGGTACATCAGGCCATATCACCTAGAACTTTA
AATGCATGGGTAAAAGTAGTAGAAGAGAAGGCTTTTCAGCCCAGAAGTGATACCCATG
TTTTTCAGCATTATCAGAAGGAGCCACCCCAAGATTTAAACACCATGCTAAACACA
GTGGGGGGACATCAAGCAGCCATGCAAATGTTAAAAGAGACCATCAATGAGGAAGCT
15 GCAGAATGGGATAGAGTGCATCCAGTGCATGCAGGGCCTATTGCACCAGGCCAGATG
AGAGAACCAAGGGGAAGTGACATAGCAGGAAGTACTAGTACCCTTCAGGAACAAATA
GGATGGATGACAAATAATCCACCTATCCCAGTAGGAGAAATTTATAAAAGATGGATA
ATCCTGGGATTAAATAAAATAGTAAGAATGTATAGCCCTACCAGCATTTCTGGACATA
AGACAAGGACCAAAAGAACCCTTTAGAGACTATGTAGACCGGTTCTATAAACTCTA
20 AGAGCCGAGCAAGCTTCACAGGAGGTAAAAAATTGGATGACAGAAACCTTGTTGGTC
CAAAATGCGAACCAGATTGTAAGACTATTTTAAAAGCATTGGGACCAGCGGCTACA
CTAGAAGAAATGATGACAGCATGTCAGGGAGTAGGAGGACCCGGCCATAAGGCAAGA
GTTTTGGTGGGTTTTCCAGTCACACCTCAGGTACCTTTAAGACCAATGACTTACAAG
GCAGCTGTAGATCTTAGCCACTTTTTTAAAAGAAAAGGGGGGACTGGAAGGGCTAATT
25 CACTCCCAAAGAAGACAAGATATCCTTGATCTGTGGATCTACCACACACAAGGCTAC
TTCCCTGATTGGCAGAACTACACACCAGGGCCAGGGGTCAGATATCCACTGACCTTT
GGATGGTGCTACAAGCTAGTACCAGTTGAGCCAGATAAGGTAGAAGAGGCCAATAAA
GGAGAGAACACCAGCTTGTTACACCTGTGAGCCTGCATGGGATGGATGACCCGGAG
AGAGAAGTGTTAGAGTGGAGGTTTGACAGCCACCTAGCATTTTCATCACGTGGCCCGA
30 GAGCTGCATCCGGAGTACTTCAAGAACTGCTGA [SEQ ID NO: 52]

MGARASVLSG GELDRWEKIR LRPGGKKKYK LKHIVWASRE LERFAVNPGL
LETSEGCRQI LGQLQPSLQT GSEELRSLYN TVATLYCVHQ RIEIKDTKEA
LDKIEEEQNK SKKKAQQAAA DTGHSNQVSQ NYPIVQNIQG QMVHQAI SPR
35 TLNAWVKVVE EKAFSPEVIP MFSALSEGAT PQDLNTMLNT VGGHQAAQM
LKETINEEAA EWDRVHPVHA GPIAPGQMRE PRGSDIAGTT STLQEQIGWM
TNNPPIPVGE IYKRWIILGL NKIVRMYSP SILDIRQGP EPFRDYVDRF
YKTLRAEQAS QEVKNWMTET LLVQNPANPDC KTIKALGPA ATLEEMMTAC
QGVGGPGHKA RVLVGFPVTP QVPLRPMTYK AAVDLSHFLK EKGGLEGLIH
40 SQRRQDILDL WIYHTQGYFP DWQNYTPGPG VRYPLTFGWC YKLVPVEPDK
VEEANKGENT SLLHPVSLHG MDDPEREVLE WRFDSHLAFH HVARELHPEY
FKNC*
[SEQ ID NO: 53]

Figure 4

**Sequence of the p17/24opt/trNef insert in
p17/24opt/trNef1**

```

5  ATGGGTGCCCCGAGCTTCGGTACTGTCTGGTGGAGAGCTGGACAGATGGGAGAAAATT
   AGGCTGCGCCCCGGGAGGCAAAAAGAAATACAAGCTCAAGCATATCGTGTGGGCCTCG
   AGGGAGCTTGAACGGTTTGGCCGTGAACCCAGGCCTGCTGGAAACATCTGAGGGGATGT
   CGCCAGATCCTGGGGCAATTGCAGCCATCCCTCCAGACCGGGAGTGAAGAGCTGAGG
   TCCTTGTATAACACAGTGGCTACCCTCTACTGCGTACACCAGAGGATCGAGATTAAG
10  GATACCAAGGAGGCCTTGGACAAAATTGAGGAGGAGCAAAACAAGAGCAAGAAGAAG
   GCCCAGCAGGCAGCTGCTGACACTGGGCATAGCAACCAGGTATCACAGAACTATCCT
   ATTGTCCAAAACATTTCAGGGCCAGATGGTTTCATCAGGCCATCAGCCCCCGGACGCTC
   AATGCCTGGGTGAAGGTTGTCTGAAGAGAAGGCCTTTTCTCCTGAGGTTATCCCCATG
   TTCTCCGCTTTGAGTGAGGGGGCCACTCCTCAGGACCTCAATACAATGCTTAATACC
15  GTGGGCGGCCATCAGGCCGCCATGCAAATGTTGAAGGAGACTATCAACGAGGAGGCA
   GCCGAGTGGGACAGAGTGCATCCCGTCCACGCTGGCCCAATCGCGCCCGGACAGATG
   CGGGAGCCTCGCGGCTCTGACATTGCCGGCACCACCTCTACACTGCAAGAGCAAATC
   GGATGGATGACCAACAATCCTCCCATCCCAGTTGGAGAAATCTATAAACGGTGGATC
   ATTCTCGGTCTCAATAAAATTGTTAGAATGTACTCTCCGACATCCATCCTTGACATT
20  AGACAGGGACCCAAAGAGCCTTTTAGGGATTACGTCGACCGGTTTTATAAGACCCTG
   CGAGCAGAGCAGGCCTCTCAGGAGGTCAAAAAGTGGATGACGGAGACACTCCTGGTA
   CAGAACGCTAACCCCGACTGCAAAACAATCTTGAAGGCACTAGGCCCGGCTGCCACC
   CTGGAAGAGATGATGACCGCTGTGAGGGAGTAGGCGGACCCGGACACAAAGCCAGA
   GTGTTGATGGTGGGTTTTCAGTCCACCTCAGGTACCTTTAAGACCAATGACTTAC
25  AAGGCAGCTGTAGATCTTAGCCACTTTTTTAAAGAAAAGGGGGGACTGGAAGGGCTA
   ATTCACTCCCAAAGAAGACAAGATATCCTTGATCTGTGGATCTACCACACACAAGGC
   TACTTCCCTGATTGGCAGAACTACACACCAGGGCCAGGGGTCAGATATCCACTGACC
   TTTGGATGGTGCTACAAGCTAGTACCAGTTGAGCCAGATAAGGTAGAAGAGGCCAAT
   AAAGGAGAGAAACACCAGCTTGTTACACCTGTGAGCCTGCATGGGATGGATGACCCG
30  GAGAGAGAAGTGTTAGAGTGGAGGTTTGACAGCCACCTAGCATTTTCATCACGTGGCC
   CGAGAGCTGCATCCGAGTACTTCAAGAACTGCTGA [SEQ ID NO: 54]

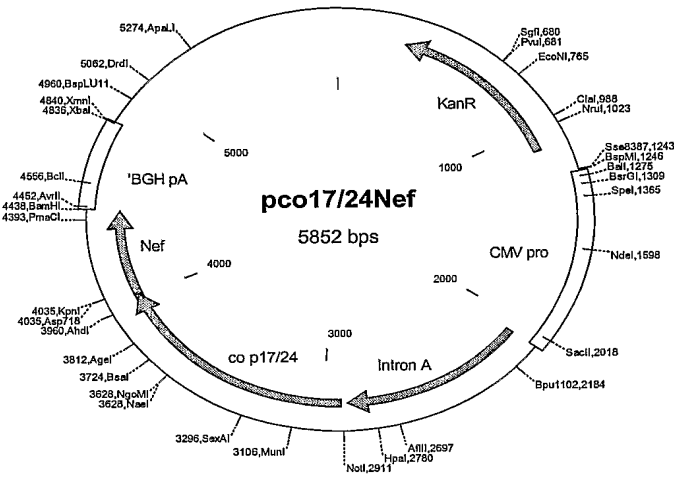
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   MGARASVLSG GELDRWEKIR LRPGGKKKYK LKHIVWASRE LERFAVNPGL
   LETSEGCRQI LGQLQPSLQT GSEELRSLYN TVATLYCVHQ RIEIKDTKEA
35  LDKIEEEQNK SKKKAQQAAA DTGHSNQVSQ NYPIVQNIQG QMVHQAISPR
   TLNAWVKVVE EKAFSPEVIP MFSALSEGAT PQDLNTMLNT VGGHQAAMQM
   LKETINEEAA EWDRVHPVHA GPIAPGQMRE PRGSDIAGTT STLQEQIGWM
   TNNPPIPVGE IYKRWIILGL NKIVRMYSPT SILDIRQGPB EPFRDYVDRF
   YKTLRAEQAS QEVKNWMTET LLVQNANPDC KTIKALGPA ATLEEMMTAC
40  QGVGGPGHKA RVLVGVFPVT PQVPLRPMTY KAAVDLSHFL KEKGGLEGLI
   HSQRRQDILD LWIYHTQGYF PDWQNYTPGP GVRYPPLTFGW CYKLVPVEPD
   KVEEANKGEN TSLLHPVSLH GMDDPEREVL EWRFDShLAF HHVARELHPE
   YFKNC*
   [SEQ ID NO: 55]

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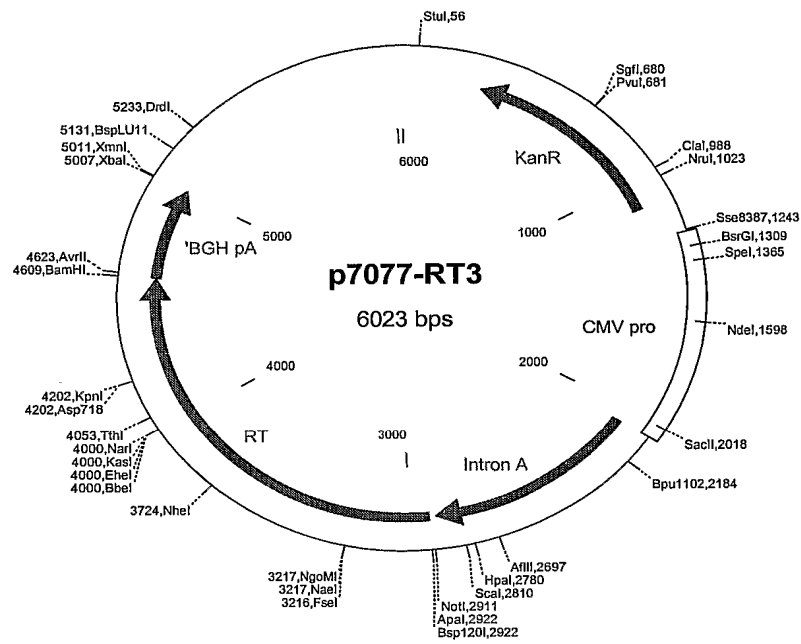
Figure 5**Sequence of RT insert of p7077-RT3:**

5 ATGGGCCCCATCAGTCCCATCGAGACCGTGCCGGTGAAGCTGAAACCCGGGATGGAC
 GGCCCCAAGGTCAAGCAGTGGCCACTCACCGAGGAGAAGATCAAGGCCCTGGTGGAG
 ATCTGCACCGAGATGGAGAAAGAGGGCAAGATCAGCAAGATCGGGCCTGAGAACCCA
 TACAACACCCCCGTGTTTGCCATCAAGAAGAAGGACAGCACCAAGTGGCGCAAGCTG
 GTGGATTTCCGGGAGCTGAATAAGCGGACCCAGGATTTCTGGGAGGTCCAGCTGGGC
 10 ATCCCCCATCCGGCCGGCCTGAAGAAGAAGAAGAGCGTGACCGTGCTGGACGTGGGC
 GACGCTTACTTCAGCGTCCCTCTGGACGAGGACTTTAGAAAGTACACCGCCTTTACC
 ATCCCATCTATCAACAACGAGACCCCTGGCATCAGATATCAGTACAACGTCCTCCCC
 CAGGGCTGGAAGGGCTCTCCCGCCATTTTCCAGAGCTCCATGACCAAGATCCTGGAG
 CCGTTTTCGGAAGCAGAACCCCGATATCGTCATCTACCAGTACATGGACGACCTGTAC
 15 GTGGGCTCTGACCTGGAAATCGGGCAGCATCGCACGAAGATTGAGGAGCTGAGGCAG
 CATCTGCTGAGATGGGGCCTGACCACTCCGGACAAGAAGCATCAGAAGGAGCCGCCA
 TTCCTGTGGATGGGCTACGAGCTCCATCCCGACAAGTGGACCGTGCAGCCTATCGTC
 CTCCCCGAGAAGGACAGCTGGACCGTGAACGACATCCAGAAGCTGGTGGGCAAGCTC
 AACTGGGCTAGCCAGATCTATCCCGGGATCAAGGTGCGCCAGCTCTGCAAGCTGCTG
 20 CGCGGCACCAAGGCCCTGACCGAGGTGATTCCCCTCACGGAGGAAGCCGAGCTCGAG
 CTGGCTGAGAACCGGGAGATCCTGAAGGAGCCCGTGCACGGCGTGTACTATGACCCC
 TCCAAGGACCTGATCGCCGAAATCCAGAAGCAGGGCCAGGGGCAGTGGACATACCAG
 ATTTACCAGGAGCCTTTCAAGAACCTCAAGACCGGCAAGTACGCCCGCATGAGGGGC
 GCCCACACCAACGATGTCAAGCAGCTGACCGAGGCCGTCCAGAAGATCACGACCGAG
 25 TCCATCGTGATCTGGGGGAAGACACCCAAGTTCAAGCTGCCTATCCAGAAGGAGACC
 TGGGAGACGTGGTGGACCGAATATTGGCAGGCCACCTGGATTCCCGAGTGGGAGTTC
 GTGAATACACCTCCTCTGGTGAAGCTGTGGTACCAGCTCGAGAAGGAGCCCATCGTG
 GCGCGGAGACATTCTACGTGGACGCGCGGCCAACCGCGAAACAAAGCTCGGGAAG
 GCCGGGTACGTACCAACCGGGGCCCGCAGAAGGTCGTCACCCTGACCGACACCACC
 30 AACCAGAAGACGGAGCTGCAGGCCATCTATCTCGCTCTCCAGGACTCCGGCCTGGAG
 GTGAACATCGTGACGGACAGCCAGTACGCGCTGGGCATTATTACGGCCCAGCCGGAC
 CAGTCCGAGAGCGAACTGGTGAACCAGATTATCGAGCAGCTGATCAAGAAAGAGAAG
 GTCTACCTCGCCTGGGTCCCGGCCATAAGGGCATTGGCGGCAACGAGCAGGTGCAC
 AAGCTGGTGAGTGCGGGGATTAGAAAGGTGCTGTAA [SEQ ID NO: 56]

35 MGPISPIETV SVKLKPGMDG PKVKQWPLTE EKI KALVEIC TEMEKEGKIS
 KIGPENPYNT PVFAIKKKDS TKWRKLVD FR ELNKRTQDFW EVQLGIPHPA
 GLKKKKS VTV LDVGDAYFSV PLDEDFRKYT AFTIPSINNE TPGIRYQYNV
 LPQGWKGSPA IFQSSMTKIL EPFRKQNPDI VIYQYMDDL Y VGSDLEIGQH
 40 RTKIEELRQH LLRWGLTTPD KKHQKEPPFL WMGYELHPDK WTVQPIVLPE
 KDSWTVNDIQ KLVGKLNWAS QIYPGIKVRQ LCKLLRGTKA LTEVIPLTEE
 AELELAENRE ILKEPVHGVY YDPSKDLIAE IQKQGQGWY YQIYQEPFKN
 LKTGKYARMR GAHTNDVKQL TEAVQKITTE SIVIWGKTPK FKLPIQKETW
 ETWWTEYWQA TWIPEWEFVN TPPLVKLWYQ LEKEPIVGAE TFYVDGAANR
 45 ETKLGKAGYV TNRGRQKVVT LTDTTNQKTE LQAIY LALQD SGLEVNIVTD
 SQYALGIIQA QPDQSESELV NQIIEQLIKK EKVYLA W VPA HKGIGGNEQV

DKLVSAGIRK VL*

[SEQ ID NO: 57]



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Figure 6

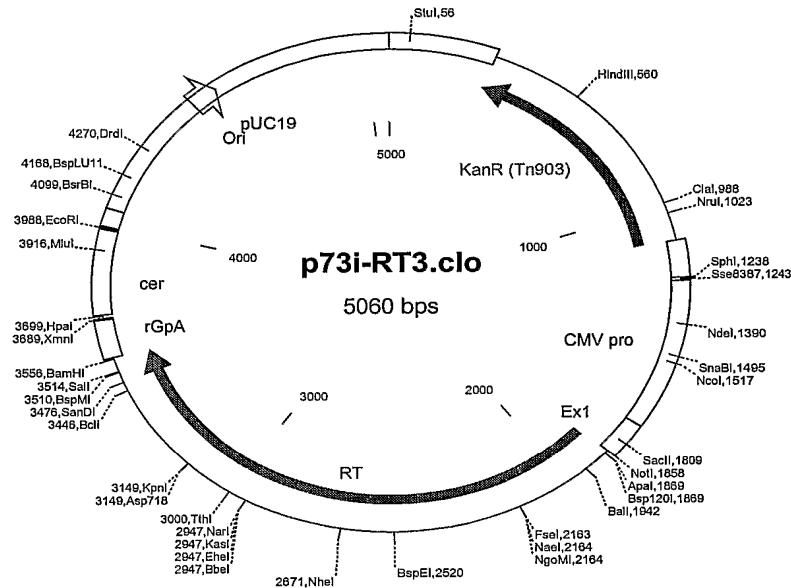
Sequence of the coding insert in p73i-RT3:

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5  ATGGGCCCCATCAGTCCCATCGAGACCGTGCCGGTGAAGCTGAAACCCGGGATGGAC
   GGCCCCAAGGTCAAGCAGTGGCCACTCACCGAGGAGAAGATCAAGGCCCTGGTGGAG
   ATCTGCACCGAGATGGAGAAAGAGGGCAAGATCAGCAAGATCGGGCCTGAGAACCCA
   TACAACACCCCCGTGTTTGCCATCAAGAAGAAGGACAGCACCAAGTGGCGCAAGCTG
   GTGGATTTCCGGGAGCTGAATAAGCGGACCCAGGATTTCTGGGAGGTCCAGCTGGGC
10  ATCCCCCATCCGGCCGGCCTGAAGAAGAAGAAGAGCGTGACCGTGCTGGACGTGGGC
   GACGCTTACTTCAGCGTCCCTCTGGACGAGGACTTTAGAAAGTACACCGCCTTTACC
   ATCCCATCTATCAACAACGAGACCCCTGGCATCAGATATCAGTACAACGTCCTCCCC
   CAGGGCTGGAAGGGCTCTCCCGCCATTTTCCAGAGCTCCATGACCAAGATCCTGGAG
   CCGTTTTCGGAAGCAGAACCCCGATATCGTCATCTACCAGTACATGGACGACCTGTAC
15  GTGGGCTCTGACCTGGAAATCGGGCAGCATCGCACGAAGATTGAGGAGCTGAGGCAG
   CATCTGCTGAGATGGGGCCTGACCACTCCGGACAAGAAGCATCAGAAGGAGCCGCCA
   TTCCTGTGGATGGGCTACGAGCTCCATCCCGACAAGTGGACCGTGCAGCCTATCGTC
   CTCCCCGAGAAGGACAGCTGGACCGTGAACGACATCCAGAAGCTGGTGGGCAAGCTC
   AACTGGGCTAGCCAGATCTATCCCGGGATCAAGGTGCGCCAGCTCTGCAAGCTGCTG
20  CGCGGCACCAAGGCCCTGACCGAGGTGATTCCCCTCACGGAGGAAGCCGAGCTCGAG
   CTGGCTGAGAACCGGGAGATCCTGAAGGAGCCCGTGACCGGCGTGTACTATGACCCC
   TCCAAGGACCTGATCGCCGAAATCCAGAAGCAGGGCCAGGGGCAGTGGACATACCAG
   ATTTACCAGGAGCCTTTCAAGAACCTCAAGACCGGCAAGTACGCCCGCATGAGGGGC
   GCCACACCAACGATGTCAAGCAGCTGACCGAGGCCGTCCAGAAGATCACGACCGAG
25  TCCATCGTGATCTGGGGGAAGACACCCAAGTTCAAGCTGCCTATCCAGAAGGAGACC
   TGGGAGACGTGGTGGACCGAATATTGGCAGGCCACCTGGATTCCCGAGTGGGAGTTC
   GTGAATACACCTCCTCTGGTGAAGCTGTGGTACCAGCTCGAGAAGGAGCCCATCGTG
   GGCGCGGAGACATTCTACGTGGACGGCGCGGCCAACCGCGAAACAAAGCTCGGGAA
   GGCCGGGTACGTACCAACCGGGGGCCGCCAGAAGGTCGTCACCCTGACCGACACCAC
30  CAACCAGAAGACGGAGCTGCAGGCCATCTATCTCGCTCTCCAGGACTCCGGCCTGGA
   GGTGAACATCGTGACGGACAGCCAGTACGCGCTGGGCATTATTACGGCCCAGCCGGA
   CCAGTCCGAGAGCGAACTGGTGAACCAGATTATCGAGCAGCTGATCAAGAAAGAGAA
   GGTCTACCTCGCCTGGGTCCCGGCCCATAGGGGCATTGGCGGCAACGAGCAGGTCTGA
   CAAGCTGGTGAAGTGCGGGGATTAGAAAGGTGCTGTAA  [SEQ ID NO: 58]
35
   MGPISPIETV SVKLKPGMDG PKVKQWPLTE EKIKALVEIC TEMEKEGKIS
   KIGPENPYNT PVFAIKKKDS TKWRKLVDFR ELNKRTQDFW EVQLGIPHPA
   GLKKKKS MTV LDVGDAYFSV PLDEDFRKYT AFTIPSINNE TPGIRYQYNV
   LPQGWKGSPA IFQSSMTKIL EPFRKQNPDI VIYQYMDDLY VGS DLEIGQH
40  RTKIEELRQH LLRWGLTPD KKHQKEPFL WMGYELHPDK WTVQPIVLPE
   KDSWTVNDIQ KLVGKLNWAS QIYPGIKVRQ LCKLLRGTKA LTEVIPLTEE
   AELELAENRE ILKEPVHGVY YDPSKDLIAE IQKQGQGWY YQIYQEPFKN
   LKTGKYARMR GAHTNDVKQL TEAVQKITTE SIVIWGKTPK FKLPIQKETW
   ETWWTEYWQA TWIPEWEFVN TPPLVKLWYQ LEKEPIVGAE TFYVDGAANR
45  ETKLGKAGYV TNRGRQKVVT LTDTTNQKTE LQAIYLALQD SGLEVNIVTD
   SQYALGIIQA QPDQSESELV NQIIEQLIKK EKVYLAWVPA HKGIGGNEQV

```

DKLVSAGIRK VL*
[SEQ ID NO: 59]



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Figure 7**Sequence of Nef insert in 7077trNef20**

5 ATGGTGGGTTTTCCAGTCACACCTCAGGTACCTTTAAGACCAATGACTTACAAGGCA
GCTGTAGATCTTAGCCACTTTTTTAAAAGAAAAGGGGGGACTGGAAGGGCTAATTCAC
TCCCAAAGAAGACAAGATATCCTTGATCTGTGGATCTACCACACACAAGGCTACTTC
CCTGATTGGCAGAACTACACACCAGGGCCAGGGGTCAGATATCCACTGACCTTTGGA
TGGTGCTACAAGCTAGTACCAGTTGAGCCAGATAAGGTAGAAGAGGCCAATAAAGGA
GAGAACACCAGCTTGTTACACCCTGTGAGCCTGCATGGGATGGATGACCCGGAGAGA
10 GAAGTGTTAGAGTGGAGGTTTGACAGCCACCTAGCATTTTCATCACGTGGCCCGAGAG
CTGCATCCGGAGTACTTCAAGAACTGCTGA [SEQ ID NO: 60]

MVGFPVTPQV PLRPMTYKAA VDLSHFLKEK GGLEGLIHSQ RRQDILDLWI
YHTQGYFPDW QNYTPGPGVR YPLTFGWCYK LVPVEPDKVE EANKGENTSL
15 LHPVSLHGMD DPEREVLEWR FDSVLAFFHV ARELHPEYFK NC*
[SEQ ID NO: 61]

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Figure 8

Sequence of RT insert in 7077RT8

ATGGGCCCCATTAGCCCTATTGAGACTGTGTCTAGTAAAATTAAAGCCAGGAATGGAT
GGCCCAAAAGTTAAACAATGGCCATTGACAGAAGAAAAAATAAAAGCATTAGTAGAA
ATTTGTACAGAGATGGAAGGAAGGGAAAATTTCAAAAATTGGGCCTGAAAATCCA
5 TACAATACTCCAGTATTTGCCATAAAGAAAAAGACAGTACTAAATGGAGAAAATTA
GTAGATTTTCAAGAACTTAATAAGAGAACTCAAGACTTCTGGGAAGTTCAATTAGGA
ATACCACATCCCGCAGGGTTAAAAAGAAAAATCAGTAACAGTACTGGATGTGGGT
GATGCATATTTTTTCTAGTTCCCTTAGATGAAGACTTCAGGAAATATACTGCATTTACC
ATACCTAGTATAACAATGAGACACCAGGGATTAGATATCAGTACAATGTGCTTCCA
10 CAGGGATGGAAGGATCACCAGCAATATTCCAAAGTAGCATGACAAAAATCTTAGAG
CCTTTTGTAGAAAACAAAATCCAGACATAGTTATCTATCAATACATGGATGATTTGTAT
GTAGGATCTGACTTAGAAATAGGGCAGCATAGAACAAAAATAGAGGAGCTGAGACAA
CATCTGTTGAGGTGGGGACTTACCACACCAGACAAAAACATCAGAAAGAACCTCCA
TTCCTTTGGATGGGTTATGAACTCCATCCTGATAAATGGACAGTACAGCCTATAGTG
15 CTGCCAGAAAAAGACAGCTGGACTGTCAATGACATACAGAAGTTAGTGGGGAAATTG
AATTGGGCAAGTCAGATTTACCCAGGGATTAAAGTAAGGCAATTATGTAAACTCCTT
AGAGGAACCAAAGCACTAACAGAAGTAATACCACTAACAGAAGAAGCAGAGCTAGAA
CTGGCAGAAAAACAGAGAGATTCTAAAAGAACCAGTACATGGAGTGTATTATGACCCA
TCAAAAGACTTAATAGCAGAAATACAGAAGCAGGGGCAAGGCCAATGGACATATCAA
20 ATTTATCAAGAGCCATTTAAAAATCTGAAAACAGGAAAATATGCAAGAATGAGGGGT
GCCACACTAATGATGTAAAACAATTAACAGAGGCAGTGCAAAAAATAACCACAGAA
AGCATAGTAATATGGGGAAAGACTCCTAAATTTAAACTGCCCATACAAAAGGAAACA
TGGGAAACATGGTGGACAGAGTATTGGCAAGCCACCTGGATTCCTGAGTGGGAGTTT
GTTAATACCCCTCCCTTAGTGAAATTATGGTACCAGTTAGAGAAAGAACCATAGTA
25 GGAGCAGAAACCTTCTATGTAGATGGGGCAGCTAACAGGGAGACTAAATTAGGAAAA
GCAGGATATGTTACTAATAGAGGAAGACAAAAAGTTGTACCCCTAACTGACACAACA
AATCAGAAGACTGAGTTACAAGCAATTTATCTAGCTTTGCAGGATTCGGGATTAGAA
GTAAACATAGTAACAGACTCACAATATGCATTAGGAATCATTCAAGCACAACCAGAT
CAAAGTGAATCAGAGTTAGTCAATCAAATAATAGAGCAGTTAATAAAAAAGGAAAAG
30 GTCTATCTGGCATGGGTACCAGCACACAAAGGAATTGGAGGAAATGAACAAGTAGAT
AAATTAGTCAGTGCTGGAATCAGGAAAGTACTATTTTGTAGATTAA
[SEQ ID NO: 62]

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35 KIGPENPYNT PVFAIKKKDS TKWRKLVDFR ELNKR TQDFW EVQLGIPHPA
GLKKKKS VTV LDVGDAYFSV PLDEDFRKYT AFTIPSINNE TPGIRYQYNV
LPQGWK GSPA IFQSSMTKIL EPFRKQNPDI VIYQYMDDL Y VGSDLEIGQH
RTKIEELRQH LLRWGLTTPD KKHQKEPPFL WMGYELHPDK WTVQPIVLPE
KDSWTVNDIQ KLVGKLNWAS QIYPGIKVRQ LCKLLRGTKA LTEVIPLTEE
40 AELELAENRE ILKEPVHGVY YDPSKDLIAE IQKQGQGWY YQIYQEPFKN
LKTGKYARMR GAHTNDVKQL TEAVQKITTE SIVIWGKTPK FKLPIQKETW
ETWWTEYWQA TWIPEWEFVN TPPLVKLWYQ LEKEPIVGAE TFYVDGAANR
ETKL GKAGYV TNRGRQKVVT LTDTTNQKTE LQAIYLALQD SGLEVNIVTD
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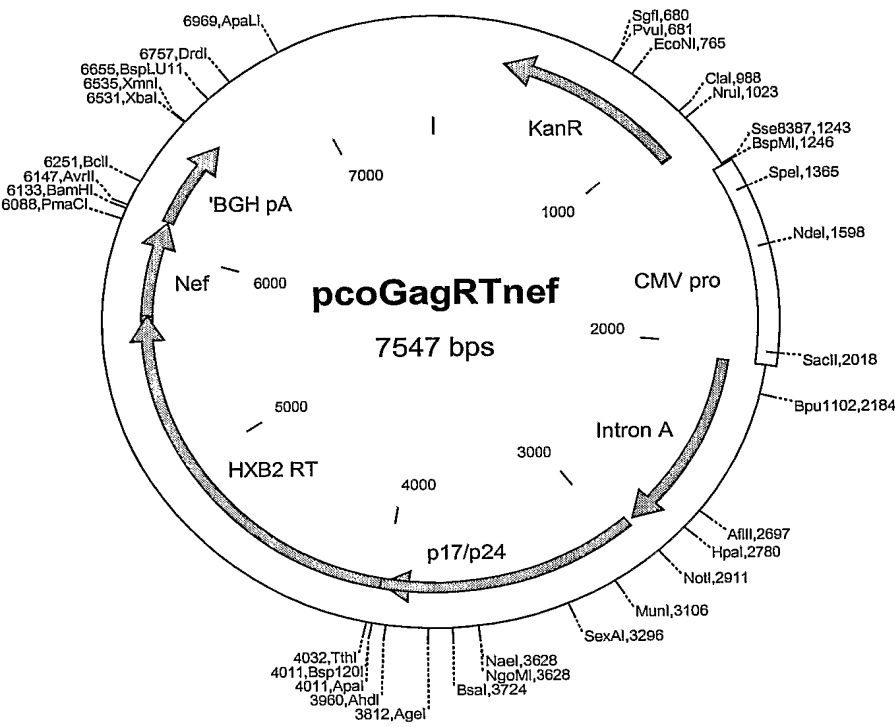
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Figure 9**Sequence of the p17/24opt/RT/trNef insert in p17/24opt/RT/trNef13**

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AGGGAGCTTGAACGGTTTGGCGTGAACCCAGGCCTGCTGGAAACATCTGAGGGATGT
CGCCAGATCCTGGGGCAATTGCAGCCATCCCTCCAGACCGGGAGTGAAGAGCTGAGG
TCCTTGTATAACACAGTGGCTACCCTCTACTGCGTACACCAGAGGATCGAGATTAAG
GATACCAAGGAGGCCTTGGACAAAATTGAGGAGGAGCAAAACAAGAGCAAGAAGAAG
10 GCCCAGCAGGCAGCTGCTGACACTGGGCATAGCAACCAGGTATCACAGAACTATCCT
ATTGTCCAAAACATTCAGGGCCAGATGGTTTCATCAGGCCATCAGCCCCCGGACGCTC
AATGCCTGGGTGAAGGTTGTCTGAAGAGAAGGCCTTTTCTCCTGAGGTTATCCCCATG
TTCTCCGCTTTGAGTGAGGGGGCCACTCCTCAGGACCTCAATACAATGCTTAATACC
GTGGGCGGCCATCAGGCCGCCATGCAAATGTTGAAGGAGACTATCAACGAGGAGGCA
15 GCCGAGTGGGACAGAGTGCATCCCGTCCACGCTGGCCCAATCGCGCCCCGGACAGATG
CGGGAGCCTCGCGGCTCTGACATTGCCGGCACCACCTCTACACTGCAAGAGCAAATC
GGATGGATGACCAACAATCCTCCCATCCCAGTTGGAGAAATCTATAAACGGTGGATC
ATTCTCGGTCTCAATAAAATTGTTAGAATGTACTCTCCGACATCCATCCTTGACATT
AGACAGGGACCCAAAGAGCCTTTTAGGGATTACGTCGACCGGTTTTATAAGACCCTG
20 CGAGCAGAGCAGGCCTCTCAGGAGGTCAAAAACCTGGATGACGGAGACACTCCTGGTA
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CTGGAAGAGATGATGACCGCCTGTCAGGGAGTAGGCGGACCCGGACACAAAGCCAGA
GTGTTGATGGGCCCCATTAGCCCTATTGAGACTGTGTGAGTAAATTAAGCCAGGA
ATGGATGGCCCCAAAAGTTAAACAATGGCCATTGACAGAAGAAAAAATAAAGCATTA
25 GTAGAAATTTGTACAGAGATGGAAAAGGAAGGGAAAATTTCAAAAATTGGGCCTGAA
AATCCATACAATACTCCAGTATTTGCCATAAAGAAAAAAGACAGTACTAAATGGAGA
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30 TTTACCATACCTAGTATAAACAATGAGACACCAGGGATTAGATATCAGTACAATGTG
CTTCCACAGGGATGGAAAGGATCACCAGCAATATTCCAAAGTAGCATGACAAAAATC
TTAGAGCCTTTTAGAAAACAAAATCCAGACATAGTTATCTATCAATACATGGATGAT
TTGTATGTAGGATCTGACTTAGAAATAGGGCAGCATAGAACAAAAATAGAGGAGCTG
AGACAACATCTGTTGAGGTGGGGACTTACCACACCAGACAAAAAACATCAGAAAGAA
35 CCTCCATTCTTTTGGATGGGTTATGAACTCCATCCTGATAAATGGACAGTACAGCCT
ATAGTGCTGCCAGAAAAAGACAGCTGGACTGTCAATGACATACAGAAGTTAGTGGGG
AAATTGAATTGGGCAAGTCAGATTTACCCAGGGATTAAAGTAAGGCAATTATGTAA
CTCCTTAGAGGAACCAAAGCACTAACAGAAGTAATACCACTAACAGAAGAAGCAGAG
CTAGAACTGGCAGAAAAACAGAGAGATTCTAAAAGAACCAGTACATGGAGTGTATTAT
40 GACCCATCAAAAGACTTAATAGCAGAAATACAGAAGCAGGGGCAAGGCCAATGGACA
TATCAAATTTATCAAGAGCCATTTAAAAATCTGAAAACAGGAAAATATGCAAGAATG
AGGGGTGCCACACTAATGATGTAAACAATTAACAGAGGCAGTGCAAAAAATAACC
ACAGAAAGCATAGTAATATGGGGAAAGACTCCTAAATTTAACTGCCCATACAAAAG
GAAACATGGGAACATGGTGGACAGAGTATTGGCAAGCCACCTGGATTCTTGAGTGG

GAGTTTGTTAATACCCCTCCCTTAGTGAAATTATGGTACCAGTTAGAGAAAGAACCC
ATAGTAGGAGCAGAAACCTTCTATGTAGATGGGGCAGCTAACAGGGAGACTAAATTA
GGAAAAGCAGGATATGTTACTAATAGAGGAAGACAAAAAGTTGTCACCCTAACTGAC
ACAACAAATCAGAAGACTGAGTTACAAGCAATTTATCTAGCTTTGCAGGATTCGGGA
5 TTAGAAGTAAACATAGTAACAGACTCACAATATGCATTAGGAATCATTTCAAGCACAA
CCAGATCAAAGTGAATCAGAGTTAGTCAATCAAATAATAGAGCAGTTAATAAAAAAG
GAAAAGGTCTATCTGGCATGGGTACCAGCACACAAAGGAATTGGAGGAAATGAACAA
GTAGATAAATTAGTCAGTGCTGGAATCAGGAAAGTACTATTTTTTAGATATGGTGGGT
TTTCCAGTCACACCTCAGGTACCTTTAAGACCAATGACTTACAAGGCAGCTGTAGAT
10 CTTAGCCACTTTTTTAAAGAAAAGGGGGGACTGGAAGGGCTAATTCCTCCCAAAGA
AGACAAGATATCCTTGATCTGTGGATCTACCACACACAAGGCTACTTCCCTGATTGG
CAGAACTACACACCAGGGCCAGGGGTGAGATATCCACTGACCTTTGGATGGTGCTAC
AAGCTAGTACCAGTTGAGCCAGATAAGGTAGAAGAGGCCAATAAAGGAGAGAACACC
AGCTTGTTACACCCTGTGAGCCTGCATGGGATGGATGACCCGGAGAGAGAAGTGTTA
15 GAGTGGAGGTTTGACAGCCACCTAGCATTTTCATCACGTGGCCCGAGAGCTGCATCCG
GAGTACTTCAAGAACTGCTGA [SEQ ID NO: 64]

MGARASVLSG GELDRWEKIR LRPGGKKKYK LKHIVWASRE LERFAVNPGL
LETSEGCRQI LGQLQPSLQT GSEELRSLYN TVATLYCVHQ RIEIKDTKEA
20 LDKIEEEQNK SKKKAQQAAA DTGHSNQVSQ NYPIVQNIQG QMVHQAISPR
TLNAWVKVVE EKAFSPEVIP MFSALSEGAT PQDLNTMLNT VGGHQAAMQM
LKETINEEAA EWDRVHPVHA GPIAPGQMRE PRGSDIAGTT STLQEQIGWM
TNNPPIPVGE IYKRWIILGL NKIVRMYSP T SILDIRQGP K EPFRDYVDRF
YKTLRAEQAS QEVKNWMTET LLVQANANPDC K TILKALGPA A TLEEMMTAC
25 QGVGGPGHKA RVLMPISP I ETVSVKLKPG MDGPKVKQWP L TEEKIKALV
EICTEMEKEG KISKIGPENP YNTPVFAIK K KDSTKWRKL V DFRELNKRTO
DFWEVQLGIP HPAGLKKKKS VTVLDVGDAY FSVPLDEDFR KYTAFTIPSI
NNETPGIRYQ YNVLPQGWKG SPAIFQSSMT KILEPFRKQN PDIVYQYMD
DLYVGSLEI GQHRTKIEEL RQHLLRWGLT TPDKKHQKEP PFLWMGYELH
30 PDKWTVQPIV LPEKDSWTVN DIQKLVGKLN WASQIYPGIK VRQLCKLLRG
TKALTEVIPL TEEAELELAE NREILKEPVH G VYYDPSKDL I AEIQKQGQG
QWTYQIYQEP FKNLKTGKYA RMRGAHTNDV KQLTEAVQKI TTESIVIWGK
TPKFKLPIQK ETWETWWTEY WQATWIPWE FVNTPLVLK WYQLEKEPIV
GAETFYVDGA ANRETKLGKA GYVTNRGRQK VVTLTDTTNQ KTELQAIYLA
35 LQDSGLEVNI VTDSQYALGI IQAQPDQSES ELVNQIIEQL IKKEKVYLAW
VPAHKGIGGN EQVDKLVSAG IRKVLFLDMV GFPVTPQVPL RPMTYKAAVD
LSHFLKEKGG LEGLIHSQRR QDILDWLIYH TQGYFPDWQN YTPGPGVRYP
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40 [SEQ ID NO: 65]



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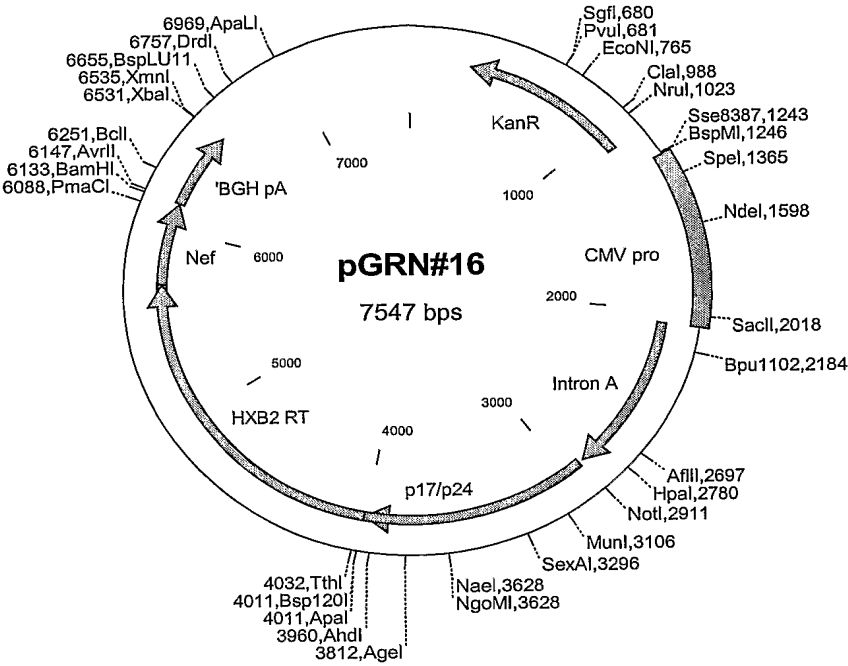
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Figure 10**Sequence of the p17/p24opt(cor)/RT/trNef coding insert in WRG7077:**

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5 AGGCTGCGCCCGGGAGGCCAAAAAGAAATACAAGCTCAAGCATATCGTGTGGGCCTCG
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CGCCAGATCCTGGGGCAATTGCAGCCATCCCTCCAGACCGGGAGTGAAGAGCTGAGG
TCCTTGTATAACACAGTGGCTACCCTCTACTGCGTACACCAGAGGATCGAGATTAAG
10 GATACCAAGGAGGCCTTGGACAAAATTGAGGAGGAGCAAAACAAGAGCAAGAAGAAG
GCCCAGCAGGCAGCTGCTGACACTGGGCATAGCAACCAGGTATCACAGAACTATCCT
ATTGTCCAAAACATTCAGGGCCAGATGGTTCATCAGGCCATCAGCCCCGGACGCTC
AATGCCTGGGTGAAGGTTGTCTGAAGAGAAGGCCTTTTCTCCTGAGGTTATCCCCATG
TTCTCCGCTTTGAGTGAGGGGGCCACTCCTCAGGACCTCAATACAATGCTTAATACC
GTGGGCGGCCATCAGGCCGCCATGCAAATGTTGAAGGAGACTATCAACGAGGAGGCA
15 GCCGAGTGGGACAGAGTGCATCCCGTCCACGCTGGCCCAATCGCGCCCCGGACAGATG
CGGGAGCCTCGCGGCTCTGACATTGCCGGCACCACCTCTACACTGCAAGAGCAAATC
GGATGGATGACCAACAATCCTCCCATCCCAGTTGGAGAAATCTATAAACGGTGGATC
ATCCTGGGCCTGAACAAGATCGTGCGCATGTACTCTCCGACATCCATCCTTGACATT
AGACAGGGACCCAAAGAGCCTTTTAGGGATTACGTCGACCGGTTTTATAAGACCCTG
20 CGAGCAGAGCAGGCCTCTCAGGAGGTCAAAAAGTGGATGACGGAGACACTCCTGGTA
CAGAACGCTAACCCCGACTGCAAAACAATCTTGAAGGCACTAGGCCCGGCTGCCACC
CTGGAAGAGATGATGACCGCCTGTCAGGGAGTAGGCGGACCCGGACACAAAGCCAGA
GTGTTGATGGGCCCCATTAGCCCTATTGAGACTGTGTCTAGTAAATTAAGCCAGGA
ATGGATGGCCCCAAAAGTTAAACAATGGCCATTGACAGAAGAAAAAATAAAGCATTGA
25 GTAGAAATTTGTACAGAGATGGAAAAGGAAGGGAAAATTTCAAAAATTGGGCCTGAA
AATCCATACAATACTCCAGTATTTGCCATAAAGAAAAAAGACAGTACTAAATGGAGA
AAATTAGTAGATTTTCAGAGAACTTAATAAGAGAACTCAAGACTTCTGGGAAGTTCAA
TTAGGAATACCACATCCCGCAGGGTTAAAAAAGAAAAAATCAGTAACAGTACTGGAT
GTGGGTGATGCATATTTTTTCAGTTCCCTTAGATGAAGACTTCAGGAAATATACTGCA
30 TTTACCATACCTAGTATAAACAATGAGACACCAGGGATTAGATATCAGTACAATGTG
CTTCCACAGGGATGGAAAGGATCACCAGCAATATTCCAAAGTAGCATGACAAAAATC
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TTGTATGTAGGATCTGACTTAGAAATAGGGCAGCATAGAACAAAAATAGAGGAGCTG
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35 CCTCCATTCCTTTGGATGGGTATGAACTCCATCCTGATAAATGGACAGTACAGCCT
ATAGTGCTGCCAGAAAAGACAGCTGGACTGTCAATGACATACAGAAGTTAGTGGGG
AAATTGAATTGGGCAAGTCAGATTTACCCAGGGATTAAAGTAAGGCAATTATGTAAA
CTCCTTAGAGGAACCAAGCACTAACAGAAGTAATACCACTAACAGAAGAAGCAGAG
CTAGAACTGGCAGAAAACAGAGAGATTCTAAAAGAACCAGTACATGGAGTGTATTAT
40 GACCCATCAAAAGACTTAATAGCAGAAATACAGAAGCAGGGGCAAGGCCAATGGACA
TATCAAATTTATCAAGAGCCATTTAAAAATCTGAAAACAGGAAAATATGCAAGAATG
AGGGGTGCCCACTAATGATGTAAAACAATTAACAGAGGCAGTGCAAAAAATAACC
ACAGAAAGCATAGTAATATGGGGAAAGACTCCTAAATTTAAACTGCCCATACAAAAG
GAAACATGGGAAACATGGTGGACAGAGTATTGGCAAGCCACCTGGATTCTTGAGTGG
45 GAGTTTGTTAATACCCCTCCCTTAGTGAAATTATGGTACCAGTTAGAGAAAGAACCC
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ATAGTAGGAGCAGAAACCTTCTATGTAGATGGGGCAGCTAACAGGGAGACTAAATTA
 GGAAAAGCAGGATATGTTACTAATAGAGGAAGACAAAAAGTTGTCACCCTAACTGAC
 ACAACAAATCAGAAGACTGAGTTACAAGCAATTTATCTAGCTTTGCAGGATTCGGGA
 TTAGAAGTAAACATAGTAACAGACTCACAATATGCATTAGGAATCATTCAAGCACAA
 5 CCAGATCAAAGTGAATCAGAGTTAGTCAATCAAATAATAGAGCAGTTAATAAAAAAG
 GAAAAGGTCTATCTGGCATGGGTACCAGCACACAAAGGAATTGGAGGAAATGAACAA
 GTAGATAAATTAGTCAGTGCTGGAATCAGGAAAGTACTATTTTTTAGATATGGTGGGT
 TTTCCAGTCACACCTCAGGTACCTTTAAGACCAATGACTTACAAGGCAGCTGTAGAT
 CTTAGCCACTTTTTTAAAGAAAAGGGGGGACTGGAAGGGCTAATTCACTCCCAAAGA
 10 AGACAAGATATCCTTGATCTGTGGATCTACCACACACAAGGCTACTTCCCTGATTGG
 CAGAACTACACACCAGGGCCAGGGGTGAGATATCCACTGACCTTTGGATGGTGCTAC
 AAGCTAGTACCAGTTGAGCCAGATAAGGTAGAAGAGGCCAATAAAGGAGAGAACACC
 AGCTTGTTACACCCTGTGAGCCTGCATGGGATGGATGACCCGGAGAGAGAAGTGTTA
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 15 GAGTACTTCAAGAACTGCTGA [SEQ ID NO: 66]

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 LETSEGCRQI LGQLQPSLQT GSEELRSLYN TVATLYCVHQ RIEIKDTKEA
 20 LDKIEEEQNK SKKKAQQAAA DTGHSNQVSQ NYPIVQNIQG QMVHQAISPR
 TLNAWVKVVE EKAFSPEVIP MFSALSEGAT PQDLNTMLNT VGGHQAAMQM
 LKETINEEAA EWDRVHPVHA GPIAPGQMRE PRGSDIAGTT STLQEQIGWM
 TNNPPIPVGE IYKRWIILGL NKIVRMYSPT SILDIRQGPKEPFRDYVDRF
 YKTLRAEQAS QEVKNWMTET LLVQNANPDC KTIILKALGPA ATLEEMMTAC
 25 QGVGGPGHKA RVLMPISPPI ETVSVKLKPG MDGPKVKQWP LTEEKIKALV
 EICTEMEKEG KISKIGPENP YNTPVFAIKK KDSTKWRKLV DFRELNKRTQ
 DFWEVQLGIP HPAGLKKKKS VTVLDVGDAY FSVPLDEDFR KYTAFTIPSI
 NNETPGIRYQ YNVLPQGWKG SPAIFQSSMT KILEPFRKQN PDIVIIYQYMD
 DLYVGSLEI GQHRTKIEEL RQHLLRWGLT TPDKKHQKEP PFLWMGYELH
 30 PDKWTVQPIV LPEKDSWTVN DIQKLVGKLN WASQIYPGIK VRQLCKLLRG
 TKALTEVIPL TEEAELELAE NREILKEPVH GVEYDPSKDL IAEIQKQGQG
 QWTYQIYQEP FKNLKTGKYA RMRGAHTNDV KQLTEAVQKI TTESIWIWVK
 TPKFKLPIQK ETWETWWTEY WQATWIPEWE FVNTPLVLKL WYQLEKEPIV
 GAETFYVDGA ANRETKLGKA GYVTNRGRQK VVTLTDTTNQ KTELQAIYLA
 35 LQDSGLEVNI VTDSQYALGI IQAQPQSES ELVNQIIEQL IKKEKVYLAW
 VPAHKGIGGN EQVDKLVSAG IRKVLFLDMV GFPVTPQVPL RPMTYKAAVD
 LSHFLKEKGG LEGLIHSQRR QDILDLWIYH TQGYFPDWQN YTPGPGVRYF
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 40 [SEQ ID NO: 67]



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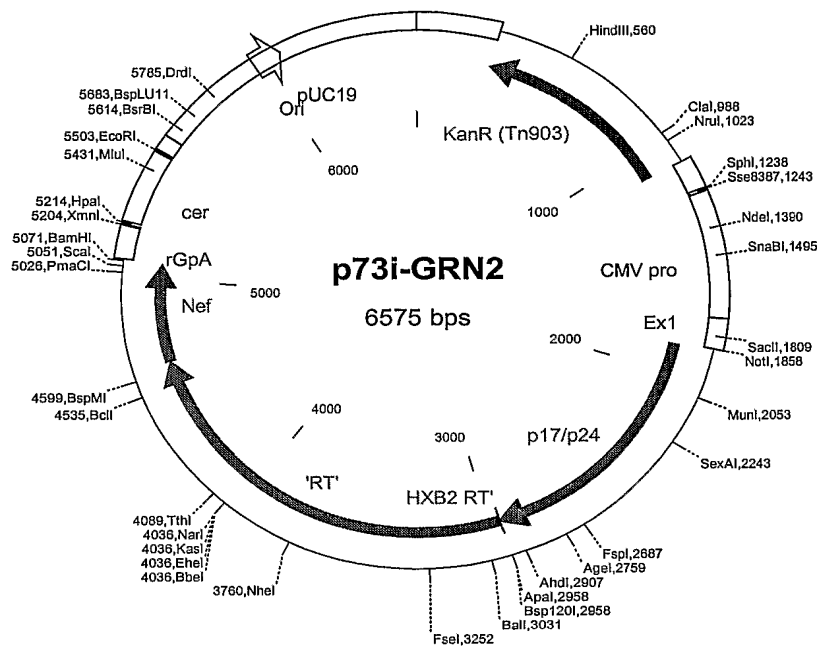
Figure 11**Sequence of the p17/p24(opt)/RT(opt)trNef insert in p73i-GRN2:**

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GCTGGAAACATCTGAGGGATGTCGCCAGATCCTGGGGCAATTGCAGCCAT
CCCTCCAGACCGGGAGTGAAGAGCTGAGGTCCTTGTATAACACAGTGGCT
ACCCTCTACTGCGTACACCAGAGGATCGAGATTAAGGATACCAAGGAGGC
10 CTTGGACAAAATTGAGGAGGAGCAAAACAAGAGCAAGAAGAAGGCCCCAG
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TATTGTCCAAAACATTTCAGGGCCAGATGGTTTCATCAGGCCATCAGCCCCC
GGACGCTCAATGCCTGGGTGAAGGTTGTCGAAGAGAAGGCCTTTTCTCCT
GAGGTTATCCCCATGTTCTCCGCTTTGAGTGAGGGGGCCACTCCTCAGGAC
15 CTCAATACAATGCTTAATACCGTGGGCGGCCATCAGGCCGCCATGCAAAT
GTTGAAGGAGACTATCAACGAGGAGGCAGCCGAGTGGGACAGAGTGCAT
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30 AGCACCAAGTGGCGCAAGCTGGTGGATTTCCGGGAGCTGAATAAGCGGAC
CCAGGATTTCTGGGAGGTCCAGCTGGGCATCCCCATCCGGCCGGCCTGA
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5 GATTGAGGAGCTGAGGCAGCATCTGCTGAGATGGGGCCTGACCACTCCGG
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CTGGACCGTGAACGACATCCAGAAGCTGGTGGGCAAGCTCAACTGGGCTA
GCCAGATCTATCCCGGGATCAAGGTGCGCCAGCTCTGCAAGCTGCTGCGC
10 GGCACCAAGGCCCTGACCGAGGTGATTCCCCTCACGGAGGAAGCCGAGCT
CGAGCTGGCTGAGAACCGGGAGATCCTGAAGGAGCCCGTGCACGGCGTGT
ACTATGACCCCTCCAAGGACCTGATCGCCGAAATCCAGAAGCAGGGCCAG
GGGCAGTGGACATAACCAGATTTACCAGGAGCCTTTCAAGAACCTCAAGAC
CGGCAAGTACGCCCCGCATGAGGGGCGCCACACCAACGATGTCAAGCAG
15 CTGACCGAGGCCGTCCAGAAGATCACGACCGAGTCCATCGTGATCTGGGG
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AATACACCTCCTCTGGTGAAGCTGTGGTACCAGCTCGAGAAGGAGCCCAT
CGTGGGCGCGGAGACATTCTACGTGGACGGCGCGGCCAACCGCGAAACA
20 AAGCTCGGGAAGGCCGGGTACGTCACCAACCGGGGCCGCGCAGAAGGTCG
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25 GCCTGGGTCCCGGCCATAAGGGCATTGGCGGCAACGAGCAGGTGACAA
GCTGGTGAGTGCGGGGATTAGAAAGGTGCTGATGGTGGGTTTTCCAGTCA
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30 TCCCTGATTGGCAGAACTACACACCAGGGCCAGGGGTCAGATATCCACTG
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CCGCGCTAGCATTTCATCACGTGGCCCGAGAGCTGCATCCGGAGTACTTCA
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10 TNNPPIPVGE IYKRWIILGL NKIVRMYSPT SILDIRQGP K EPFRDYVDRF
YKTLRAEQAS QEVKNWMTET LLVQNANPDC K TILKALGPA ATLEEMMTAC
QGVGGPGHKA RVLMPISP I ETVSVKLPKPG MDGPKVKQWP LTEEKIKALV
EICTEMEKEG KISKIGPENP YNTPVFAIKK KDSTKWRKLV DFRELNKRTQ
DFWEVQLGIP HPAGLKKKKS VTVLDVGDAY FSVPLDEDFR KYTAFTIPSI
15 NNETPGIRYQ YNVLPQGWKG SPAIFQSSMT KILEPFRKQN PDIVYQYMD
DLYVGS DLEI GQHRTKIEEL RQHLLRWGLT TPDKKHQKEP PFLWMGYELH
PDKWTVQPIV LPEKDSWTVN DIQKLVGKLN WASQIYPGIK VRQLCKLLRG
TKALTEVIPL TEEAELELAE NREILKEPVH GVYYDPSKDL IAEIQKQGQG
QWTYQIYQEP FKNLKTGKYA RMRGAHTNDV KQLTEAVQKI TTESIVIWGK
20 TPKFKLPIQK ETWETWWTEY WQATWIPEWE FVNTPLVVKL WYQLEKEPIV
GAETFYVDGA ANRETKLGKA GYVTNRGRQK VVTLTDTTNQ KTELQAIYLA
LQDSGLEVNI VTDSQYALGI IQAQPQSES ELVNQIIEQL IKKEKVYLAW
VPAHKGIGGN EQVDKLVSAG IRKVL MVGFP VTPQVPLRPM TYKAAVDLSH
FLKEKGGLEG LIHSQRRQDI LDLWIYHTQG YFPDWQNYTP GPGVRYPLTF
25 GWCYKLVPVE PDKVEEANKG ENTSL LHPVS LHGMDDPERE VLEWRFDSRL
AFHHVARELH PEYFKNC*
[SEQ ID NO: 69]



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Figure 12**Sequence of the p17/p24opt/trNef insert in p73i-GN2:**

5 ATGGGTGCCCCGAGCTTCGGTACTGTCTGGTGGAGAGCTGGACAGATGGGAGAAAATT
 AGGCTGCGCCCGGGAGGC AAAAAGAAATACAAGCTCAAGCATATCGTGTGGGCCTCG
 AGGGAGCTTGAACGGTTTGCCGTGAACCCAGGCCTGCTGGAAACATCTGAGGGATGT
 CGCCAGATCCTGGGGCAATTGCAGCCATCCCTCCAGACCGGGAGTGAAGAGCTGAGG
 TCCTTGTATAACACAGTGGCTACCCTCTACTGCGTACACCAGAGGATCGAGATTAAAG
 GATACCAAGGAGGCCTTGGACAAAATTGAGGAGGAGCAAAACAAGAGCAAGAAGAAG
 10 GCCCAGCAGGCAGCTGCTGACACTGGGCATAGCAACCAGGTATCACAGAACTATCCT
 ATTGTCCAAAACATTCAGGGCCAGATGGTTCATCAGGCCATCAGCCCCCGGACGCTC
 AATGCCTGGGTGAAGGTTGTCTGAAGAGAAGGCCTTTTCTCCTGAGGTTATCCCCATG
 TTCTCCGCTTTGAGTGAGGGGGCCACTCCTCAGGACCTCAATACAATGCTTAATACC
 GTGGGCGGCCATCAGGCCGCCATGCAAATGTTGAAGGAGACTATCAACGAGGAGGCA
 15 GCCGAGTGGGACAGAGTGCATCCCGTCCACGCTGGCCCAATCGCGCCCGGACAGATG
 CGGGAGCCTCGCGGCTCTGACATTGCCGGCACCACCTCTACACTGCAAGAGCAAATC
 GGATGGATGACCAACAATCCTCCCATCCAGTTGGAGAAATCTATAAACGGTGGATC
 ATTCTCGGTCTCAATAAAATTGTTAGAATGTACTCTCCGACATCCATCCTTGACATT
 AGACAGGGACCCAAAGAGCCTTTTtagggATTACGTCGACCGGTTTTATAAGACCCTG
 20 CGAGCAGAGCAGGCCTCTCAGGAGGTCAAAAACCTGGATGACGGAGACACTCCTGGTA
 CAGAACGCTAACCCCGACTGCAAAACAATCTTGAAGGCACTAGGCCCGGCTGCCACC
 CTGGAAGAGATGATGACCGCCTGTCAGGGAGTAGGCGGACCCGGACACAAAGCCAGA
 GTGTTGATGGTGGGTTTTCCAGTCACACCTCAGGTACCTTTAAGACCAATGACTTAC
 AAGGCAGCTGTAGATCTTAGCCACTTTTTAAAAGAAAAGGGGGGACTGGAAGGGCTA
 25 ATTCACTCCCAAAGAAGACAAGATATCCTTGATCTGTGGATCTACCACACACAAGGC
 TACTTCCCTGATTGGCAGAACTACACACCAGGGCCAGGGGTCAGATATCCACTGACC
 TTTGGATGGTGCTACAAGCTAGTACCAGTTGAGCCAGATAAGGTAGAAGAGGCCAAT
 AAAGGAGAGAACACCAGCTTGTTACACCCTGTGAGCCTGCATGGGATGGATGACCCG
 GAGAGAGAAGTGTTAGAGTGGAGGTTTGACAGCCGCTAGCATTTTCATCACGTGGCC
 30 CGAGAGCTGCATCCGGAGTACTTCAAGAACTGCTGA [SEQ ID NO: 70]

35 MGARASVLSG GELDRWEKIR LRPGGKKKKYK LKHIVWASRE LERFAVNPGL
 LETSEGCRQI LGQLQPSLQT GSEELRSLYN TVATLYCVHQ RIEIKDTKEA
 LDKIEEEQNK SKKKAQQAAA DTGHSNQVSQ NYPIVQNIQG QMVHQAI SPR
 TLNAWVKVVE EKAFSPEVIP MFSALSEGAT PQDLNTMLNT VGGHQAMQM
 LKETINEEAA EWDRVHPVHA GPIAPGQMRE PRGSDIAGTT STLQEQIGWM
 TNNPPIPVGE IYKRWIILGL NKIVRMYSPT SILDIRQGPK EPFRDYVDRF
 YKTLRAEQAS QEVKNWMTET LLVQNPANPD C KTI LKALGPA ATLEEMMTAC
 40 QGVGGPGHKA RVL MVGF PVT PQVPLRPMTY KAAVDLSHFL KEKGGLEGLI
 HSQRRQDILD LWIYHTQGYF PDWQNYTPGP GVRYP LTFGW CYKLVPVEPD
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 YFKNC* [SEQ ID NO: 71]

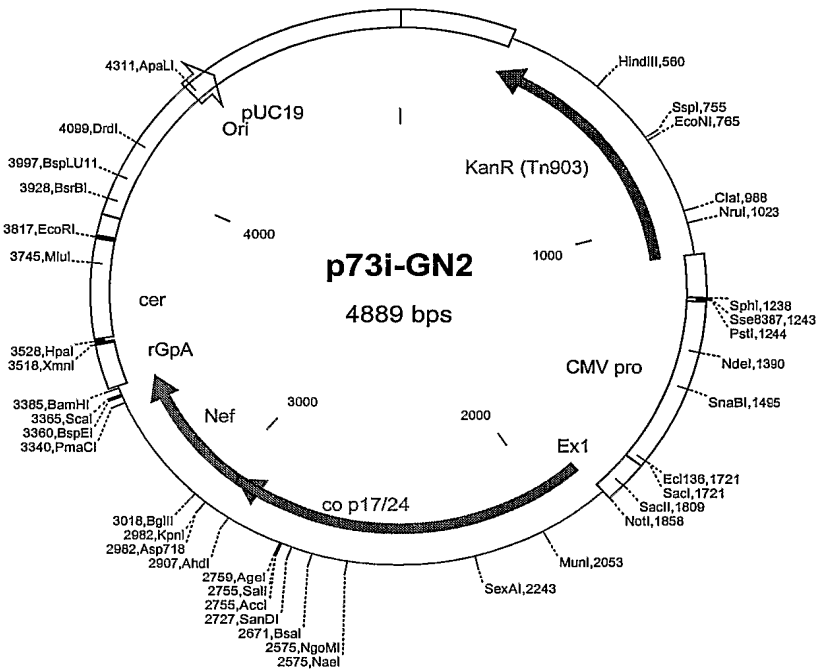
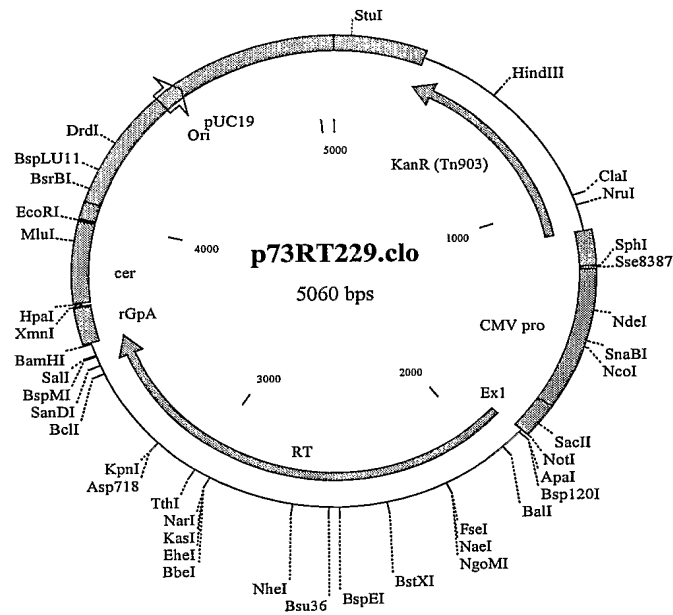


Figure 13**Sequence of RT w229k:**

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TTTGCCATCAAGAAGAAGGACAGCACCAAGTGGCGCAAGCTGGTGGATTTCCGGGAGCTGAA
TAAGCGGACCCAGGATTTCTGGGAGGTCCAGCTGGGCATCCCCATCCGGCCGGCCTGAAGA
AGAAGAAGAGCGTGACCGTGCTGGACGTGGGCGACGCTTACTTCAGCGTCCCTCTGGACGAG
10 GACTTTAGAAAGTACACCGCCTTTACCATCCCATCTATCAACAACGAGACCCCTGGCATCAG
ATATCAGTACAACGTCCTCCCCAGGGCTGGAAGGGCTCTCCCGCCATTTTCCAGAGCTCCA
TGACCAAGATCCTGGAGCCGTTTCGGAAGCAGAACCCCGATATCGTCATCTACCAGTACATG
GACGACCTGTACGTGGGCTCTGACCTGGAAATCGGGCAGCATCGCACGAAGATTGAGGAGCT
GAGGCAGCATCTGCTGAGATGGGGCCTGACCACTCCGGACAAGAAGCATCAGAAGGAGCCGC
15 CATTCTGaaGATGGGCTACGAGCTCCATCCCGACAAGTGGACCGTGCAGCCTATCGTCCTC
CCCGAGAAGGACAGCTGGACCGTGAACGACATCCAGAAGCTGGTGGGCAAGCTCAACTGGGC
TAGCCAGATCTATCCCGGGATCAAGGTGCGCCAGCTCTGCAAGCTGCTGCGCGGCACCAAGG
CCCTGACCGAGGTGATTCCCCTCACGGAGGAAGCCGAGCTCGAGCTGGCTGAGAACCGGGAG
ATCCTGAAGGAGCCCGTGACGGCGTGTACTATGACCCCTCCAAGGACCTGATCGCCGAAAT
20 CCAGAAGCAGGGCCAGGGGCAGTGGACATAACCAGATTTACCAGGAGCCTTTCAAGAACCTCA
AGACCGGCAAGTACGCCCGCATGAGGGGCGCCACACCAACGATGTCAAGCAGCTGACCGAG
GCCGTCCAGAAGATCACGACCGAGTCCATCGTGATCTGGGGGAAGACACCCAAGTTCAAGCT
GCCTATCCAGAAGGAGACCTGGGAGACGTGGTGGACCGAATATTGGCAGGCCACCTGGATTTC
CCGAGTGGGAGTTTCGTGAATACACCTCCTCTGGTGAAGCTGTGGTACCAGCTCGAGAAGGAG
25 CCCATCGTGGGCGCGGAGACATTCTACGTGGACGGCGCGGCCAACCGCGAAACAAAGCTCGG
GAAGGCCGGGTACGTACCAACCGGGGCCCGCAGAAGGTGTCACCCTGACCGACACCACCA
ACCAGAAGACGGAGCTGCAGGCCATCTATCTCGCTCTCCAGGACTCCGGCCTGGAGGTGAAC
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CGAACTGGTGAACCAGATTATCGAGCAGCTGATCAAGAAAGAGAAGGTCTACCTCGCCTGGG

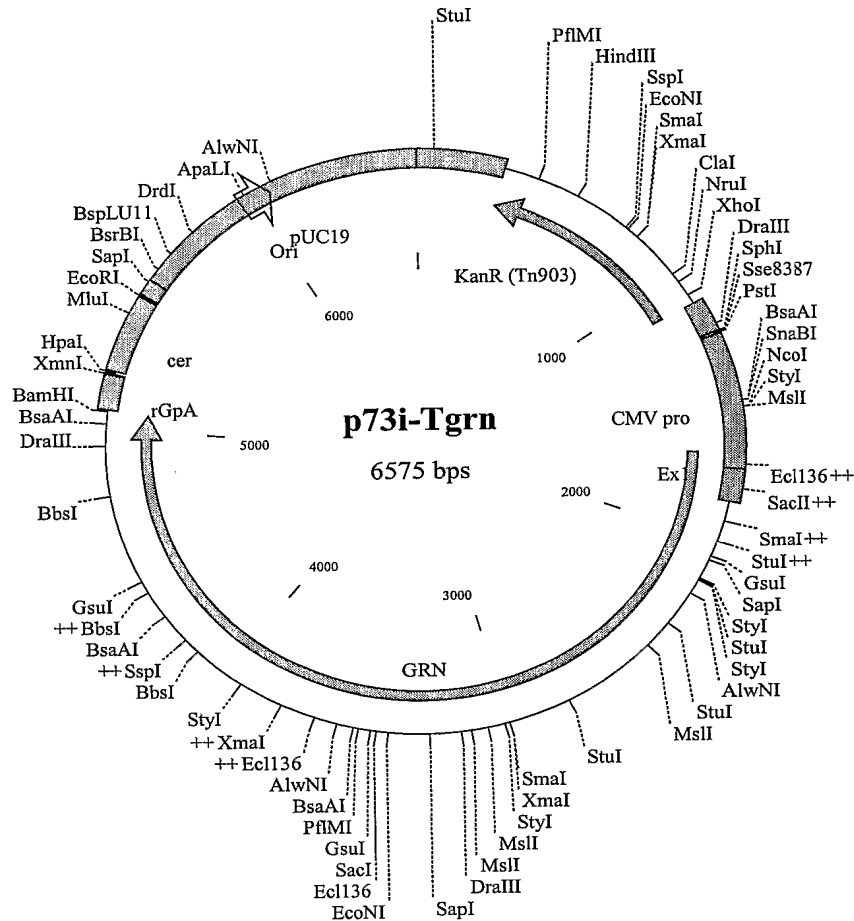
TCCCGGCCCATAGGGCATTGGCGGCAACGAGCAGGTCGACAAGCTGGTGAGTGCGGGGATT
AGAAAGGTGCTGTAA [SEQ ID NO: 72]



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Figure 14**Sequence:**

5

ATGGGTGCCCCGAGCTTCGGTACTGTCTGGTGGAGAGCTGGACAGATGGGAGAAAATT
 AGGCTGCGCCCCGGGAGGCAAAAAGAAATACAAGCTCAAGCATATCGTGTGGGCCTCG
 AGGGAGCTTGAACGGTTTGGCGTGAACCCAGGCCTGCTGGAAACATCTGAGGGATGT
 CGCCAGATCCTGGGGCAATTGCAGCCATCCCTCCAGACCGGGAGTGAAGAGCTGAGG
 TCCTTGTATAACACAGTGGCTACCCTCTACTGCGTACACCAGAGGATCGAGATTAAG
 GATACCAAGGAGGCCTTGGACAAAATTGAGGAGGAGCAAAACAAGAGCAAGAAGAAG
 GCCCAGCAGGCAGCTGCTGACACTGGGCATAGCAACCAGGTATCACAGAACTATCCT
 ATTGTCCAAAACATTCAGGGCCAGATGGTTCATCAGGCCATCAGCCCCCGGACGCTC
 AATGCCTGGGTGAAGGTTGTGGAAGAGAAGGCCTTTTCTCCTGAGGTTATCCCCATG
 TTCTCCGCTTTGAGTGAGGGGGCCACTCCTCAGGACCTCAATACAATGCTTAATACC
 GTGGGCGGCCATCAGGCCGCCATGCAAATGTTGAAGGAGACTATCAACGAGGAGGCA
 GCCGAGTGGGACAGAGTGCATCCCGTCCACGCTGGCCCAATCGCGCCCGGACAGATG
 CGGGAGCCTCGCGCTCTGACATTGCCGGCACCACTCTACACTGCAAGAGCAAATC
 GGATGGATGACCAACAATCCTCCCATCCCAGTTGGAGAAATCTATAAACGGTGGATC

15

ATCCTGGGCCTGAACAAGATCGTGCGCATGTACTCTCCGACATCCATCCTTGACATT
AGACAGGGACCCAAAGAGCCTTTTAGGGATTACGTCGACCGGTTTTATAAGACCCCTG
CGAGCAGAGCAGGCCTCTCAGGAGGTCAAAAAGTGGATGACGGAGACACTCCTGGTA
CAGAACGCTAACCCCGACTGCAAAACAATCTTGAAGGCACTAGGCCCGGCTGCCACC
5 CTGGAAGAGATGATGACCGCCTGTCAGGGAGTAGGCGGACCCGGACACAAAGCCAGA
GTGTTGATGGGCCCCATCAGTCCCATCGAGACCGTGCCGGTGAAGCTGAAACCCGGG
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AACCATAACAACCCCCGTGTTTGCCATCAAGAAGAAGGACAGCACCAAGTGGCGC
10 AAGCTGGTGGATTTCCGGGAGCTGAATAAGCGGACCCAGGATTTCTGGGAGGTCCAG
CTGGGCATCCCCCATCCGGCCGGCCTGAAGAAGAAGAAGAGCGTGACCGTGCTGGAC
GTGGGCGACGCTTACTTCAGCGTCCCTCTGGACGAGGACTTTAGAAAGTACACCGCC
TTTACCATCCCATCTATCAACAACGAGACCCCTGGCATCAGATATCAGTACAACGTC
CTCCCCCAGGGCTGGAAGGGCTCTCCCGCCATTTTCCAGAGCTCCATGACCAAGATC
15 CTGGAGCCGTTTCGGAAGCAGAACCCCGATATCGTCATCTACCAGTACATGGACGAC
CTGTACGTGGGCTCTGACCTGGAATCGGGCAGCATCGCACGAAGATTGAGGAGCTG
AGGCAGCATCTGCTGAGATGGGGCCTGACCACTCCGGACAAGAAGCATCAGAAGGAG
CCGCCATTCCTgaagATGGGCTACGAGCTCCATCCCGACAAGTGGACCGTGACGCCT
ATCGTCCTCCCCGAGAAGGACAGCTGGACCGTGAACGACATCCAGAAGCTGGTGGGC
20 AAGCTCAACTGGGCTAGCCAGATCTATCCCGGGATCAAGGTGCGCCAGCTCTGCAAG
CTGCTGCGCGGCACCAAGGCCCTGACCGAGGTGATTCCCCTCACGGAGGAAGCCGAG
CTCGAGCTGGCTGAGAACCGGGAGATCCTGAAGGAGCCCGTGACGGCGTGTACTAT
GACCCCTCCAAGGACCTGATCGCCGAAATCCAGAAGCAGGGCCAGGGGCAGTGGACA
TACCAGATTTACCAGGAGCCTTTCAAGAACCTCAAGACCGGCAAGTACGCCCCGATG
25 AGGGGCGCCACACCAACGATGTCAAGCAGCTGACCGAGGCCGTCCAGAAGATCACG
ACCGAGTCCATCGTGATCTGGGGGAAGACACCCAAGTTCAAGCTGCCTATCCAGAAG
GAGACCTGGGAGACGTGGTGGACCGAATATTGGCAGGCCACCTGGATTCCCGAGTGG
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ATCGTGGGCGCGGAGACATTCTACGTGGACGGCGCGGCCAACC CGCAAACAAAGCTC
30 GGGAAAGGCCGGGTACGTCACCAACCGGGGCGGCCAGAAGGTCGTCACCCTGACCGAC
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CTGGAGGTGAACATCGTGACGGACAGCCAGTACGCGCTGGGCATTATTAGGCCCAG
CCGGACCAAGTCCGAGAGCGAACTGGTGAACCAGATTATCGAGCAGCTGATCAAGAAA
GAGAAGGTCTACCTCGCCTGGGTCCCGGCCCATAAAGGCGATTGGCGGCAACGAGCAG
35 GTCGACAAGCTGGTGAAGTGCGGGGATTAGAAAGGTGCTGATGGTGGGTTTTCCAGTC
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ACACCAGGGCCAGGGGTCAGATATCCACTGACCTTTGGATGGTGCTACAAGCTAGTA
40 CCAGTTGAGCCAGATAAGGTAGAAGAGGCCAATAAAGGAGAGAACACCAGCTTGTTA
CACCTGTGAGCCTGCATGGGATGGATGACCCGGAGAGAGAAGTGTTAGAGTGGAGG
TTTGACAGCCGCCTAGCATTTTCATCACGTGGCCCGAGAGCTGCATCCGGAGTACTTC
AAGAACTGCTGA [SEQ ID NO: 73]

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LDKIEEEQNK SKKKAQQAAA DTGHSNQVSQ NYPIVQNIQG QMVHQAISPR
5 TLNAWVKVVE EKAFSPEVIP MFSALSEGAT PQDLNTMLNT VGGHQAAMQM
LKETINEEAA EWDRVHPVHA GPIAPGQMRE PRGSDIAGTT STLQEQIGWM
TNNPPIPVGE IYKRWIILGL NKIVRMYSPT SILDIRQGPK EPFRDYVDRF
YKTLRAEQAS QEVKNWMTET LLVQANANPDC KTILKALGPA ATLEEMMTAC
QGVGGPGHKA RVLMPISPI ETVSVKLGPG MDGPKVKQWP LTEEKIKALV
10 EICTEMEKEG KISKIGPENP YNTPVFAIKK KDSTKWRKLV DFRELNKRTQ
DFWEVQLGIP HPAGLKKKKS VTVLDVGDAY FSVPLDEDFR KYTAFTIPSI
NNETPGIRYQ YNVLPQGWK G SPAIFQSSMT KILEPFRKQN PDIVIQYMD
DLYVGSLEI GQHRTKIEEL RQHLLRWGLT TPDKKHQKEP PFLWMGYELH
PDKWTVQPIV LPEKDSWTVN DIQKLVGKLN WASQIYPGIK VRQLCKLLRG
15 TKALTEVIPL TEEAELELAE NREILKEPVH GVYYDPSKDL IAEIQKQGQG
QWTYQIQEP FKNLKTGKYA RMRGAHTNDV KQLTEAVQKI TTESIWIWVK
TPKFKLPIQK ETWETWWTEY WQATWIPEWE FVNTPLVLKL WYQLEKEPIV
GAETFYVDGA ANRETKLGKA GYVTNRGRQK VVTLTDTTNQ KTELQAIYLA
LQDSGLEVNI VTDSQYALGI IQAQPQSES ELVNQIIEQL IKKEKVYLAW
20 VPAHKGIGGN EQVDKLVSAG IRKVLVGVFP VTPQVPLRPM TYKAAVDLSH
FLKEKGGLEG LIHSQRRQDI LDLWIYHTQG YFPDWQNYTP GPGVRYPLTF
GWCYKLVPE PDKVEEANKG ENTSLHPVS LHGMDDPERE VLEWRFDSRL
AFHHVARELH PEYFKNC*
[SEQ ID NO: 74]

25

30

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Figure 15**Sequence of Tnrg:**

ATGGTGGGTTTTCCAGTCACACCTCAGGTACCTTTAAGACCAATGACTTACAAGGCA
5 GCTGTAGATCTTAGCCACTTTTTTAAAAGAAAAGGGGGGACTGGAAGGGGCTAATTCAC
TCCCAAAGAAGACAAGATATCCTTGATCTGTGGATCTACCACACACAAGGCTACTTC
CCTGATTGGCAGAACTACACACCAGGGCCAGGGGTGAGATATCCACTGACCTTTGGA
TGGTGCTACAAGCTAGTACCAGTTGAGCCAGATAAGGTAGAAGAGGCCAATAAAGGA
GAGAACACCAGCTTGTTACACCCTGTGAGCCTGCATGGGATGGATGACCCGGAGAGA
10 GAAGTGTTAGAGTGGAGGTTTGACAGCCGCCTAGCATTTTCATCACGTGGCCCGAGAG
CTGCATCCGGAGTACTTCAAGAACTGCATGGGCCCCATCAGTCCCATCGAGACCGTG
CCGGTGAAGCTGAAACCCGGGATGGACGGCCCCAAGGTCAAGCAGTGGCCACTCACC
GAGGAGAAGATCAAGGCCCTGGTGGAGATCTGCACCGAGATGGAGAAAGAGGGCAAG
ATCAGCAAGATCGGGCCTGAGAACCCATACAACACCCCCGTGTTTGCCATCAAGAAG
15 AAGGACAGCACCAAGTGGCGCAAGCTGGTGGATTTCCGGGAGCTGAATAAGCGGACC
CAGGATTTCTGGGAGGTCCAGCTGGGCATCCCCATCCGGCCGGCCTGAAGAAGAAG
AAGAGCGTGACCGTGCTGGACGTGGGCGACGCTTACTTCAGCGTCCCTCTGGACGAG
GACTTTAGAAAGTACACCGCCTTTACCATCCCATCTATCAACAACGAGACCCCTGGC
ATCAGATATCAGTACAACGTCCTCCCCAGGGCTGGAAGGGCTCTCCCGCCATTTTC
20 CAGAGCTCCATGACCAAGATCCTGGAGCCGTTTCGGAAGCAGAACCCCGATATCGTC
ATCTACCAGTACATGGACGACCTGTACGTGGGCTCTGACCTGGAAATCGGGCAGCAT
CGCACGAAGATTGAGGAGCTGAGGCAGCATCTGCTGAGATGGGGCCTGACCACTCCG
GACAAGAAGCATCAGAAGGAGCCGCCATTCCTGaaGATGGGCTACGAGCTCCATCCC
GACAAGTGGACCGTGACGCCTATCGTCCTCCCCGAGAAGGACAGCTGGACCGTGAAC
25 GACATCCAGAAGCTGGTGGGCAAGCTCAACTGGGCTAGCCAGATCTATCCCGGGATC
AAGGTGCGCCAGCTCTGCAAGCTGCTGCGCGGCACCAAGGCCCTGACCGAGGTGATT
CCCCTCACGGAGGAAGCCGAGCTCGAGCTGGCTGAGAACCGGGAGATCCTGAAGGAG
CCCGTGACGGCGTGTACTATGACCCCTCCAAGGACCTGATCGCCGAAATCCAGAAG
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30 ACCGGCAAGTACGCCCGCATGAGGGGCGCCACACCAACGATGTCAAGCAGCTGACC
GAGGCCGTCCAGAAGATCACGACCGAGTCCATCGTGATCTGGGGGAAGACACCCAAG
TTCAAGCTGCCTATCCAGAAGGAGACCTGGGAGACGTGGTGGACCGAATATTGGCAG
GCCACCTGGATTCCCGAGTGGGAGTTTCGTGAATACACCTCCTCTGGTGAAGCTGTGG
TACCAGCTCGAGAAGGAGCCCATCGTGGGCGCGGAGACATTCTACGTGGACGGCGCG
35 GCCAACCGCGAAACAAAGCTCGGGAAAGGCCGGGTACGTCACCAACCGGGGCCGCCAG
AAGGTCGTCACCCTGACCGACACCACCAACCAGAAGACGGAGCTGCAGGCCATCTAT
CTCGCTCTCAGGACTCCGGCCTGGAGGTGAACATCGTGACGGACAGCCAGTACGCG
CTGGGCATTATTACAGGCCAGCCGGACCAGTCCGAGAGCGAACTGGTGAACCAGATT
ATCGAGCAGCTGATCAAGAAAGAGAAGGTCTACCTCGCCTGGGTCCCGGCCCATAG
40 GGCATTGGCGGCAACGAGCAGGTGACAAAGCTGGTGAAGTGCAGGGGATTAGAAAGGTG
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ATTAGGCTGCGCCCGGGAGGCAAAAAGAAATACAAGCTCAAGCATATCGTGTGGGCC
TCGAGGGAGCTTGAACGGTTTGCCGTGAACCCAGGCCTGCTGAAACATCTGAGGGA
TGTCGCCAGATCCTGGGGCAATTGCAGCCATCCCTCCAGACCGGGAGTGAAGAGCTG
45 AGGTCCTTGTATAACACAGTGGCTACCCTCTACTGCGTACACCAGAGGATCGAGATT

AAGGATACCAAGGAGGCCTTGGACAAAATTGAGGAGGAGCAAAACAAGAGCAAGAAG
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5 ATGTTCTCCGCTTTTGAGTGAGGGGGCCACTCCTCAGGACCTCAATACAATGCTTAAT
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15 AGAGTGTGTGA [SEQ ID NO: 75]

MVGFPVTPQV PLRPMTYKAA VDLSHFLKEK GGLEGLIHSQ RRQDILDLWI
YHTQGYFPDW QNYTPGPGVR YPLTFGWCYK LVPVEPKVE EANKGENTSL
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TVSVKLKPGM DGPKVKQWPL TEEKIKALVE ICTEMEKEGK ISKIGPENPY
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TVLDVGDAYF SVPLDEDFRK YTAFTIPSIN NETPGIRYQY NVLPQGWKGS
PAIFQSSMTK ILEPFRKQNP DIVIYQYMDL LYVGSdleig QHRTKIEELR
25 QHLLRWGLTT PDKKHQKEPP FLWMGYELHP DKWTVQPIVL PEKDSWTVND
IQKLVGKLNW ASQIYPGIKV RQLCKLLRGT KALTEVIPLT EEAELELAEN
REILKEPVHG VYYDPSKDLI AEIQKQGQGO WTYQIYQEPF KNLKTGKYAR
MRGAHTNDVK QLTEAVQKIT TESIVIWGKT PKFKLPIQKE TWETWWTEYW
QATWIPEWEF VNTPLVLKLW YQLEKEPIVG AETFYVDGAA NRETKLGKAG
30 YVTNRGRQKV VTLTDTTNQK TELQAIYLAL QDSGLEVNIV TDSQYALGII
QAQPDQSESE LVNQIIEQLI KKEKVYLAWV PAHKGIGGNE QVDKLVSAGI
RKVLMGARAS VLSGGELDRW EKIRLRPGGK KKYKLKHIVW ASRELERFAV
NPGLLETSEG CRQILGQLQP SLQGTGSEELR SLYNTVATLY CVHQRIEIKD
TKEALDKIEE EQNKSKKKAQ QAAADTGHSN QVSQNYPIVQ NIQGMVHQA
35 ISPRTLNAWV KVVEEKAFSP EVIPMFSALE EGATPQDLNT MLNTVGGHQA
AMQMLKETIN EEAAEWDRVH PVHAGPIAPG QMREPRGSDI AGTTSTLQEQ
IGWMTNNPPI PVGEIYKRWI ILGLNKIVRM YSPTSILDIR QGPKEPFRDY
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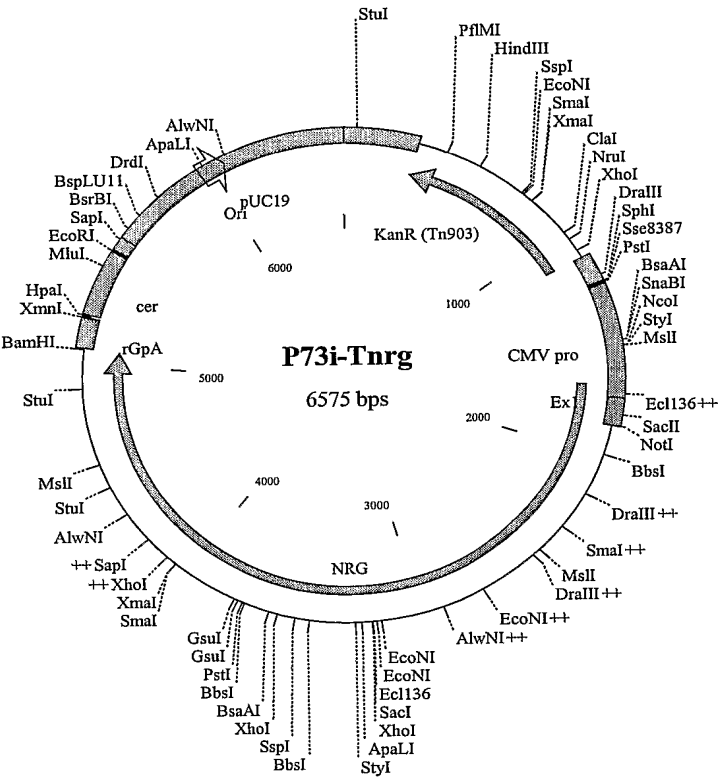
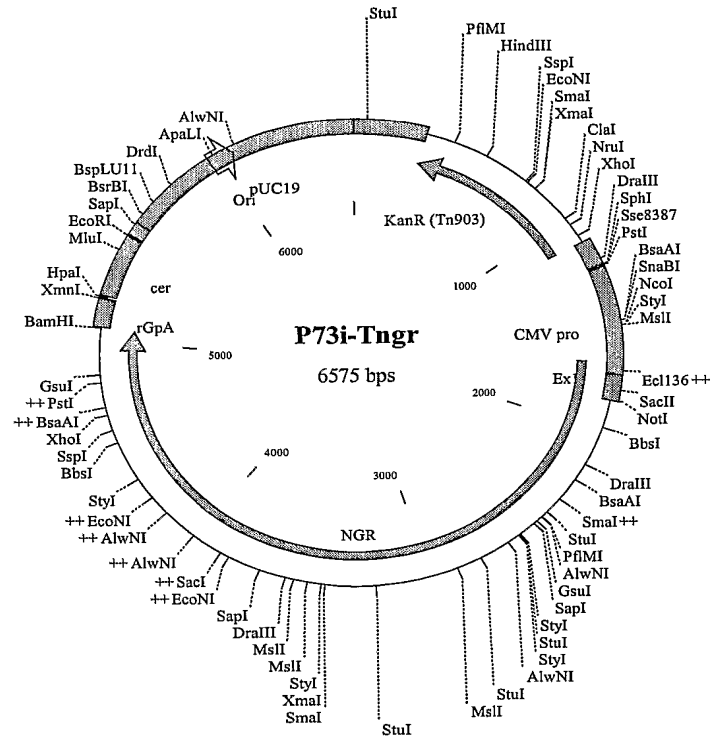


Figure 16**Sequence of the Tngr insert in p7313ie:**

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5 AGATCTTAGCCACTTTTTTAAAAGAAAAGGGGGGACTGGAAGGGCTAATTCCTCCCAAAGAA
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TACACACCAGGGCCAGGGGTGAGATATCCACTGACCTTTGGATGGTGCTACAAGCTAGTACC
AGTTGAGCCAGATAAGGTAGAAGAGGCCAATAAAGGAGAGAACACCAGCTTGTACACCCTG
TGAGCCTGCATGGGATGGATGACCCGGAGAGAGAAAGTGTAGAGTGGAGGTTTGACAGCCGC
10 CTAGCATTTTCATCACGTGGCCCCGAGAGCTGCATCCGGAGTACTTCAAGAACTGCATGGGTGC
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GAGGCAAAAAGAAATACAAGCTCAAGCATATCGTGTGGGCCTCGAGGGAGCTTGAACGGTTT
GCCGTGAACCCAGGCCTGCTGGAAACATCTGAGGGATGTCGCCAGATCCTGGGGCAATTGCA
GCCATCCCTCCAGACCGGGAGTGAAGAGCTGAGGTCTTGTATAACACAGTGGCTACCCTCT
15 ACTGCGTACACCAGAGGATCGAGATTAAGGATACCAAGGAGGCCTTGGACAAAATTGAGGAG
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CCGAGTGGGACAGAGTGCATCCCGTCCACGCTGGCCCAATCGCGCCCGGACAGATGCGGGAG
CCTCGCGGCTCTGACATTGCCGGCACCACCTCTACACTGCAAGAGCAAATCGGATGGATGAC
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20 AA EWDRVHPV HAGPIAPGQM REPRGSDIAG TTSTLQEQIG WMTNNPPIPV
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5

10

15

Figure 17**Sequence of insert Trgn #6**

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25	KDSWTVNDIQ	KLVGKLNWAS	QIYPGIKVRQ	LCKLLRGTKA	LTEVIPLTEE
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	ETWWTEYWQA	TWIPEWEFVN	TPPLVKLWYQ	LEKEPIVGAE	TFYVDGAANR
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	QGQM VHQ AIS	PRTLNAWVKV	VEEKAFSPEV	IPMFSALSEG	ATPQDLN TML
35	NTVG GHQAAM	QMLKETINEE	AAEWDRVHPV	HAGPIAPGQM	REPRGSDIAG
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	PKEPFRDYVD	RFYKTLRAEQ	ASQEVKNWMT	ETLLVQNaNP	DCKTILKALG
	PAATLEEMMT	ACQGVGGPGH	KARVLMVGFP	VTPQVPLRPM	TYKAAVDLSH
	FLKEKG GLEG	LIHSQRRQDI	LDLWIYHTQG	YFPDWQNYTP	PGPVRYPLTF

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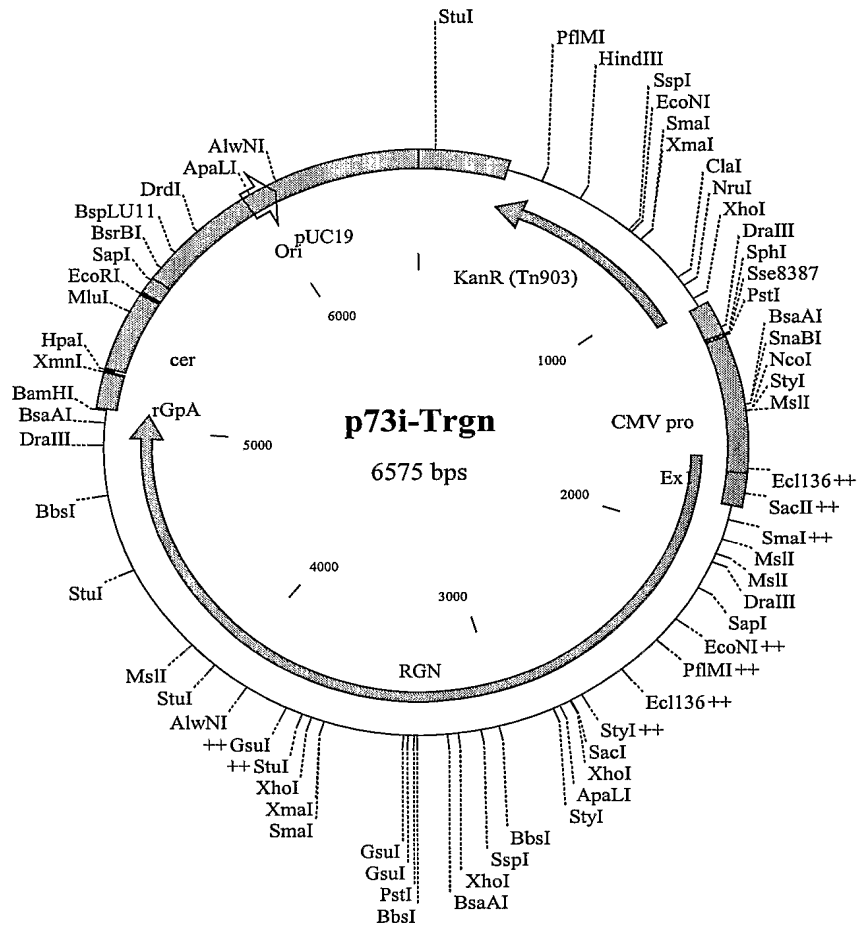


Figure 18

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DKLVSAGIRK VLMVGFPVTP QVPLRPMTYK AAVDL SHFLK EKGGLEGLIH
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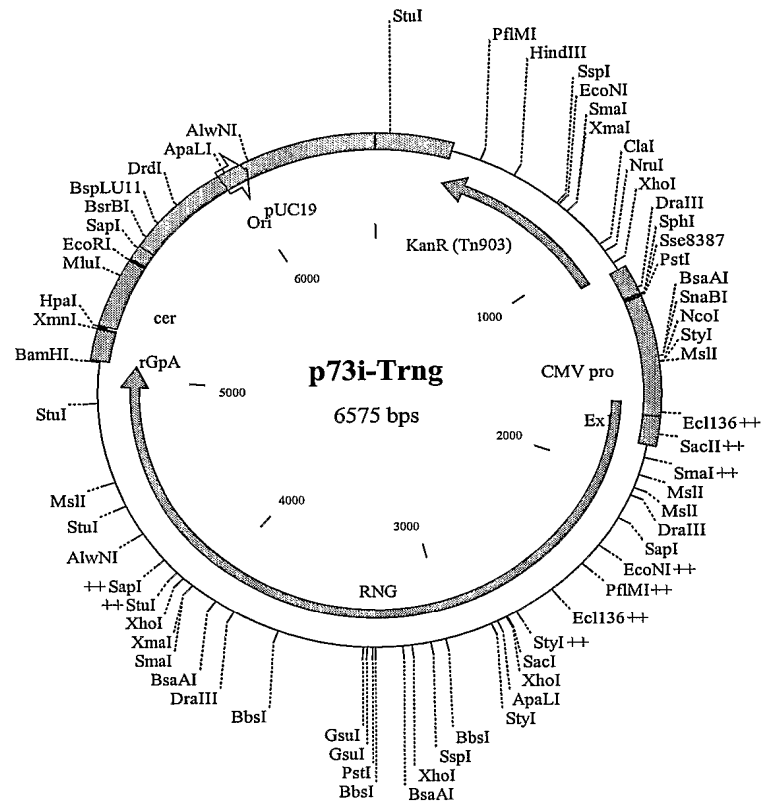


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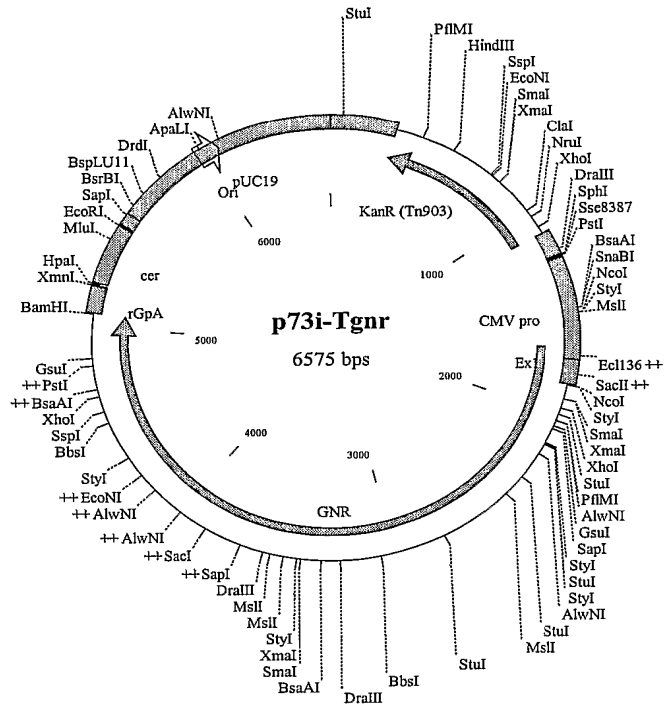
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10 CGCCAGAAGGTCGTCAACCCTGACCGACACCACCAACCAGAAGACGGAGCTGCAGGCC
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TACGCGCTGGGCATTATTTCAGGCCCAGCCGGACCAGTCCGAGAGCGAACTGGTGAAC
CAGATTATCGAGCAGCTGATCAAGAAAGAGAAGGTCTACCTCGCCTGGGTCCCGGCC
CATAAGGGCATTGGCGGCAACGAGCAGGTGACACAAGCTGGTGAGTGCGGGGATTAGA
15 AAGGTGCTGTAA [SEQ ID NO: 83]

MGARASVLSG GELDRWEKIR LRPGGKKKYK LKHIVWASRE LERFAVNPGL
LETSEGCRQI LGQLQPSLQT GSEELRSLYN TVATLYCVHQ RIEIKDTKEA
LDKIEEEQNK SKKKAQQAAA DTGHSNQVSQ NYPIVQNIQG QMVHQAISPR
20 TLNAWVKVVE EKAFSPEVIP MFSALSEGAT PQDLNMTMLNT VGGHQAAMQM
LKETINEEAA EWDRVHPVHA GPIAPGQMRE PRGSDIAGTT STLQEQIGWM
TNNPPIPVGE IYKRWIILGL NKIVRMYSPT SILDIRQGPK EPFRDYVDRF
YKTLRAEQAS QEVKNWMTET LLVQNANPDC KTILKALGPA ATLEEMMTAC
QGVGGPGHKA RVL MVGF PVT PQVPLRPMTY KAAVDLSHFL KEKGGLEGLI
25 HSQRRQDILD LWIYHTQGYF PDWQNYTPGP GVMRYPLTFGW CYKLVPVEPD
KVEEANKGEN TSL LHPVSLH GMDDPEREVL EWRFDSRLAF HHVARELHPE
YFKNCMPIS PIETVSVKLK PGMDGPKVKQ WPLTEEKIKA LVEICTEMEK
EGKISKIGPE NPYNTPVFAI KKKDSTKWRK LVDFRELNKR TQDFWEVQLG
I PHPAGLKKK KSVTVLDVGD AYFSVPLDED FRKYTAFTIP SINNETPGIR
30 YQYNVLPQGW KGSPAIFQSS MTKILEPFRK QNPDIVIYQY MDDL YVGSDL
EIGQHRTKIE ELRQHLLRWG LTPDKKHQK EPPFLWMGYE LHPDKWTVQP
IVLPEKDSWT VNDIQKLVGK LN WASQIYPG IKVRQLCKLL RGTKALTEVI
PLTEEALELE AENREILKEP VHGVYYDPSK DLIAEIQKQG QGQWYQIYQ
EPFKNLKTGK YARMRGAHTN DVKQLTEAVQ KITTESIVIW GKTPKFKLPI
35 QKETWETWWT EYWQATWIPE WEFVNTPLV KLWYQLEKEP IVGAETFYVD
GAANRETKLG KAGYVTNRGR QKVVTLTDTT NQKTELQAIY LALQDSGLEV
NIVTDSQYAL GIIQAQPDQS ESELVNQIIE QLIKKEKVYL AWVPAHKGIG
GNEQVDKLVS AGIRKVL*
[SEQ ID NO: 84]

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5

10

Figure 20.
Responses to Gag peptide measured using IFN-gamma ELIsport at 5 days post-boost

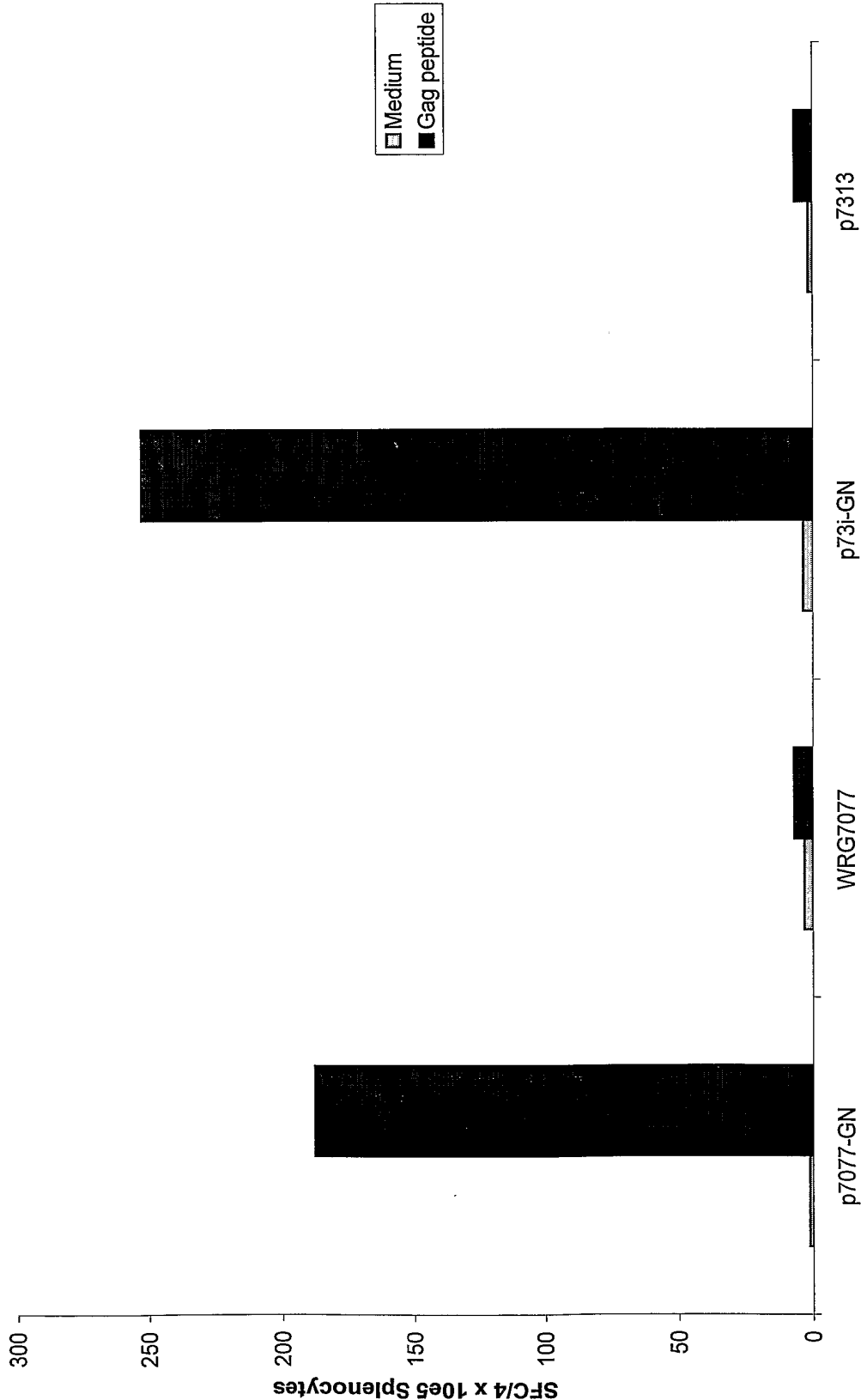
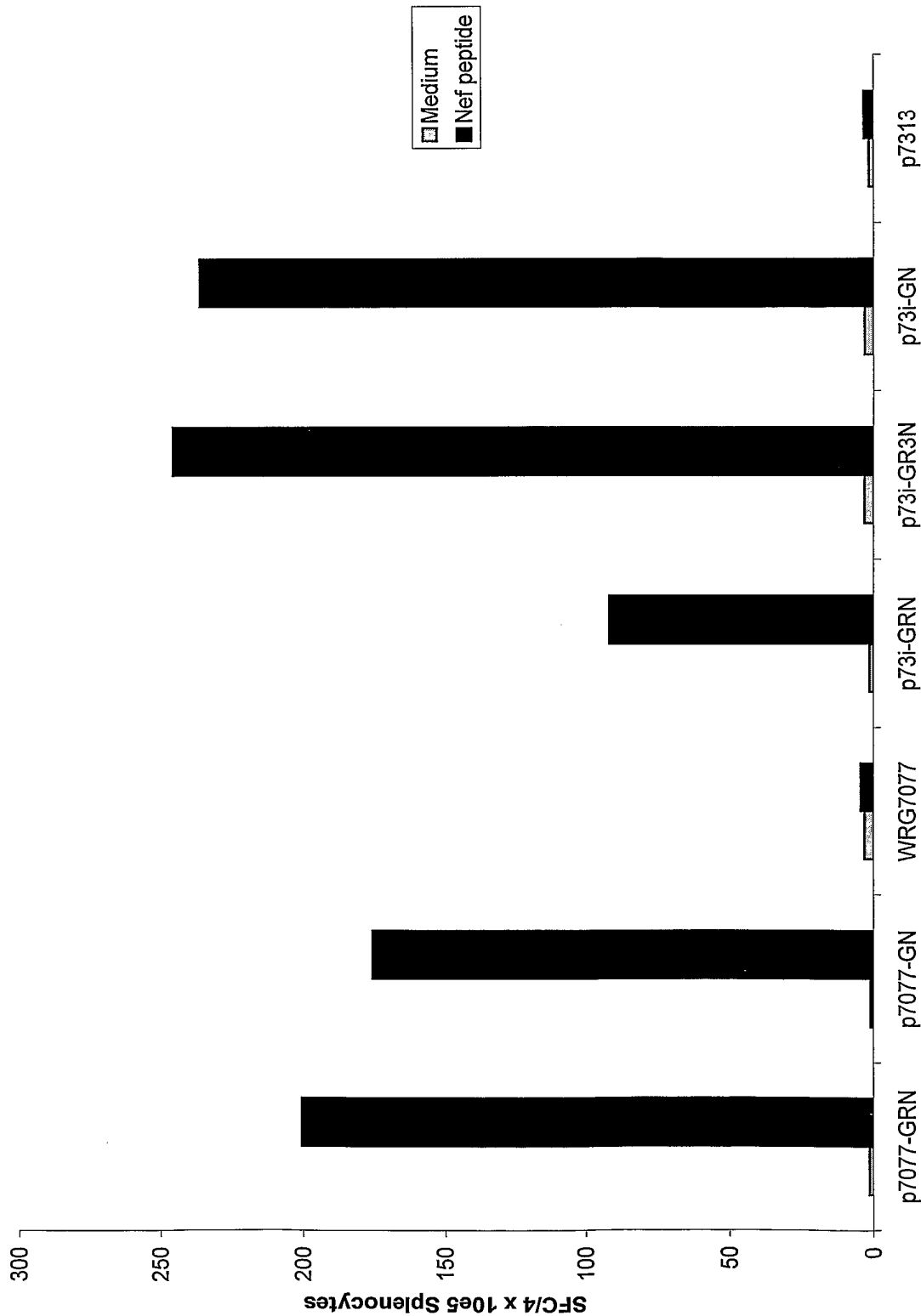


Figure 21.
Responses to Nef peptide using IFN-gamma ELIsport at 5 days post-boost



PG4653

Figure 22.
Responses to Rt peptide by IFN-gamma ELIspt at 5 days post-boost

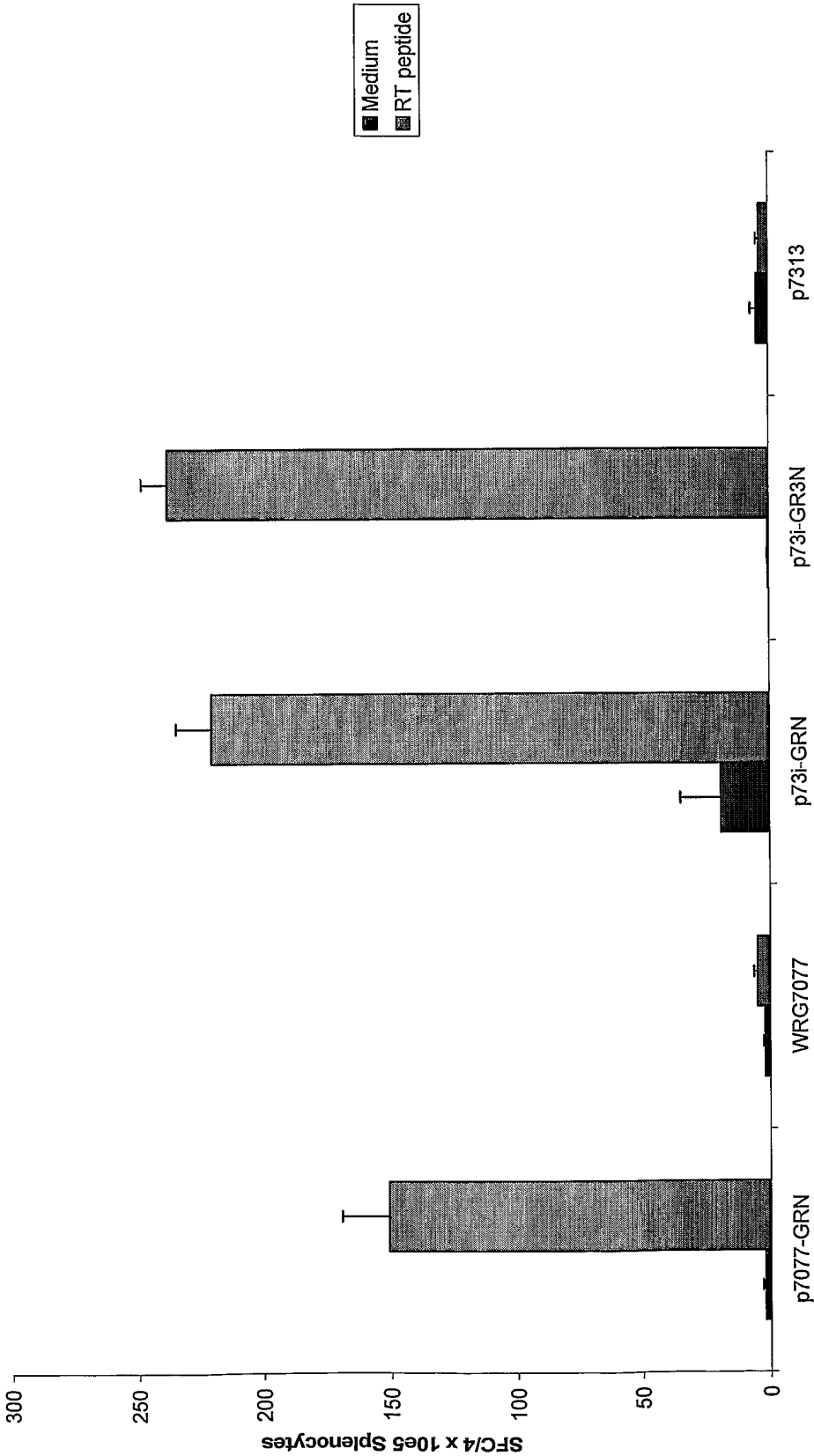
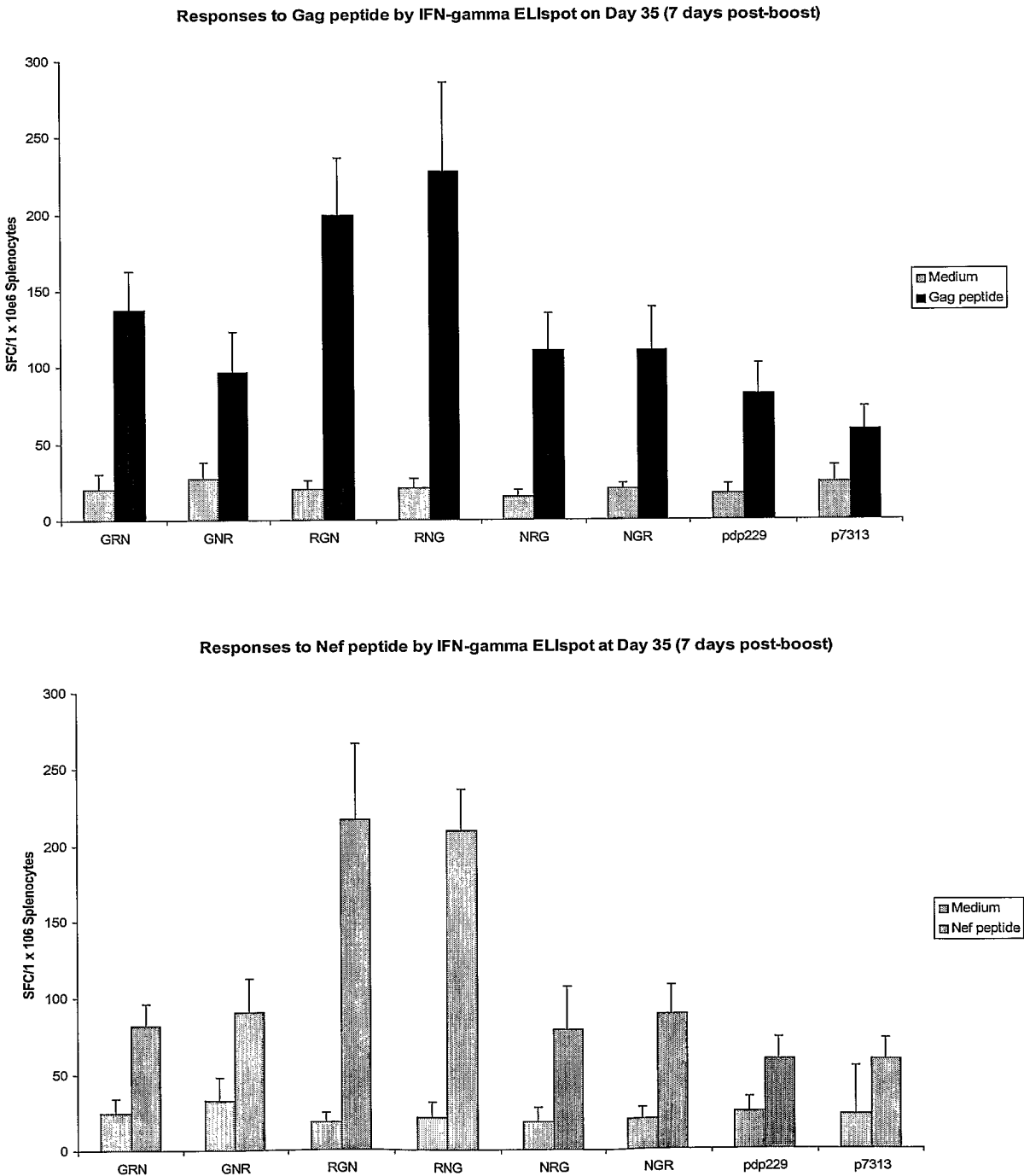
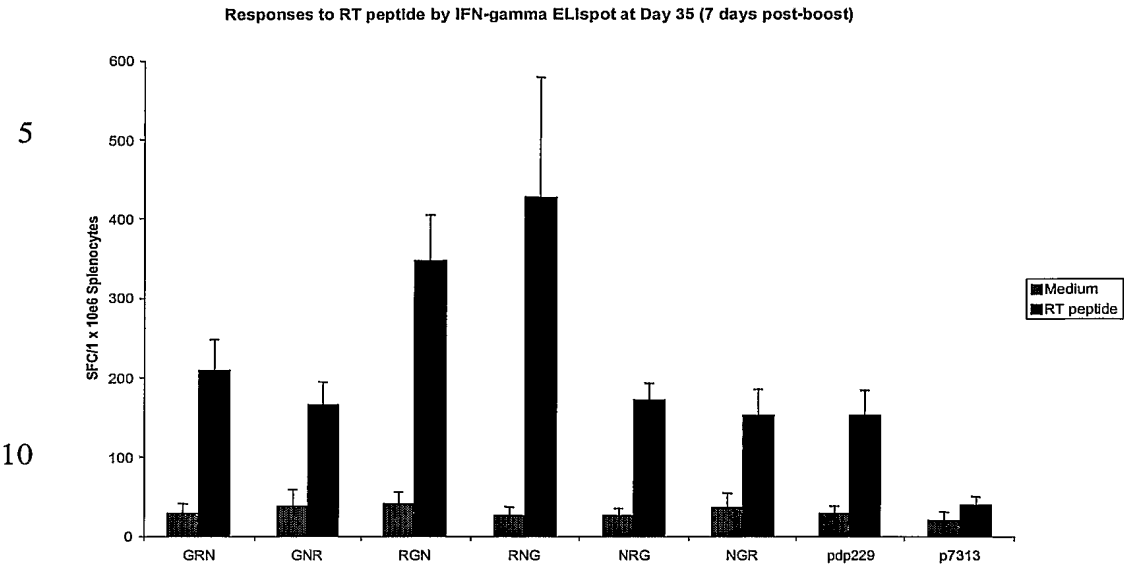


Figure 23

5 *Example of the CD8 immune response that is detected in the mouse model following immunisation with the reformatted constructs. The constructs are comprised Gag, RT and Nef as a triple fusion. G is Gag, R is RT and N is Nef.*





50/50

Figure 24

